NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS ★

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NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

Single copies 20 cents

Shanghai delivery .....per annum $48
China, Korea and Japan .. " $6
Hongkong and Macao .. " $6
Postal Union Countries . " $12

NORTH-CHINA HERALD

EVERY WEDNESDAY
Weekly Edition of the "North-China Daily News"

Single copies $1

S'hai, China and Japan..per annum $48
Hongkong and Macao .. " $2
Postal Union Countries .. " $2

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD LTD.
(Incorporated in Hongkong)
Reg. Office: North-China Building, S'hai.
Telegrams: Herald Shanghai
P.O. Box 707 Telephone 11055

Letters should be addressed to the Secretary, North-China Daily News & Herald, Ltd., to whom all remittances should be made payable.

Messrs. Crane-Debenham Ltd., 69 Fleet Street, London, are advertising representatives for the "North-China Daily News" and "North-China Herald," and have these newspapers on file.

Announcements of Births, etc., in this column $3 per insertion including insertions in the "North-China Herald."

BIRTH

CARSON.—On April 11, 1940, at Country Hospital, Shanghai to Mr. and Mrs. L. D. CARSON, a daughter, JUDITH ELIZABETH.

DEATH

NELIN.—On March 24, 1940, in Shanghai, OLOF NELIN, aged 22 years, ex the Norwegian ms. Skramstad. Removed to the parlours of the International Funeral Directors, 207 Kiaochow Road. Funeral services at 10 a.m. today, Friday, April 12, 1940, at the Hungjao Road Cemetery. 11970

IN MEMORIAM

RAPANAKIS.—In ever-loving and affectionate memory of JANE PHYLLIS. A truly-beloved and loyal wife and devoted mother, who passed away on April 12, 1939. Sadly missed and always remembered. -6154

The Committee of the Associated Foreign Charities of Shanghai of Church House, Kiangse Road, is always willing to receive *In Memoriam* donations and make allocations to the Charities in most need. 11714

THE SHANGHAI LAND INVESTMENT CO., LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies Ordinances, Hongkong)

Application has been made to the Directors of this Company to issue to SONG VUNG EWE of SHANGHAI duplicate certificates for FIVE HUNDRED shares of Tls. 5 each in the Company upon the statement that the original certificates Nos. 8729 (Share Nos. 371431 to 371930) 8730 (Share Nos. 371931 to 372030, 264211 to 264510, 391271 to 391370) 8731 (Share Nos. 308711 to 309210) 8732 (Share Nos. 277211 to 277710) dated 14th day of January 1939, has been lost or destroyed.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that if within 30 DAYS from the date hereof no claim or representation in respect of such original certificates is made to the Directors they will then proceed to deal with such application for duplicates.

By Order of the Directors,
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD.,
Agents:

Shanghai, March 18, 1940. 11449

THE CULTY DAIRY CO., LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Twenty-ninth Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Culty Dairy Co., Ltd., will be held at the offices of the Secretaries, Messrs. Lowe, Bingham & Matthews, No. 2 Peking Road, Shanghai on Friday, April 12, 1940, at 3 p.m.

BUSINESS

1. To receive and approve the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts for the twelve months ended December 31, 1939.
2. To declare a Dividend.
3. To elect Directors.
4. To elect Auditors.
5. To transact any ordinary business of the Company.

AND NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Share Transfer Book and Register of Members will be closed from April 8 to April 12, 1940, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
LOWE, BINGHAM & MATTHEWS,
Secretaries.

Shanghai, March 30, 1940. 11787

NOTICE

Dr. P. S. KAWAGUCHI, D. C., Ph. C.
CHIROPRACTOR,

will return and resume his practice in the middle of April. For information and appointment Tel. 30713 between 12 noon-2 p.m. and 6 p.m.-8 p.m. 11788

STAMP AUCTION

Shanghai Philatelic Society

A special Spring Auction of 200 selected and valuable lots will take place in the Society's Clubroom, Arnhold Building 320 Szechuen Road on Saturday, April 13, commencing at 2.30 p.m. The lots will be on view from 1 p.m.

All members and their philatelic friends are cordially invited. 11061

To-day's Events

APRIL

12 For. Y. Evening of music—Arranged by Prof. S.S. Aksakov.
12 Shanghai Engineers' Club, Smoking Concert, 8.45
12 A.D.C. 'Night Must Fall,' Lyc., 9.15
12 *Decision to organize volunteer corps. Shanghai (1853)*
12 *NCDN broadcast 12.45 and 9 p.m. XMHD 760kc. 395m.*

Coming Events

APRIL

13 A.D.C. 'Night Must Fall,' Lyc., 6.15
13 Shai. Ladies' Hockey Assn. Dinner Dance, Masonic Hall, 9
14 Municipal Orchestra Concert Lyc., 5.15
15 Engineering Society Meeting, 5.45
15 SACS 604 Grosvenor House, Laurell on Chinese Seals.
16 Lester Chinese Hospital mtg., 145 Shantung Rd., 5.30
16 Tuesday Evening Club, 7.30
16 L. Rosen's 30th Jubilee Gala, 'Fire Goddess,' Lt. Opera, Lyceum, 8.45
16 A.W.C. 'Sketching,' Mrs. Dunlap, 4.30
17 Ratepayers' Mtg, Race Club Stand, 2.30
17 M. Paci and his 3 Pupils (Pianists) 4 Piano-Concertos with Orchestra, Lyceum, 9.15
18 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
18 Missions to Seamen ann. gen. mtg. 5.30
18 Scouts Boxing, For. Y.M.C.A., 5.30
18 Asiatic and Indian Dances by Slavina-Brown and Indira-Devi, Lyc., 9.15
20 Cathedral Boy's Sch., Athletic Sports. Sports Gd., Keswick Road, 2.15
20 Concert Shanghai American School, 8.30
20 Amer. School Orchestra, AVLA 8.30, 1st Concert. Maestro: Prof. Porgé
23 A.W.C. Music Dept. Programme 4.30
25 Royal Asiatic Society—Cinema
25 Cradle Bridge/Mahjongg, S.I.B.C., 3
25 B.W.A. Tea and Concert 4
26 Soc. Chart. Accountants ann. dinner, Shanghai Club.
29 Song Recital, Lisa Robitchek, with F. Adler, H. Margolinski, A.W.C., 9
30 A.W.C. Bridge/Mahjongg, 3

MAY

3 Concert. Miss Lois Woo, pianist; Mr. M.C. Hsu, tenor; Lyceum, 9.15
4 Re-opening, Roof Garden, Mascot, Hongkew
4 Cathedral Boys School. Old English fair.
7 Hungarian Relief Assoc., Bridge/Mahjongg, For. Y., 2.30

Charge for items $2 per line, which includes all insertions till date of event.

THE DOMINION RUBBER COMPANY, LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Twenty-sixth Annual General Meeting of Members will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 20 Canton Road, Shanghai, on Friday, April 19, 1940, at 11.45 a.m., to receive the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts for the Financial Year ended December 31, 1939, to declare a Dividend, to elect a Director, to elect Auditors and to transact other ordinary business.

The Transfer Books and Share Register of the Company will be closed from April 15 to 19, 1940, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
A. R. BURKILL & SONS, LIMITED
Secretaries and General Managers.

Shanghai, April 5, 1940. 11863

THE BUTE PLANTATIONS (1913), LIMITED

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Twenty-seventh Annual General Meeting of Members will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 20 Canton Road, Shanghai, on Friday, April 19, 1940, at noon, to receive the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts for the Financial Year ended December 31, 1939, to declare a Dividend, to elect a Director, to elect Auditors and to transact other ordinary business.

The Transfer Books and Share Register of the Company will be closed from April 15 to 19, 1940, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
A. R. BURKILL & SONS, LIMITED
General Managers.

Shanghai, April 5, 1940. 11864

NOTICE

As of April 10, 1940, the price for all our sweet waters except Coca-Cola will be increased by 15 cents and soda water by 10 cents per dozen.

Watson's Mineral Water Co., Inc.

11947

THE SHANGHAI KEDAH PLANTATIONS, LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Directors have this day declared an Interim Dividend for the year ending September 30, 1940, at the rate of Forty five Cents Local Currency per share to be paid to Members on record on Friday, April 19, 1940.

The Transfer Books and Share Register of the Company will be closed from April 15 to April 19, 1940, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
A. R. BURKILL & SONS, LTD.
Secretaries.

Shanghai, April 4, 1940. 11832

SOME FLOWERS

seem to have a smile on their faces, Such as laughing stocks. When a husband and wife both have smiles on their faces it is very likely because he has protected her jewellery and furs by an All Risks Policy.

C. E. SPARKE
INSURANCE OFFICE
Agents:
PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
Established 1782 Assets £30,000,000
18 The Bund Telephone 11303

NORGE

for refrigeration

COLUMBIA RADIO

British and Best

ELECTRIC AND MUSICAL INDUSTRIES (CHINA) LTD.
878 BUBBLING WELL ROAD
Telephone 36865

11716

WHY WISH YOU HAD BOUGHT A PLYMOUTH?

When you are "shopping" for a car, be sure to see all of them and *compare* them.

Plymouth invites you to compare it with all comers in the low-priced field. You'll find the answer for Plymouth's popularity.

MARK L. MOODY
Federal Inc., U.S.A.
80 Avenue Edward VII
Telephone 13083
After We Sell—WE SERVE

LAW OFFICES

G. B. DE VILLEROSE
91 Broadway Mansions, Shanghai.

Beginning from to-day, our telephone numbers will be:

Office 46147
Residence 51973

-6162

NOTICE

SS. BERING

The Public are hereby notified that the Master of this vessel will not be responsible for any debts incurred by members of the Crew. 11959

AISHI

DENTAL OFFICE
DENTAL SURGEON
Dr. M. YAGATA
Artificial Porcelain Teeth
(Jacket Crown)
50 Kiukiang Road, Mitsui Bank Building, 1st Floor
Hours: 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.
Telephone 14273

11762

It's the one—the only one!

CHEVROLET

The leader of '39 brings you the favourite of '40.

On display

Saturday and Sunday.

AUTO PALACE

100 Route Cardinal Mercier
Telephone 70180

11756

Dr. ARTHUR SAMUEL, M.D.
Internal Diseases, and Women's Diseases,
announces his removal from
1074 Bubbling Well Road to
320 SZECHUEN ROAD
(Arnhold Building 2nd. floor)
Hours: 9-11 Telephone 17779

-5791

EWO CLUB WHISKY

Obtainable at all Compradore Stores

11768

BOLS LIQUEURS

The most famous Liqueurs in the world

Obtainable at all Compradore Stores or direct from

Sole Agents:

CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO., LTD.
(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)
44 Foochow Road Telephone 17589

THE YANGTSZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION, LTD.

(Incorporated in Hongkong)
transacts
MARINE, FIRE, MOTOR CAR, ACCIDENT INSURANCE

Telephone 12981 26 The Bund

NOTICE

With the greatest reluctance and regret, the undermentioned operators of hire cars are compelled to announce an increase in the price of their service as of April 13.

The new rate will be $2.70 for the first 20 minutes and $0.60 for each additional five minutes. This rate can only be maintained with the strictest economy on the part of the operators and subject to no further decline in exchange.

NOTE: No chauffeur's service charge, apart from a living allowance, is included in the above tariff; for the operators feel that it is in the interest of all concerned that it be left to the discretion of patrons to reward good service with their usual generosity.

FORD HIRE SERVICE, *Federal Inc., U.S.A.* — SILVER TAXI SERVICE
JOHNSON GARAGE, LTD. — TAYLOR GARAGE, LTD.

REALTY INVESTMENT COMPANY

Federal Inc., U.S.A.

All holders of Realty Investment Company Federal Inc. U.S.A. "Investment Certificates" and all unsecured creditors of the Company will be paid (8%) eight per cent of their claims by presenting their Certificates or duly authenticated accounts to the undersigned after date of April 15th, 1940 between 2—4 p.m. at 290 Szechuen Road, Shanghai, China.

REALTY INVESTMENT COMPANY
R. T. McDONNELL, Receiver
By his Attorney
W. A. ADAMS

11893

B.B.C. LONDON BROADCASTS

Special Broadcasts for the Far East are broadcast daily from London at the times and on the wave lengths and frequencies given below.

China Coast time	*Wave length*	*Frequency*	*Call sign*
3.15 p.m. to 6.00 p.m.	19.82	15.14 m/cs	GSF
6.40 p.m. to 9.45 p.m.	19.82	15.14 m/cs	GSF
10.00 p.m. to 12.30 a.m.	25.53	11.75 m/cs	GSD

Reading of the news during the above broadcasts takes place at:

5.00 p.m. on GSF—Full News Bulletin
7.30 p.m. on GSF—Full News Bulletin
9.15 p.m. on GSF—News Summary
(Hongkong on 31.9 m. or 9.52 m/cs)

12.00 M.N. on GSD—Full News Bulletin

Foreign language news broadcasts are transmitted at the following times and over 21.55 m/cs (13.92 m.) and 11.86 m/cs (25.29 m.)

China Coast time	*Language*
8.15 p.m.	French
8.30 p.m.	German
8.45 p.m.	Italian
9.00 p.m.	Portuguese
10.00 p.m.	Spanish

Although the above broadcasts are not directed to the Far East, it is possible to receive them locally when conditions are favourable.

AUSTRALIAN BROADCAST

Australian Broadcasting Commission special "World Broadcast" from VLR nightly 8.30 to 9.00 Shanghai time, 9.58 m/cs or 31.3 m. Music, a talk and news.

All news summaries broadcast at 7.30 a.m. and 4 and 6.45 p.m. are cancelled as from today. Full news bulletins are broadcast at 8.30 a.m., 5 and 7.30 p.m. and midnight. A single news summary is broadcast only at 9.15 local time, which is relayed from Hongkong.

For MILK

Richest in CREAM
Grade "A" (T.T.)
apply to
Lucerne Dairy Farms
381 Great Western Road, Tel. 20470

11716

NASH

"The car with all the latest improvements"

MAJESTIC MOTORS
Sales, Service and Parts
1460 Bubbling Well Road
Telephone 39893

11629

FORD V-8

Years ago, the Ford Motor Company studied the V-8 engines of America's most expensive cars, developed a simpler design, applied modern manufacturing methods, and made eight-cylinder performance available for the first time at low cost. Improved each year since, the Ford V-8 engine is the finest power plant near its price.

SMOOTH..FLEXIBLE..POWERFUL
DEPENDABLE..ECONOMICAL

BILLS MOTORS
Fed. Inc. U.S.A.
615 Ave. Foch. Tel. 74400 (6 lines)

TO LET in October, 14,000 square feet first-class shop, and 21,000 square feet office space, on south side of Nanking Road, between Bund and Szechuen Road. Most suitable for shipping company and bank. Subdivision of space can be arranged. Apply: Asia Realty Company, 110 Szechuen Road; Telephone 18770. 11973

FOR SALE, Norge de luxe refrigerator, 6½ cu. ft. capacity, green porcelain finish, in perfect condition, three years guarantee to run. Price US$140. Telephone 33330, between 8 a.m. and 2 p.m. 11969

HUNGJAO Road, vacant lot of 19 mow for sale. Quiet location and price reasonable. For particulars address Box 3258, NCDN. -6131

WANTED to rent offices by responsible party, 4,000 square feet. Central district. Reply Box 3207, NCDN 11935

HUNGJAO district, several lots of vacant land on Hungjao, Macleod, Fraser and Lincoln Roads, for sale. Area varies from 1½ mow to 40 mow. For particulars address Box 3027, NCDN. -5713

THE E-W brand of bullet-proof vest, is the symbol that made the bullet-proof vest famous. Telephone 42621. -5409

Classified Advertisements continued On Page 14

HOME LEAVE MOTORISTS!

There is no car better suited to your needs than the "Bigger and Better"

1940 Oldsmobile

We offer advantageous terms for a home delivered car. Full details of this service will be promptly supplied upon request.

TRIANGLE MOTORS
Federal Inc., U.S.A.
99 RTE. CARDINAL MERCIER
Telephone 70159

11735

CROSLEY

1940 PORTABLE RADIO
get
NEWS

anywhere you care to take it. Self-contained power, built-in antenna.

On display at
GALLOP & CO.
Federal Inc. U.S.A.
320 Szechuen Road. Tel. 11414.

11958

STEEL DRUMS

for Gasoline or Oil
50/55 gals.
ex. stock or to order.
Carl A. BAUMAN, B. Sc.
133, Yuen Ming Yuen Road
Telephone 12770

11757

For Protection Against Skids

Fit Michelin

STOP TYRES
SOLE AGENTS
Auto Tyre & Rubber Equipment
9 Ave. Edward VII, Telephone 84257

11965

MARINE ENGINEERS GUILD OF CHINA

The Annual General Meeting of the Guild will be held in the office, 24 The Bund, Shanghai, TO-DAY, at 5 p. m. 11967

ECONOMICAL LIGHTING

Demonstrated and Displayed by
HOLLIS H. ARNOLD INC.
I.E.S. "BETTER SIGHT" LAMP MFRS.
51 Canton Road, Telephone 17805

11717

FETTE RUGS

Consignment of Fetté rugs just arrived. Quality of the best.

Agent:
JEAN LINDSAY,
60 Nanking Road

11919

EWO GIN

Distilled in England
Obtainable at all Compradore Stores

11719

COMFORT is the "Buy-Word" for Men this Spring

Many men come into our store and ask for a pair of shoes that are comfortable. They tell us style does not matter. And we tell them that OUR FAMOUS "CITY" SHOES are extraordinarily comfortable .... yet style is not sacrificed—*it is complementary to every pair!* Come in and let us give you an expert fitting.

"CITY" SHOES FOR MEN

(Made in Northampton, England)
Price $49.50 pair

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

NOTIFICATION No. 5230.

CHOLERA INOCULATION.

Commencing on Monday, April 15, free inoculation against Cholera for foreigners and Chinese who cannot afford their own doctors, will be available at the following Branch Health Offices:—

Sub-district	*Address of Branch Health Office*	*Telephone*	*Time*
1 Central	340 Hankow Road	90273	9 to 12 noon and 2 to 5 p.m.
2 Central	667 Foochow Road	91574	9 to 12 noon
1 Western	380 Avenue Road	30447	2 to 5 p.m.
2 Western	160 Markham Road	30449	9 to 12 noon
3 Western	435 Robison Road	31076	9 to 12 noon
4 Western	1360 Yu Yuen Road	20346	2 to 5 p.m.
3 Northern	270 N. Fokien Road (Cr. of Tsepoo Road)	40277	2 to 5 p.m.
3 Eastern	133 Chusan Road	51309	2 to 5 p.m.

(Saturday afternoons, Sundays and Public Holidays excepted)

Certificates proving Cholera Inoculation for local use may be obtained at any of the above Branch Health Offices.

Certificates proving inoculation for travellers leaving Shanghai can be obtained from 1 Central Branch Health Office, 340 Hankow Road, ONLY.

Employers of labour may make arrangements for the inoculation of their workers by the Mobile Unit on written request to the nearest Branch Health Office. SUCH ARRANGEMENTS CAN ONLY APPLY TO THOSE FIRMS WISHING A HUNDRED OR MORE EMPLOYEES TO BE INOCULATED AT ONE TIME. Cholera vaccine for groups of persons who wish to be inoculated by their own doctors may be obtained upon written application to the Commissioner of Public Health.

By Order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
Shanghai, April 11, 1940. 11959

North-China Daily News Broadcasts

Station XMHD (760 kc. 395 m)

In English (including Sundays) at 12.45 noon and 9 p.m. and in Chinese (except Sundays) at 1.30 p.m. and 9.15 p.m.

WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

Meteorological Reports	Apr. 10 16.00	Apr. 10 21.00	Apr. 11 4.00	Apr. 11 9.00
Barometer inches	29.99	30.00	29.91	29.96
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	—0.19	—0.23	—0.23	—0.16
at 32 F. (" " 12 hrs.)	—0.15	—0.12	—0.08	—0.04
Wind (direction)	SSE	SE	SSE	S
" (miles per hour)	12.4	8.1	8.7	6.8
Temperature (Fahr.)	64.°5	54.°3	54.°1	62.°3
Humidity %	56	85	94	74
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	10	0	9	9
Rainfall inches	—	—	—	—

Siccawei Abridged Report April 10	Mean 1940	24 hrs. variation	67 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	30.06	—0.17	30.01
Temp. Mid. 40.°3 Max. 68.°7	54.°5	+1.°6	54.°7
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	10.74	—	8.75

Time and Tide	12/4	13/4	14/4	15/4	16/4	17/4	18/4
Sun rises at Shanghai	5.29	5.28	5.27	5.26	5.25	5.24	5.23
Sun sets at Shanghai	18.20	18.21	18.21	18.22	18.23	18.24	18.25
Moon rises at Shanghai	8.21	9.11	10.04	11.01	12.02	13.05	14.09
Moon sets at Shanghai	22.19	23.12	—	0.02	0.50	1.37	2.20
Flood makes Shai. 6 to 18	12.32	13.04	13.59	15.20	17.10	5.40	7.25
Ebb. makes Shai. 6 to 18	6.00	6.26	7.00	7.50	9.25	11.10	12.02
H.W. W'sung Bar 6 to 18	14.28	14.59	15.49	16.54	6.20	7.44	9.18
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	9.00	8.67	7.89	7.22	7.12	7.30	7.73

POST OFFICE NOTICES

The following times apply to the Head Post Office, Szechuen Road Bridge. Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

FRIDAY, April 12.	Reg.	Ord.
Japan Korea via Nagasaki	*20.00	7.15
Foochow via Santuao	*20.00	7.30
Ningbsien etc. via Chinhai	*20.00	8.00
Tsingtao and Dairen	8.30	9.00
Tinghai Shenkiamen via Tinghai	9.30	10.00
Ninghsien etc.	11.30	12.00
Chefoo and Tientsin	14.30	15.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Japan H'lulu U.S.A. Canada and Europe via Pacific .. A	18.00	20.00
Amoy and Hongkong	19.30	20.00
SATURDAY, April 13.		
Ninghsien etc. via Chinhai	*20.00	8.00
Weihaiwei Chefoo Tientsin	10.00	10.30
Hongkong	10.30	11.00
Nantung	14.30	15.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Hongkong Canton Aust. N.Z. and Straits .. B	20.00	20.00
Japan Korea via Nagasaki	20.00	20.00
SUNDAY, April 14.		
K'lung Aust. N.Z. S.S. India Suez and Europe via Suez c	10.00	16.00
Hongkong and Canton	15.30	16.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00

* The night before.
A Parcel mail for Honolulu and U.S.A., closes at 16.00 on 12th.
B Parcel mail for S.S., Gt. Britain and other countries, closes at 16.00 on 13th.
C Parcel mail for France and other countries, closes at 16.00 on 13th.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.
Z Parcel mail only.

Air Mails

Imperial Airways Service per steamer on April 17, at 3 p.m. for registered and at 4 p.m. for ordinary due London on May 1.

Pan American Airways Service per steamer on April 17, at 3 p.m. for registered and at 4 p.m. for ordinary due San Francisco on April 30.

Air France per steamer on April 17, at 3 p.m. for registered and at 4 p.m. for ordinary.

Neth. (K.L.M.) Air Mail Service (Batavia-Naples) per steamer to Hongkong.

Royal Netherlands Indies' Airways K.N.I.L.M. (Saigon-Batavia-Sydney) per steamer to Hongkong. Shanghai-Japan Air Mail Service: daily at 8 p.m.

Domestic Air Mail

Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line at 9.45 a.m. and 12.00 at Yuhang Road Sub-Office at 9.15 a.m. and 11.30 a.m.

Hwaining Kiukiang and Hankow for Shanghai-Hankow Air Line daily at 10.30 p.m.

Canton per Shanghai-Canton Air Line close at 8.30 p.m. on Sundays and Wednesdays.

Ningsia, Shensi, Szechuen, Yunnan Kweichow, Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong for the Hongkong-Chungking plane.

Peiping, Tientsin, Tsinan, Tatung, Kalgan, Shanhaikwan, Tsingtao, Tungshan, Shihkiachwang, Chengte, Kaifeng, Taiyuan and Yuncheng by the planes of the Chung Hwa Air Transport Co. daily at 9.30 p.m.

THE WEATHER

Temperature near Holy Trinity Cathedral Shanghai at hours ending 7 p.m.:—

Yesterday Min. 53.0 Max. 72.0
Same date, 1939 Min. 53.5 Max. 70.5
Rainfall nil.

Temperature at Siccawei:—

Yesterday Min. 51.3 Max. 75.4
Same date, 1939 Min. 54.3 Max. 69.8

State on the morning of the 10th:—Normal and steady pressure over China: low and unsteady over Japan and around Yap. South-westerly winds over our regions: North-easterly to south-easterly in the south. Cloudy and fine weather in China.

State on the morning of the 11th:—Cloudy weather. South-south-westerly breepes. Pressure rather low and steady.

Probabilities, 4.30 p.m. yesterday:—Fine and rather warm weather with south-easterly to south-westerly winds around Shantung. Cloudy and rather fine weather with southerly to easterly winds over our regions and the Eastern Sea.—Siccawei Observatory.

Post Office Notices Continued

Light Train Mail

Via N.S.R. 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Kiangpei offices north and west of Jukao 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Hangchow 11.30 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
North Pinghan and Lunghai Line (Chenghsien and east thereof) 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Wuhu, Tatung, Hwaining, Kiuklang and Hankow 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Remarks: For Europe via Siberia:—Mails for Europe and U.S.S.R. via Siberia close on every Monday and Thursday at 8 p.m. for registered and on every Tuesday and Friday at 8 a.m. for ordinary and are despatched per trains via Nanking and Tientsin to connect with the Trans-Siberian trains.

Ocean Mails for Europe and America.

Next steamer mails will be closed as follows:—

Per steamer via Pacific, on April 12.
Per steamer via Suez, on April 14.
Per steamer via Suez on April 16.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

King's Daughters Society
IN MEMORY OF MRS. P. W. MASSEY

Mr. and Mrs. L. Ovadia	$20
Mr. and Mrs. P. C. Colman	20
J. T. W. Brooke	25
Mrs. E. C. Robinson	10
E. C. Robinson	10
Rev. P. C. Matthews	20
Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Marden	25
E. H. McMichael	10
Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Roe	20
Mr. and Mrs. N. C. Macgregor	20
Mr. and Ms. J. F. Macgregor	20
Mrs. and Miss Craddock	5

Ministering Children's League
IN MEMORY OF MRS. P. W. MASSEY

Mrs. H. C. Hopkins	$20

St. Andrew's Society
IN MEMORY OF MR. K. W. CAMPBELL

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. A. Hutchison	$5
Mr. and Mrs. P. N. F. Heath	10

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Correspondence for this column should be addressed to the Editor, North-China Daily News Office, 17 The Bund, Shanghai, and to ensure secrecy, marked "Letters to the Editor."

Mr. A. T. Steele: Correction

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—An injustice is done the personal reputation of Mr. A. T. Steele and quite possibly some injury is inflicted on the "Chicago Daily News," for which he is Far Eastern correspondent, by the concluding paragraph of your letter from CRUSADER in today's "North-China Daily News."

I take the liberty of dealing with the matter because Mr. Steele left last Sunday for Chungking and thereafter for America direct on home leave, and he will no be back in Shanghai for several months.

CRUSADER writes:

> And in conclusion, to sum up the issue, I need only to quote a frank statement made recently by Mr. A. T. Steele, Far Eastern correspondent of the "Chicago Daily News," before numerous foreign newspapermen... words to the effect that with the exception of medical missionaries, almost all of our American missionaries ought to be sent back home. The whole lot are misrepresentative Americans, unfair and hypocrites.

It so happens that a group of the foreign correspondents attended a lunch last week in honour of Mr. Steele and his temporary successor Mr. Frank Smothers. The Okayama Translation Service from Tokyo had just arrived in Shanghai and it included two lines indicating that Mr. Steele had been quoted in Tokyo by some Japanese correspondent who said he had interviewed Mr. Steele at Nanking, eliciting from him a declaration against American missionaries with the exception of medical missionaries. The quotation was brief and included nothing resembling the last sentence of CRUSADER's purported paraphrase.

Mr. Steele immediately expressed the greatest surprise and declared that at no time, in Nanking or elsewhere, had he ever said anything even remotely resembling this anti-missionary declaration. He said that he had not the slightest idea where the fable originated, aside from the fact that he had been to Nanking for a few days in company with other foreign correspondents and had been subjected to numerous attentions by the Japanese press among others.

To this I might add that I have known Mr. Steele throughout the years of his Far East experience, that I have travelled with him in various parts of China, and that he has always associated in most free and friendly fashion with missionaries and has invariably disclosed the highest opinion of them. Mr. Steele's many friends know him to be no hypocrite. If he thought poorly of missionaries he would not associate with them and accept their hospitality. On the contrary he appreciates their good qualities and it would be a great pity to allow falsely-attributed insult to stand unchallenged and perhaps to jeopardize his future relations.

RANDALL GOULD.

Shanghai, Apr. 11.

Truth Will Out

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Startling indeed are the allegations in the letter signed CRUSADER published in today's issue of the N.C.D.N.

CRUSADER would have us believe that Mr. Harold E. Fey, field editor of "The Christian Century," had said that "one of his duties was to search out American missionaries in China responsible for steady flow (sic) of adverse propaganda against the Japanese." In other words, Mr. Fey had come to China to find out who are those naughty missionaries painting the Japanese in vile colours in their reports to the United States. After finding them, what was Mr. Fey going to do? Call them liars in his publication or confirm the probably true findings of the missionaries?

Then CRUSADER quotes Mr. A. T. Steele, Far Eastern correspondent for the "Chicago Daily News," as saying in effect that "with the exception of medical missionaries, almost all of our American missionaries ought to be sent back home. The whole lot are misrepresentative (sic) Americans, unfair and hypocrites."

It so happens that Mr. Fey left Shanghai on April 2 and that Mr. Steele sailed from here last Sunday, making it impossible for them to confirm or deny the statements attributed to them by CRUSADER.

The letter, therefore, was evidently written by some apprentice propagandist, familiar with the movements of journalists, who, well aware that his allegations could not reach the persons he quotes and, therefore, would not be denied, resorted to this underhand method to smear not only the character of the missionaries, but also to place in an equivocal position two well-known and respected journalists.

That English is not the mother tongue of CRUSADER is evident in the mistakes he has made in his letter, while his puerile resort to Goebbelian tactics to bolster his argument show him to be intellectually immature, for to cite a trite truism, which even CRUSADER's childish mind may understand, truth will out.

SARACEN.

Shanghai, Apr. 11.

The B.W.A.: Thanks Received for Supplies

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—We have just received the following letter from the Central Hospital Supply Service Committee of the British Red Cross Society and Order of St. John of Jerusalem, which we think will be of interest not only to our members but to those who have so generously contributed to the British Women's Association War Work Fund. I might add that a second instalment of 14 cases has since been dispatched.

> I am writing to tell you that 9 cases of goods have arrived safely from the Shanghai British Women's Association and we are indeed most deeply grateful to the members for these very splendid gifts. It is difficult to express how touched we are by the kind thought and generosity of your workers, for we know that you have troubles of your own to meet, which perhaps makes you all the more sympathetic to the troubles of others.
>
> Would you very kindly convey to your workers our warmest gratitude for their most valuable help.
>
> MARION BLACK.
> Acting-Chairman, B.W.A.

Shanghai, Apr. 11.

Airmail to Britain: Advice to Senders

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Britons who write to England via air mail are advised to mark their letters via Hongkong.

A letter I sent home six weeks ago must have been sent to England via Tokyo, Manchoukuo, Russia, Germany and Holland. How it ever reached its destination I don't know. It had been opened by a German censor.

Perhaps the Post Office can enlighten me as to the routes air mail letters to England are taking now?

PUZZLED.

Shanghai, Apr. 10.

Hay Box Cookery: Information Available

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—As your reader's request for information on Hay Box Cookery has remained unanswered, I am writing to state that there is an article on this subject in "Woman's Own" of November 18, 1939. I shall be pleased to send a copy of it to your reader, together with several recipes, if this English magazine is unobtainable in China.

M. H.

Shanghai, Apr. 10.

Electrocution Murder Case Hearing

Younger Sons Confesses He Did Crime Alone

The younger one of the two Chinese sons who murdered their father by electrocution in their home in Avenue Haig and who were sentenced to death last winter has now confessed that the crime was committed by him alone trying to exonerate his elder brother.

The confession was made late on Wednesday afternoon when their appeal filed against the death sentences was heard by judges of the Second Branch Kiangsu High Court. The appeal case drew the attention of many Chinese visitors to the court and in view of this, the hearing was held in the First Special District Court where the court rooms are more spacious, instead of the high court itself which is located in Weihaiwei Road.

The elder brother also told the court that his father was murdered by his younger brother without his knowledge. He was informed of his father's death only after the younger brother Chou Ching-hsiang had killed him but he admitted that he later helped the murderer in disposing of the body, having taken his father's money. His sister who informed the police of the crime hated the younger brother, but she liked him, he said. And so instead of placing the whole responsibility upon the shoulders of his younger brother, he himself also admitted that he had participated in the crime so that his sister might not inform the police.

Several witnesses made statements testifying to the cruelty of the father. Judgment was reserved pending the investigation of the true age of the younger brother, who said that he was only 18 years old instead of 21 as the lower court was previously informed.

Munitions Department Set Up in Canada

Ottawa, Apr. 10.

Establishment of a Department of Munitions and Supply was announced by Mr. W. L. Mackenzie-King, the Prime Minister, here yesterday.—Reuter.

New Regime Planned For Kwangtung

Canton, Apr. 11.

Unconfirmed reports are circulating here concerning the possible formation of a new regime for Kwangtung.

Though it was formerly reported that Pang Tung-yuan would head a reorganized "Kwangtung Provincial Government," it is now stated that Wang Ching-wei has offered the "Mayor" of Canton a post in Nanking and that Chen Yu-cho, a close associate and brother-in-law, of Wang Ching-wei, may be sent to South China to head the regime here.—Reuter.

Four Japanese Airmen Killed in Crash

A Japanese Base, Apr. 11.

Their bomber crippled by Chinese anti-aircraft fire in a raid on a Chekiang-Kiangsi Railway bridge on Sunday, four Japanese army flyers were killed as their machine was within sight of the Japanese base after remaining aloft for nearly two hours, although damaged.

The dead were Special Sergeant-Major Gunkichi Ushiromoto, Sergeant-Major Isao Miyazaki, Sergeant-Major Mitsuo Nonaka, and Sergeant-Major Haruo Nakahata.—Domei.

China Favours Friendly Relations with Siam

Chungking, Apr. 10.

A resolution favouring the promotion of friendly relations between China and Thailand (Siam) has been adopted by the National People's Political Congress.

The fifth session of the Congress is closing today.—Reuter.

U-Boat Prisoners in Britain Now 226

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Apr. 10.

There are now 226 U-boat prisoners of war in Great Britain, it is learned. This number comprises 25 officers, 80 petty officers, 121 ratings.—Reuter.

BY SAPAJOU

Blitz Reply

Neutrals Shocked Over German Invasion of Norway, Denmark

U.S. Journal Says Britain Cannot Be Blamed; Switzerland Horror-Struck by New Aggression

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Apr. 10.

EDITORIAL comment on the laying of mines in Norwegian waters by Great Britain, and the German invasion of Scandinavia, is contained in a special commentary issued here today. The "New York Herald-Tribune" speculates on the meaning of early news dispatches from Scandinavia and expresses the conviction that America will not regard Britain as the aggressor.

In an article on British mine-laying in Norwegian waters, the newspaper declares: "It is true that international law allows one belligerent to retaliate for the illegal acts of another, and legally commit acts that otherwise would be illegal. The present move had its counterpart in 1918. The present situation is a continuation of the reprisal-for-reprisal system, in which even the United States participated after her entry in the World War. Since the entire matter is but weakly covered by international law, our advice to Americans is not to get unduly worried about it from the legal angle."

A map of Scandinavia in the "New York Daily News" has the headline: "Now the British Lion is Really Roaring."

The "Social Demokraten" (Stockholm) considers it psychologically comprehensible that Germany's repeated violations of international law should have brought about similar action on the other side. "It is also true," the paper says, "that Britain's mining of Norwegian waters is harmless for the Norwegians, whereas Germany's ruthless methods consist of attacking cargo steamers. Furthermore, Sweden must not forget that Germany recently mined Swedish waters in a manner seriously inconveniencing neutral shipping."

Switzerland Horror-Struck

The German invasion of Denmark and Norway has caused deep indignation in other neutral countries. Horror is expressed by Spaniards at the latest act of German aggression, and a wave of indignation and horror swept Switzerland at news of the invasion.

A message from New Delhi reports dismay and indignation at the German action among Indian nationalist circles.

All Turkish quarters strongly criticize the German step. "The Nazis," they say, "realized that tightening of the blockade would have a rapid and deadly effect on Germany. Hence, her leaders, 'under a satanic spirit,' have undertaken another mad and desperate adventure, which indisputably will dig deeper their own graves."—Reuter.

Spanish Press Non-Committal

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Madrid, Apr. 10.

The Spanish press is rather non-commital in discussing the German invasion of Norway and Denmark. Yesterday evening papers declared the Allied decision to mine Norwegian territorial waters brought on the denouement, but their attitude was more that of wonder before great and surprising events, than of condemnation of either side.

The newspaper "Alcazar," after pointing out ironically that only a few weeks ago there were people who believed the visit to Europe of Mr. Sumner Welles, United States Under-Secretary of State, might halt the war, reproduces the appeal by General Francisco Franco, the Spanish President, last September to belligerents to halt the war. The paper adds: "In view of these terrible events, Spaniards must carry on with a blind faith in God, absolute confidence in the Caudillo (President), and in every throat the fervent, unanimous cry of "Viva Espana!"

The attitude is similar to that adopted by the Spanish press at the time of the invasion of Poland, although later Finland won much sympathy in her fight against Soviet Russia.—Reuter.

Italians Endorse Nazi View

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Rome, Apr. 10.

Italian public opinion, which condemned the "Democratic Powers' violation of Norwegian neutrality," regards the step taken by Germany as entirely legitimate, says the official Stefani News Agency.

"The blow which the Allies hoped to strike at Germany has been swept back against themselves," the agency states. From a strategic aspect the German High Command is gaining first-class positions for control of Scandinavia and domination of the North Sea. Germany can now control Scandinavian mines, while Britain is cut off from them. Any Norwegian resistance will be merely formal as was Norway's protest against Anglo-French aggression."—Reuter.

French Unity Strengthened

Paris, Apr. 10.

Any differences between the various French political groups on the question of policy have completely vanished as a result of Germany's latest double invasion. The news has acted as a spurt to the whole nation, and a new spirit of union and determination is the key-note.

Writing in "L'Ordre," Pertinax says: "It is unlikely that the British naval forces, which are centred a few hundred miles from the Norwegian coast, have been taken unawares, and nothing proves that they have. Unless there is a large accumulation of mistakes on our part, the position of the German corps in Norway is very precarious."—Reuter.

Dutch Observations

Amsterdam, Apr. 10.

The future status of Norway and Denmark is the subject of much discussion in Berlin. Neutral correspondents report that the two Scandinavian countries are to be either protectorates, like Bohemia and Moravia, governments-general, like Poland, or vassal states, like Slovakia. The German grip on both countries, however, is expected to be far-reaching.

Numerous German emigrants in Denmark, as well as British and French subjects will certainly be interned, and Denmark, with her rich dairy and farming resources, be included in the economic system of the Reich.—Reuter.

To Aid Hungarian Relief Fund

Fine Musicians to be Heard In Interesting Programme

Professor Mor Porgé, cellist, assisted by Princess Nadine Leuchtenberg de Beauharnais, pianist, and Ferdinand Adler, violinist, will give a concert at the American Women's Club on Thursday, April 11, beginning at 9 p.m. One-third of the proceeds will be donated to the Hungarian Relief Association. Tickets may be obtained from Moutrie's, or at the door.

The following is the programme:

1. "In Memoriam J. S. Bach" by Porgé
   Suite No. 2 in old style—for cello and piano
2. Romance in F Major .....Beethoven
   Air on the G string .....Bach
   Violin
3. Islode's Love-Death ...Wagner-Liszt
   Rhapsody No. 11 .....Liszt
   Piano
4. Sonata A Minor op. 36 for Cello and Piano .....Grieg

INTERVAL

5. Arioso .....Locatelli
   Evening Song .....Schumann
   Scherzo .....Ghoens
   Cello and Piano
6. Romanza Andalusa .....Sarasate
   Slavonic Danse in E Minor Dvorak-Kreisler
   Tambourin Chinois .....Kreisler
   Violin and Piano
7. Hungarian Gipsy Melody op. 21 Porgé

Allies Stop Nazi Reinforcements

Small German Units Were Held Ready for Invasion; Hazards of Expedition

London, Apr. 9.

Germany, with only a few thousand troops now in Norway, is unable to land the necessary reinforcements, due to the prompt action of the Allied fleets, Norwegian circles in London believe. It is thought likely that some of the German troops which have landed in Norway came from the far-northern Russian port of Murmansk, or else were waiting on transports just off their landing points before the Allies started laying mines off Norway.

Germany had her "Blitzkrieg" against the Nordic states planned long before, knowing that Britain and France had decided to cut off the shipments of the all-important iron ore. The opening manœuvre was intended mainly to impress the Oslo government, in the hope they would surrender with a minimum of fuss when faced with the threat of German military action, all quarters agree.

Norwegian sources point out that Norway's military force is unimportant from a point of view of numbers, and consists of one division of 25,000 men in the north and another of 12,000 men in the Trondheim district. All, however, are equipped with the most modern arms, and would be no small element to reckon with. All told, Norway could muster approximately 200,000 troops. These sources are confident that the measures decided upon by the Allies this afternoon will satisfactorily cope with the situation.—Havas.

Expedition Difficulties

London, Apr. 10.

Norway's sheltered fjords are likely to play an important part in the war if and when an expeditionary force arrives from Britain, writes Reuter's military correspondent. Combined operations in which the Army, Navy and Air Force would be engaged are the most difficult of all military manœuvres, he states. Staff work is necessarily very intricate.

Weather conditions play a great part. Success or failure of such an operation, especially at the landing end, would depend on sheltered facilities.

Norwegian fjords provide ideal protection. No landing of a British force north of Bergen would appear probable because of difficulties of communications and the distance from Oslo, which certainly would be one of the main objectives.

Occupation of Bergen would enable the Allies to secure dangerous approaches to the Skagger Rack and sweep mines which always are a nightmare of these narrow waters.

Whether or not a British expeditionary force is dispatched, Herr Hitler is now fighting on two fronts, the correspondent states.—Reuter.

American Youth Runs Away to Fight

Undergraduate Joins Up For "Democracy, Decency"

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Washington, Apr. 10.

The mystery of the disappearance of a Maryland University undergraduate was cleared up when he wrote to his parents from Canada, telling them he had joined the British forces "to fight for democracy and decency in the world.

The youth, DeWitt C. Smith, 19 years, disappeared from his university on January 10, and for two months police searched high and low for him. Then his letter arrived telling how he and other American youths had joined a Canadian regiment.—Reuter.

Swedish Crown Prince, Princess in Shelter

Stockholm, Apr. 10.

The Crown Prince and Princess of Sweden were among a number of persons forced to take refuge in an air raid shelter near the railway station at Lillestroem yesterday when incendiary bombs damaged the nearby Kaeller airdrome, it was reported today.—United Press.

Anglo-Soviet Trade Talks Denied

No Date Fixed for Return Of Envoy to Moscow

London, Apr. 10.

At question time in the House of Commons today the Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, Mr. R. A. Butler, declared that no negotiations had recently taken place with the Russian Government about the resumption of discussions on trade questions, but the subject was raised by M. Ivan Maisky, the Soviet Ambassador, lately in a conversation with Lord Halifax, the Foreign Secretary.

Mr. Butler told the House that no date had at present been fixed for the return of the British Ambassador, now on leave in England, to Moscow.—Reuter.

Canada to Take Over Danish Ships

Ottawa, Apr. 10.

The Canadian Government will probably take over Danish ships now in Canadian waters, the spokesman for the Defence Department said last night. The spokesman, however, refused to indicate whether such action had already been taken.—United Press.

Freighter in New York With British Gold

New York, Apr. 10.

The freighter Greylock, of the Robin Line, said to be carrying a large sum of gold from Africa for British war supplies, docked at Staten Island in New York Harbour yesterday. Visitors were barred from the pier and line officials declined to say where the gold, if any, was taken aboard.—United Press.

Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" OF APRIL 12, 1870

During the last few days, a number of foreign-owned ponies have been straying all over the country adjacent to Bubbling Well Road, feasting on the growing wheat and barley crops. Under these circumstances, is it to be wondered at that we hear of ponies being roughly handled by the Chinese country people.

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In Main Salesroom—Now On View
On Saturday, April 13, 1940, commencing at 9.30 a.m.

Velvet and Tientsin carpets, rugs, chenille curtains, blackwood furniture, opium couch, wall hangings, Chinese scroll, pictures, mirrors, lamps, clocks, books, bookcases, writing desks, desk chairs, silver and E.P. ware, cut glass ware, tantalus, dinner and tea crockery, 100 years old porcelain plates and dishes, brass ware, gramophones and records, golf clubs, organ, bird cage, wardrobe trunk, boy's bicycle, model junks, radium active water jars, electric geyser and saucepan, kitchen scale, aquarium, sideboards, cellarettes, dining tables, dining chairs, silver ware cabinets, hall stands, wardrobes, dressing tables, chests of drawers, night tables, centre tables, chairs, stools, Simmons iron and wooden double and single bedsteads with mattresses, wooden and iron cots, card tables, kitchen tables, etc., also

1 "Brunsviga" Calculator, 1 "De Vry" 16 M/M. cine projector, complete, 110v.
1 "Majestic" 6-tube all wave radio 220v., 1 "R.C.A." 5-tube radio 110/220v.
1 "G.E." Electric rotary iron 200v., 1 "B.S.A." Girl's bicycle, 1 Private rickshaw
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9	WHITE WILLIE
40	NIGHT EXPRESS
7	JOYLIGHT
12	MERRYLIGHT
5	NORTHWOOD
6	HINDHEAD

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4	Busted Straight	149
2	Carnival	152
10	Charming Swift	149
8	Corps Cavalry	155
4	Democratic Prince	149
6	Don Pedro	146
4	Flyinglight	161
4	Frostylight	161
20	Little Joe	146
4	Merrylight	152
6	National Beauty	155
3	Newcastle	161
4	Rain	152
20	Sammy	146
7	Slow Motion	152
20	Sugar Star	155
10	The Swan	146
1	Vim	161
8	White Night	158

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Woman's Page

By Olive Dun

London, Mar. 18.

The King and Queen will spend Easter with their children "in the country" it is cautiously announced. But as we are also told that a special messenger will come down twice daily from London, that a private telephone wire will be connected up with Buckingham Palace, and that his Majesty will ride a great deal with his daughters, it is not hard to guess that "in the country" will be neither Balmoral nor Sandringham.

One interesting engagement of their Majesties' last week was to inspect the first section of the Anglo-French Ambulance Corps. It is staffed almost entirely by men who were in the last war and are determined to be in this one. They range from men of wealth and position to ex-naval stokers. One enthusiast had paid the whole cost of his ambulance himself. Among them the Queen was surprised to meet an old friend with whom she frequently danced before her marriage. He is on the reserve of officers of the Guards but now wears the uniform of a private in the Ambulance Corps.

The war is not going to stop people going away for Easter. One hears that the south coast hotels are plentifully booked and there will be some special trains, though of course nothing like the usual number. It is surprising to hear that the south of France is doing very well. But that may be due to the patronage of the chilly-footed, just as towns like Bristol and Exeter (they would be very much offended not to hear themselves called cities) are simply bursting with people.

Conversely, every day now brings multitudes of soldiers on leave from France. Leave was suddenly stopped a few days ago and now as suddenly has been renewed. Waterloo this evening was surging with men just returned. Their spick and span appearance contrasts oddly with that of the muddy creatures one remembers in the last war with the earth of the trenches thick upon them. Nowadays the papers rarely have even so much as a raid somewhere along the lines in France to report. When, one wonders, will the war really begin?

* * *

A Great Cook

A very famous expert in the food line has just died, Miss Florence White. Probably some of your readers know her books on cookery. She lost the sight of one eye when a child and took to cookery in place of ordinary education (that was some 60 years ago when people still believed that education was meant to teach children to do something really useful). Her aunt kept the Red Lion Hotel at Fareham in Hampshire which was famous for its cooking and she set to work under them.

But she studied not only cooking but the psychology of housekeeping. She took various jobs as a domestic servant so as to learn the needs and capacities of households of all classes. For several years she studied the historical side of cookery. In her book on "Good Things in England" she tells how to make creamed nettles, cowslip pudding pie, and "Lady Arundel's Manchets"; for the last of these the recipe dates from 1676. She dug up old manuscripts and diaries containing recipes from museums and country houses all over England.

She always maintained that English cookery could be the equal of any in the world. George Gissing in a charming passage in that most charming book "The Private Papers of Henry Rycroft" said the same, arguing that the essence of English cookery was to bring out all the natural flavour of bird or beast in its highest degree. One can think of a few eating-houses where this principle is followed with admirable results and certainly nothing can equal a good steak or chop in a good London grill room.

But Miss White sadly concluded that the art of English cookery had been lost through carelessness. She certainly did her utmost to revive it, and for many years before her death she had a large modern kitchen at Fareham where she gave lessons to many pupils.

So she departs at the age of 76. Can one think of a more entirely virtuous life? To be a good cook is surely the quintessence of altruism and benefaction.

* * *

Breaking Up A Circus

Auctions are seldom without their pathetic side. What can look more dejected than a collection of furniture put up for sale. And somehow, the more beautiful the pieces, and the more prized they have been in the past, so much the more miserable they look when bandied about by men in green baize aprons to the metallic cries of the auctioneer.

But there was extra pathos in auctioning last week at Cheshunt in Hertfordshire of the Chapman Circus which of course included a large number of performing beasts. It belonged to a girl, Miss Georgia Chapman, who had inherited it from her father and would have been fully capable of carrying it on—for the art of circus management once acquired descends from parents to children like the miller's thumb or the hornplayer's lip—but of course the war knocked such things on the head.

Owners of private zoos all over the country and tradesmen on the look out for horses and ponies to draw the carts which have replaced motor vans attended the sale. Some lots went very cheap—a fine pair of ponies for only £15 for example. One trained horse was bought by one of the circus hands: he had always attended to it, and could not bear to see it go to anyone else. You could have had three Indian tigers for £70 and three beautiful black bears for only £20.

One purchase must particularly be mentioned. Georgie Chapman's aunt, Miss Ada Chapman, who has been in the circus all her life and has trained several animals herself, could not resist buying three elephants—a pair of grown-ups and a baby—when she saw them about to go far below their value. They cost her £295 the three. How she will get food for them in war time is a mystery. But can one not admire and sympathize with her spirit?

* * *

Young Lady Now

And talking of circuses and "sich-like" reminds me that Ming the famous giant panda—said by some to be the best ambassador China ever sent to England—has come back to the Zoo. She enjoyed her winter at Whipsnade in spite of its comparative loneliness. The eight weeks of bitter cold and deep snow were exactly to her taste, reviving memories of the icy slopes of western China and her coat became longer and thicker than ever, and its whiteness, away from London smoke, exquisitely white.

She retains all her old sweetness of disposition and playfulness, sat up in a chair as she used to do and consumed a bowl of condensed milk with all the old gusto. But she is a baby no more. In fact she weighs 200 lb. and when it comes to playfulness that means too much energy for the Pets Corner.

* * *

Well Said, Sir!

Let me end with a story of "vackies." Two young East Enders had been sent to a stately country home. At meal time they sat at one end of a long table, their hostess at the other. The meals were all right, but breakfast was always very slow in arriving.

One day one of the vackies lost patience and turning to the footman he exclaimed "Hurry up with that blasted breakfast can't you?"

Thereupon the lady of the house walked round to him and patted him on the back.

"Congratulations," she said, "I've been wanting to say that myself for years."

Women's Auxiliary Territorial Service

Dame Helen Gwynne-Vaughn is the Chief Controller of the Auxiliary Territorial Service and may be seen, the first of the figures inspecting the troops. The women relieve men soldiers from all duties which are capable of being performed by women.

A LONDON LETTER

"Chinese Foodstuffs and How to Use Them"

Tested Recipes for Foreign Dishes Made from Chinese Products

A philanthropic effort in these days of stress is the cookery book published by Messrs. Kelly & Walsh, Ltd., of which the heading to this review gives the title. It is priced at $10—modest indeed when you reflect on the saving of countless dollars which is going to eventuate from its use—and it has a preface written by Dr. Bernard E. Read of the Henry Lester Institute of Medical Research.

The book deals solely with Chinese food products and the many ways in which they can be used to satisfy both the foreigner's palate and his purse. The very few imported ingredients are in the main certain spices and flavours. As in the original edition of the book, now long out of print, the source of each recipe is generally given. This is the very best guarantee of a good recipe, for what housewife is going to sponsor a dish which does not do her credit? All the recipes are well tested and are gathered mainly from foreign houses in the interior of China.

To live on the country is the only sensible thing to do in days like these and it is cheering to discover how well it can be managed. The whole gamut of cookery is run—meats, luncheon dishes, breakfast foods, fat in cookery, cakes and cookies, desserts, vegetables, soups, jelly-making. There is a chapter on Chinese dishes—the recipes donated by Chinese ladies in Nanking—and another on international recipes. Salads will soon be a timely subject and a very efficient way of disinfection for these and for raw fruits is given. Food values in relation to the food of the country will be read with interest by those who keep an eye on their calories. The preserving of fruit is another subject soon to be topical. The book ends with a list of foodstuffs with their romanized Chinese names and the characters.

New Hats Will Go Over Big This Year

Cartwheel hats and feather pompons the size of cabbages are among the Paris fashion designers' contributions to brightening the coming summer.

They do not exhaust the novelties, for there are also:

Frilled below-the-knee knickerbockers showing under knee-high skirts.

Daring nude-effect foundations to diaphanous gowns.

Wired lace "screen" capes, whose fan-shaped lapels stand up to hide the face; and

Giant flower designs that challenge Jack's Beanstalk.

There are gay flowery aprons to severely-tailored black afternoon gowns, kilts showing bright red plaids, outsize real diamond buttonholes in the lapels of the new suits.

Lace, Sequins

Lace stages a big comeback not only in the early evening hoods that drape softly over evening coiffures, but in spiral ruffles to the skirts of frocks, in boleros, gloves, cuffs, frilling and jabots.

Sequins glitter from scores of evening gowns. Buttons are gold, silver or shining mirror.

Even bead designs twine round the close-fitting bodices of evening frocks and spray in flowery designs over their flowing skirts.

Evening frocks are at once sophisticated and girlish, for their often severe high-necked bodices blow out into full graceful toe-length skirts.

Supple brocades, fine jersey cloths, lace and organdie are all used for the summer models. Backless gowns have long-sleeved boleros to transform them into something more serious and substantial at will.

Belts play an important part in the summer collection. Mostly they are very narrow and often very gay.

Stocking Heels

A good method of knitting a double heel is as follows. First row, slip one, knit one, and repeat to the end of the row. Second row, slip one, purl to the end of the row. Third row, knit one, slip one, and repeat to the end of the row but knit the last stitch and the fourth row like the second. By this method each stitch is slipped only one row in four. In addition it produces a pleasing diamond effect. Care should be taken to knit the heel the required length in inches, usually two and a half, and not by a number of rows, as this method does not "grow" as quickly as plain stocking stitch.

Joining Wool

In order to avoid making knots when joining thick knitting-wool the ends may be fastened together in the following way. Thread one end through the eye of a darning-needle and work the wool carefully into the other end for several inches, so that the two ends are securely joined. Unthread the needle, trim off the short end that is left, and continue knitting. The joined length works in neatly and is not noticeable.

French Poilus Resent Military Trend of Fashion

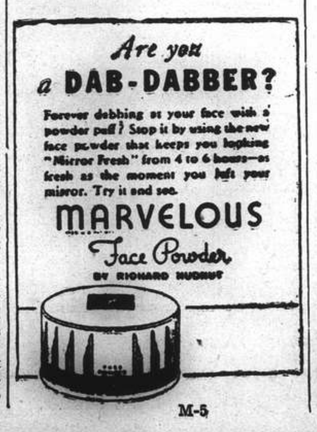
A correspondent, writing from Paris, says that the men who have suffered long in silence about what their women chose to wear, have revolted at last. They could put up with dresses from the over-stuffed period of the late nineties and crazy hats while there was peace.

But returning from the front on leave, the men have put their composite foot down on military styles more or less adorning the backs of their particular women, and on any form of pants, be they slacks, shorts, knickers or what not.

What they want is a womanly woman, and if "every inch the lady," so much the better. The complaints were of such thunderous proportions that French officialdom has firmly suggested to the dressmakers—and the ladies—that any rankly masculine attire is an assault on the morale of the army. Which means no more dress nonsense, please.

Results, they say, have been quick and gratifying to the bruised feelings of husbands, fathers, brothers and beaus. There is a shift toward charm and femininity that is unmistakable.

Dresses to wear now tend to stick to slender chassis lines, unencumbered by lumpy effects that disturb the beauty of the silhouette.



M-5

The Smith a Mighty "Man" Is She

Don't be misled by the red star, for this one has nothing to do with Russia. It is the mark of a voluntary organization founded by Swedish women for the care of sick or wounded animals. This red star member is learning how to shoe horses.

In Spring Attire

The Figured Silk Revival

Paris dress collections this season have been sporadic but admirable. Some of the bigger designers have shown no clothes at all and one at least has been occupied in making comforts for soldiers. Another has had a show in New York. But, despite unheard-of difficulties, Paris early recognized the need for using one of its big industries for export purposes and, despite wholesale calling-up, the dress designers have rallied and have produced style, even if the number of models has been curtailed.

One interesting feature is the abyss, as far as clothes are concerned, between the countries at war and the neutrals. For the United States lavish evening dresses and other more exotic clothes have been designed. For Europe styles have been subdued and the very practical has predominated, at least verbally.

One of the most practical effects is seen in the wholesale revival of the figured silk dress and wool coat. This is the easiest mode of dressing for the summer and one of the gayest. Figured dresses, are exceedingly becoming and can be picked up with flowers and cut for afternoon or semi-evening uses. Rather vivid colouring is used, often with a small or well-covered pattern. The long sleeve and the corset waist are conspicuous, as well as a good deal of fullness at the back of the skirt.

Molyneux changes his styles a good deal without ever seeming to do so. This season he shows a slightly lower waistline, with a bloused bodice and very slim skirts. These are made easy for walking by means of back fullness. The silk skirt with the bloused back, in particular, has an elegant effect and provides slimness. For day purposes navy blue is again to the fore, and many dresses are made of thin wool, some with jackets and some with long, slim belted coats.

Besides the woollen outfits, coloured prints are many at this designer's, the most conspicuous showing the arms and emblems of Finland on a blue ground. These are worn with simply cut overcoats or with loose or tailored coats of the same prints. For restaurant and dinner dresses there are many coats and jackets, often embroidered. The dresses are ankle length or just touching the ground. The dinner coat is often rather long, reaching to the knees, and hooked down the front to give a new silhouette.

What Hats Are Doing

Hats here are very small or, when occasionally large, have flat or turned-up brims. For the evening the turban has come into its own and it may be of tulle with paillettes on it. Chiffon and lace are used for evening headdresses, and these form capes at the back and are tied under the chin. Schiaparelli has again found something new in the hat with a large nick in the brim. White Panama is largely used by this designer for a small hat tipped well forward and having a sloping jam-pot crown and small brim. It is in the front that a triangle is cut clean out of the brim. The back has a large flower which surmounts the chignon. Hats of this kind need fullness behind the ears. The chignon is therefore wide enough to show a little when seen from the front.

Fur Coats Still

In Paris generally fur coats and fur capes are the order of the day, hip length, three-quarter length, or full length. The use of fox fur has made for a ridged straightness in the coats, suggesting bits of ploughland cut squarely. Some of the capes also have ridges, but these increase in width downwards. Only the small furs, such as squirrel or mink, are made up on bias lines with spreading fullness at the back which falls into folds. Seal, ocelot, nutria, cut beaver, and opossum are among the furs used. Where suits are seen the three-quarter coat, buttoning closely down the front, is often preferred. There is the short, very straight jacket, with a double row of small buttons down the front, worn with a short spreading skirt, having an inverted pleat in the front. Tailored suits are at the moment severe, sometimes with short jackets, fitting in closely at the waist.

Bill of Fare For the B.E.F.

By C. B. Mortlock

"Daily Telegraph" Special Correspondent visiting the B.E.F.

That the British soldier of today is well fed goes without saying. What needs to be said is that never before did an army in the field enjoy such a great variety of food.

I have just returned from a visit to a supply depot charged with the responsibility of feeding anything up to 20,000 troops daily. The organization by which the needs of every unit are notified and provided for is a model of quiet efficiency, a circumstance which reflects credit on the officers of the Supplementary Reserve who were called from highly responsible jobs in the City to do this particular piece of work.

A tour of the stores, sampling cheese, fruit, biscuits and such delicacies, was an eye-opener for anyone with memories of the somewhat unimaginative catering in the last war. The ration scale which I give below is evidence of the abundance of food; for evidence of the excellence of some important items in it I have the testimony of my own palate. The daily allowances for each man are:

Bread or Biscuits	16 oz / 12 oz	Potatoes or Tinned potatoes	12 oz / 6 oz
Meat or Preserved meat	14 oz / 12 oz	Bacon or Tinned bacon or ham	3 oz / 2½ oz
Meat extract	½ oz	Meat loaf or Canned beans	3 oz / 8 oz
Dried peas and beans	2 oz	Cheese or Tinned cheese or chocolate	3 oz / 2 oz
Tinned tomatoes or Tinned vegetables	4 oz / 4 oz	Tea	¾ oz
Fresh vegetables	8 oz	Sugar	3½ oz
		Margarine	1½ oz

There are also weekly issues of ¼lb of dried fruit (raisins, currants, sultanas, prunes or apricots) for puddings, ¼lb of flour, 3oz of rice or oatmeat, 3oz of tinned ham or tongue, 3oz of tinned salmon (finest brands) and 5oz of tinned herrings, besides issues of milk, jam, marmalade, tinned fresh fruit and the usual condiments. Curry powder goes hand in hand, as it were, with rice.

Then there is the tobacco ration of 50 cigarettes weekly or 2oz of pipe tobacco, a most important point about which is that there are none of the unheard-of brands such as were served out in the last war. All the cigarettes are of the well-known brands in most popular demand at home, and the tobacco is one of the most famous brands. With the issue each man receives two boxes of matches a week.

Army bread, which the men much prefer to French bread, is baked in a huge field bakery. Vegetables are bought from the local farmers.

Here is a specimen menu as exhibited outside a cookhouse door:

Breakfast

Porridge, Bacon and Meat Loaf, Bread and Butter, Tea.

Dinner

Meat Pie, Creamed Potatoes, Carrots, Gravy, Fruit and Cream, Tea.

Tea

Salmon, Bread and Butter. Jam, Tea.

London newspapers reach the Army on the day following publication. A package containing a copy of each of the eight London dailies is provided for each 12 men, and on Mondays they receive 10 Sunday papers!

It is a dangerous thing to start a diary, for you never know when it will stop. The habit may turn out to be incurable. But for his fear of blindness Pepys might have gone on for another thirty years. Dr. Johnson made "from twelve to fourteen" attempts to keep a diary, but "never could persevere." Perhaps, like the young Stevenson, he discarded the practice in the end as "a school of posturing and self-deception." What old divine was it who condemned diary-keeping as an impious attempt to extend the scope of human memory, which the Deity had made mercifully short?

Men May Wed After Death

French soldiers and sailors now may be married after death. The chamber of deputies has approved the Government's proposal to authorize such marriages if the men before death had expressed the intention of getting married. Such marriages would legitimize their children and would give pension rights to their widows.

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DO THIS: Put some Vicks VapoRub up each nostril and sniff well back. You'll feel better right away. Next, melt a spoonful of VapoRub in a bowl of boiling water; then breathe in the steaming medicated vapors for several minutes. This loosens phlegm and further clears the air-passages. At bedtime, rub VapoRub on throat, chest, and back so that its long-continued *double* action can relieve the misery of the cold while you sleep. VapoRub acts direct through the skin like a poultice; at the same time its medicated vapors, breathed in direct, bring comfort to the irritated air-passages. Try it.
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I've found the way to keep my skin from growing old
No woman need torment herself with the thought of losing the freshness of youth if she will stop to realize that the beauty she admires and envies in other women can be hers through simple, daily skin care.
You can keep your skin young looking and your complexion beautiful through the daily use of Daggett & Ramsdell Perfect Cold Cream.
Used alone, Perfect Cold Cream overcomes skin dryness, leaving the complexion fresh and clear. Used with Daggett & Ramsdell Perfect Skin Tonic, Perfect Cold Cream is ideal for counteracting an oily skin. Perfect Cold Cream removes dirt accumulations resulting from excessive oiliness, while Perfect Skin Tonic stimulates the circulation, and tones the skin.
When tiny lines commence to form at the corners of the mouth and eyes, Perfect Cold Cream will smooth them out before they become visible.
Tiny little specks resulting from clogged-up pores develop into ugly blackheads if neglected. Because of its penetrating action, Daggett & Ramsdell Perfect Cold Cream removes impurities from clogged-up pores, and the tiny black specks soon disappear.
Best of all, Daggett & Ramsdell Perfect Cold Cream nourishes the skin tissues and makes them supple and firm. Perfect Skin Tonic, by its invigorating action, closes the pores and helps eliminate lines and wrinkles.
You will never experiment with other face creams and lotions after using Daggett & Ramsdell Perfect Cold Cream and Perfect Skin Tonic. Your skin will take on the renewed freshness of youth—threatening lines of age will disappear—and your face will radiate a loveliness that is only possible with a clean healthy skin.
Write to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., P. O. Box 611, Shanghai, for the Daggett & Ramsdell booklet on Complexion Beauty.
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THE SPORTS PAGE

League Champions to Meet Rest of Shanghai

Squash Season to Be Closed with Annual Dinner And Prize Presentation on April 17

WITH the completion of all squash tournaments for the current season, the Shanghai Squash Rackets Association will hold its annual dinner and prize presentation on Wednesday, April 17, at the Rowing Club at 8.30 p.m., at which function Major-General F. Keith Simmons, himself a player who has competed in the leagues and tournaments this season, has been asked to present the prizes.

Preceding the dinner, the annual match between the League Champions and the Rest will be played, commencing at 5.30 p.m. The League Champions, the Shanghai Race Club, will turn out their five first team players, L. H. Wade, J. W. Pote-Hunt, E. B. Cumine, M. Benavitch and R. D. Parkin, while the Rest will be represented by, D. Green, L. D. Carson, W. Neugebauer, Captain J. C. Powell and G. W. Morris.

At 8 p.m. the final of the Markers Tournament will take place and this match should bring out probably the best squash of the season as the club markers have proved their worth in play against the best men in the various teams. It is understood there are two markers who stand out as superior to the others and these two will provide some very fine squash.

The inception of two new competitions this season has brought about the necessity for two more permanent trophies, one for the Senior Knockout Tournament, and one for the Junior Knockout tournament. A silver cup for the latter has already been presented by Messrs. Jardine Matheson & Co., on behalf of the White Horse Distilleries Limited, and it is hoped the other will be presented by some other magnanimous donor.

The match between the Race Club and the Rest should provide some very good play. As winners of both the league and the knockout tournaments, the Race Club stand out as the strongest team in the local field. Against them will be pitted a strong side on Wednesday, among these being D. Green, the winner of the current season's championship who will play against L. H. Wade with whom he has already had several interesting tussles this season. L. D. Carson, regarded as a first string player will be matched against J. W. Pote-Hunt, Carson having been eliminated early in the championship series, but having been regarded as a strong contender in any match. His opponent will be J. W. Pote-Hunt of the Race Club who won his way into the final of the senior championship this year, and the two are expected to provide some very good competition.

W. Neugebauer played as first string in the Rowing Club in the league and latterly as second string to L. D. Carson the Rowing Club in the knockout tournament. He has had victories over senior players to his credit this season, and will provide his opponent, E. B. Cumine with some very hard play. These two are expected to provide some good competition and close scoring. Captain J. C. Powell, a semi-finalist in the Senior Championship will play M. Benavitch, both being regarded as senior players of note, while R. D. Parkin of the Race Club will meet G. W. Morris, the latter, considered as one of the most difficult players to beat when on his game, and having several important players' scalps to his credit.

The Rest's team might have been slightly strengthened with the inclusion of R. B. Gotch and H. K. Cassells, both having been asked to play in that side, but neither was able to accept the invitation and the present representation is the strongest aggregate of players other than the Race Club representatives.

P.T.H. Sports Meet At Kiaochow

First Day's Events Run Off; Lincoln House Has Most Qualified

Fifteen events were run off yesterday afternoon in the Junior School Sports Meeting of the Public and Thomas Hanbury School at Kiaochow Park. The boys showed great enthusiasm and the races were very interesting.

The Inter-House Competition will take place today at Kiaochow Park. Lincoln House has the largest number of qualified athletes, having 59, and will naturally go all out to retain the title the team won last year. Pembroke House is picked to create an upset, having 54 competitors. Of the other two Houses, Clare has 49 and Hertford 35.

There will be only one team event today, the Medley Relay for "A" Class contestants. The event for which post entries will be accepted and which usually creates much interest in the Old Boys Race.

Following were the results yesterday:—

Form Prep 50 yards:—1, Dissmeyer; 2, Stradnan; 3, Gutierrez. Time: 7 secs.
Form Lower I 50 yards:—1, K. Barnes; 2, W. Wildt; 3, Hall. Time: 6 secs.
Form Upper 175 yards:—1, Gordon; 2, Rojensky; 3, Igaroff. Time: 10 secs.
Form Lower II 100 yards:—1, Lovelock; 2, Kirushkin; 3, Bredin. Time: 13.2 secs.
Form Upper II 220 yards:—1, Dyer; 2, Sakari; 3, Eabry. Time: 35.7 secs.
Form Prep Potato Race:—1, Gutierrez; 2, Dissmeyer; 3, Strachan.
Form Lower I Obstacle Race:—1, Barnes; 2, Wildt; 3, Najario. Time: 50 secs.
Form Upper I Long Jump:—1, Rojensky; 2, Gordon; 3, Igaroff. Height: 11-ft. 9-ins.
Form Lower II High Jump:—1, Bredin; 2, Kirushkin; 3, Lovelock. Height: 4-ft. 2-ins.
Form Upper II High Jump:—1, Dyer; 2, Masters; 3, Blyth and Sakari (tie). Height: 4-ft. 1-in.
Form Prep Obstacle Race:—1, Gutierrez; 2, Fernando; 3, Singh. Time: 48 secs.
Form Lower I Potato Race:—1, Wildt; 2, Barnes; 3, Mooney. Time: 35 secs.
Form Upper I 50 yards Monkey Race:—1, Gabb; 2, Jacobsen; 3, Dyer. Time: 20 secs.
Form Lower and Upper II 100 yards hurdles:—1, Lovelock; 2, Stock; 3, Encarnacao. Time: 17.3 secs.
Form Prep Sack Race:—1, Gutierrex; 2, Fernandez; 3, Levy. Time: 28 secs.

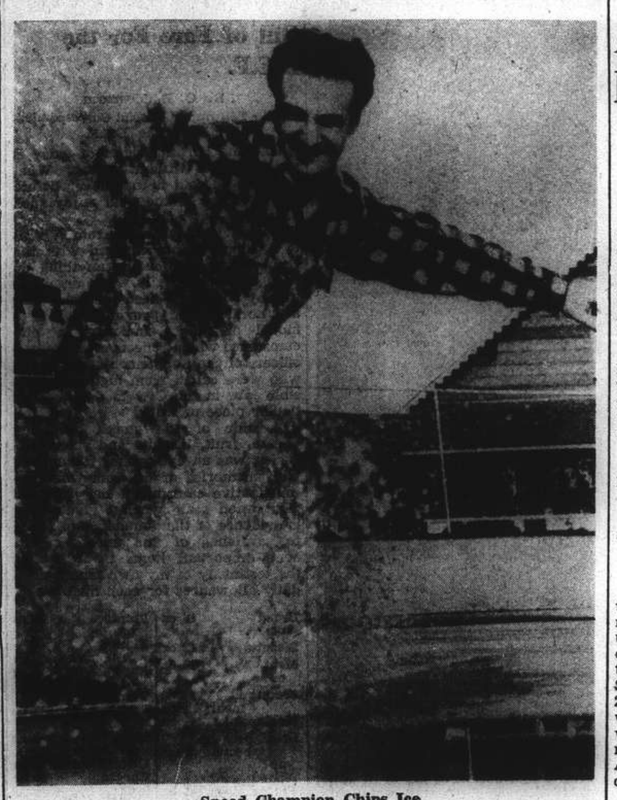
Seaforth Golfers Win Against Marines

In one of the regular weekly matches sponsored by the Navy "Y" at the Race Course on Wednesday, April 10, the Seaforth Highlanders won by a close margin against the 4th U.S. Marine golfers.

The competition was match play over 18 holes between 7 men from each of the respective groups. When the first 6 pairs had turned in their results, the score was tied at 3 all, leaving the match to be decided by the last 2 men to come in.

Young of the Seaforth Highlanders, turned the tide of the battle in favour of the Seaforths by winning 2 up. Olsen, Kenney, and Ogborn of the 4th Marines won for their men, while Jones, Rainey, and Riley won for the Seaforths.

The low score of the day was turned in by Olsen with a 75; Conyon of the Seaforths came in second with an 84; Jones of the Seaforths had an 88, and Kenney of the Marines an 89. A keen time was had by all.



Speed Champion Chips Ice

Bob Sherman shows in this photo how to stop in a cloud of ice chips. The form exhibited here won him the U.S. national speed skating championship in 1937. He is now coaching the Southern California skating team.

Important Squash Games Tonight

Semi finals of Junior Championship Will Be Settled

The two semi-finals of the Junior Squash Rackets Championship will be played off this evening, that between H. Maitland and S. Ginsbourg taking place at the Foreign Y.M.C.A., and the other between R. D. Parkin and A. C. Sinclair being played at the Rowing Club. The winners of these two matches will meet in the final to be played either on Monday or Tuesday, as it is imperative that the matches be completed before the annual dinner on Wednesday.

Earlier rounds in the junior championship had been delayed for various reasons and the competition is some time behind schedule. In matches earlier in the week, H. Maitland defeated C. C. Squires by 9-4, 6-9, 9-3, 5-9, 9-7 to enter his semi-final, while S. Ginsbourg proved too good for J. Moore in four games, the scores being 5-9, 10-8, 9-3, 9-7. The other bracket saw R. D. Parkin entering his semi-final at the expense of A. V. Striker whom he beat 9-5, 9-4, 9-7, while A. C. Sinclair was able to defeat J. S. Flood by 9-5, 9-5, 7-9, 9-6 to gain his position as a semi-finalist.

The outcome of the two semi-finals is very obscure, as all four players rank high in squash circles and one would be a brave man to choose the winner. H. Maitland has been a senior entry in earlier years, and played in the senior league several years ago. This year he has been the guiding genius of the Light Horse team of which he is the Officer Commanding, and as first string of that team has acquitted himself well. He is a hard hitter and when on form plays such an aggressive game that his opponent has the greatest difficulty in maintaining the pace set. S. Ginsbourg his opponent is a player who has only been a recognized figure in squash circles for the past two years and has improved enormously. He is considered as likely to enter senior ranks soon and may be considered a strong contender for this year's title.

In the other semi-final, R. D. Parkin is playing in the senior league team of the Race Club as fifth string and is also considered a vastily improved player of this season, as he was not picked as a regular member of last year's junior team, and his promotion over the head of a number of other men who played in a senior position to him in the junior side last year is sufficient indication of his prowess. He will meet A. C. Sinclair who plays No. 4 in the Rowing Club team, and who is probably regarded as being the most likely man for the junior title this year. All in all there will be very close matches seen and spectators to all matches will be treated to good squash.

Plans Made for 1940 Tennis Season

Dates Set for Opening of Leagues in Shanghai

Plans for the 1940 lawn tennis season were made yesterday at the committee meeting of the Shanghai Lawn Tennis Association at the Foreign Y.M.C.A. As in previous year, the competition starts with the Second Division of the Men's League in the first week of June and then the Ladies and Mixed Doubles in the following week. There will be a total of nine competitions and the forthcoming season promises to be just as interesting and keen as the past one.

Following are the dates for the close of entries, start of competitions and their entry fees:—

	Entries Close	Play Starts	Fees
First Division	May 4	June 19	$10
Second Division	May 4	June 5	$10
Ladies Doubles	May 18	June 8	$5
Mixed Doubles	May 18	June 8	$5
Men's Singles Sr.	July 27	Aug. 10	$5
Men's Singles Jr.	July 20	Aug. 3	$5
Men's Doubles	July 27	Aug. 17	$10
International Doubles	July 27	Aug. 10	$10
Ladies Singles	Aug. 31	Sept. 7	$5

Teeing Off Times At Seekingjao

Teeing off times at Seekingjao this week-end have been arranged as follows.

SATURDAY

12.16 Gluckaufs/Schinazi, Guest
12.28 Willson, Wolsiffer/Openshaw, Kench
12.36 Wentworth, Ferrell/Hill, Gray
12.48 Munn, Alexander/Cameron, Judd
12.56 Jones, Rodger/Lurton, Guest
1.08 Smith, Rosse/Jacobs, Cowherd
1.16 Vice, President/Piper, McCants
1.28 Aucott, Brooks/Carson, Tibble
1.36 Grubb, Wall/Captain
1.48 Ross, Jensen/Drysdale, Barry
1.56 Isherwood, Dixon/President
2.08 Dwyer, Davis/Meyerink, King
2.16 Neumann, Hoff./Mizato, Patrick
2.28 McCutcheon, Wheeler/Mitch, Avent
2.36 Marken, Smith/Smith, Ewing
2.48 Farnham, Kelly/MacFarlane, *Went.*
2.56 McDonald, *Ross*/Ballingalls
3.08 Vajda, Price/Sandor, *Grossman*
3.16 *Grubb, Chalmers*/Ross, MacDonald
3.28 Sawyer, Guest

SUNDAY

8.16 Pearcock, Toeg/Cox, Guest
8.28 Isherwood, De Jong/Smith, Ezra
8.36 Fulstow, Drysdale
8.40 to 9.52 Ferrier Cup
8.40 Brown, Wienberg/Nicholl, Carpen.
8.48 Terrace. Dwyer/Carson, Hill
8.56 Dickson, Brooks/Chalmers, McCants
9.04 Brister, Jourdin/Widdup, Broom.
9.12 Glass, King/Huggett, Scott
9.20 Farnsworth, Marshall/Lurton, Bone
9.28 Rigg, Davis/Jacobs, Clark
9.32 Gray, Piper
9.40 Farnham, Appelboom/Pear., Germ
9.48 Saphiere. Stevenson/Bell, Cameron
9.56 President/Neumann, Ashworth
10.08 Gibbings, Henderson/Black., Parry
10.16 Barry, Russell/Brisk, Guest
10.28 Wentworth, Meyerink/Vice, Pres.
10.36 Openshaw, Jeffery/Ross, Parkhill
10.48 Jensen, Munn/Gluckaufs
10.56 Drysdale, *Ross*/Kwelicki, *Donaldson*
11.08 *Wentworth, Germ/Chalmers, Bar.*
11.16 *Unite, Toeg/Mackenzie*, Guest
11.28 McNicoll, Harper
11.32 Kettlewell, Drummond
12.04 Bourne, *Bourne* (4 Ball)
12.08 *Sundy, Penny*

Regional Football League Results

London, Apr. 11.

Following are the results of Association football matches played in the Regional Leagues yesterday:

SOUTH C
Southampton 4, Brentford 1
Tottenham 3, Fulham 1

SOUTH D
Aldershot 0, Queen's Park Rangers 1
Brighton 1, Southend 3

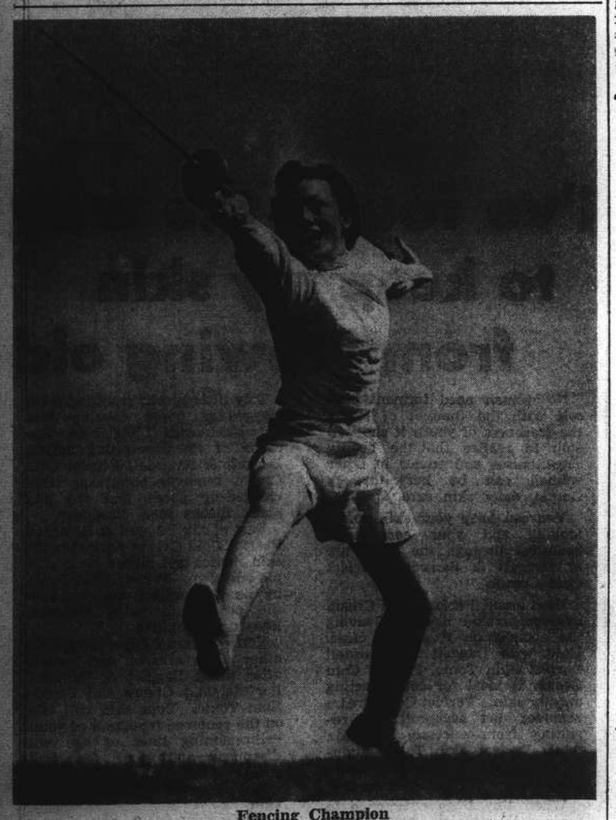
MIDLAND
Birmingham 0, Wolverhampton 1

NORTH WESTERN
Bolton 5, Burnley 1

SCOTTISH WESTERN
Ayr 2, Albion 0
Dumbarton 2, Kilmarnock 2
Partick 0, Queen's Park 0

SCOTTISH EASTERN
East Fife 6, Arbroath 2
Hearts 4, Raith 3
St. Johnstone 4, Hibernian 0
Stenhousemuir 4, St. Bernards 0

—Reuter.



Fencing Champion

Moreene Fitz, youthful Glendale fencer, is shown thrusting in a duel Local experts predict a great fencing future for Moreene, who has shown amazing improvement in the "Sport of Princes" during her past two years of practice.

Annual Athletic Meeting Held

Officers for 1940 Season Elected; Presidency Goes To H. V. Bernard

The annual General Meeting of the Shanghai Track and Field Association was held yesterday evening at the Foreign Y.M.C.A. In the absence of L. F. Bright, president for the past season, the meeting was presided over by G. H. Wade, the vice-president.

Following the usual procedure of passing the minutes of the last General Meeting, the Secretary's report and the Treasurer's report, officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows:—

President:—H. V. Bernard.
Vice-Presidents:—G. H. Wade and H. P. Brown.
Secretary:—T. U. Loh.
Treasurer:—K. S. Chang.
Executives:—Major Hunt and Ben Schaberg.

New Members

The Joint Utilities Sports Association and Betar were admitted as new members of the Association. It was unanimously decided that only one championship meet will take place this season at the Shanghai American School grounds on Saturdays, June 2 and 9. In case of rain, the meet will be postponed to June 16. Efforts will also be made to hold a women's meet if the various members of the Association are able to put up enough competitors.

Plans for the forthcoming meet will be discussed at the Executive Committee meeting next Monday at the Foreign Y.M.C.A. at 6 p.m.

Canidrome Results

1—300 yd. flat.—1, My Gal; 2, Arrow.
Also ran:—Harvard, Slippery Sain. Mr. Ching, Society Fan.
1½ length.—Time, 18.67.
Win, $26.30. Forecast 5-3 Div. $171.80.
Place, 1st $15.30; 2nd $11.90.

2—440 yd. flat.—1, Corinthian; 2, Young Talgai.
Also ran:—Great Regret, Mercedes, Cute Vanguard, Golden Affair.
1½ length.—Time, 26.57.
Win, $17.60. Forecast 1-4 Div. $82.
Place, 1st $8.60; 2nd $12.50.
Double Event 1/2 5-1 Div. $48.40.

3—440 yd. flat.—1, Bowsterman; 2, Sapplure.
Also ran:—Cross Bow, Gigolo, Fresh Brew, Mr. Hattagee.
Short head.—Time, 26.65.
Win, $30.50. Forecast 2-1 Div. $136.80.
Place, 1st $12.30; 2nd $10.40.
Double Event 2/3 1-2 Div. $41.40.

4—500 yd. flat.—1, Blarney Stone; 2, Peony.
Also ran:—Madam Sloan. Lucky Pally, Captain Cora, Simple Simon.
Short head.—Time, 30.72.
Win, $24. Forecast 1-5 Div. $92.20.
Place, 1st $12; 2nd $13.60.
Double Event 3/4 2-1 Div. $46.80.

5—500 yd. flat.—1, Spermin Lecitin; 2, Ladybird II.
Also ran:—Sir Sewn, Outsider, Go By, Woosung.
10 lengths.—Time, 30.29.
Win, $10.90. Forecast 4-6 Div. $92.30.
Place, 1st $8.10; 2nd $17.
Double Event 4/5 1-4 Div. $25.90.

6—500 yd. flat.—1. Captain Drew; 2. Golden Dawn.
Also ran:—Don Juan, Swanet, Moody Mask, Reckless Master.
1 length.—Time, 30.67.
Win, $31.50. Forecast 2-6 Div. $303.
Place, 1st $13.80; 2nd $27.90.
Double Event 5/6 4-2 Div. $25.30.

7—500 yd. flat.—1, Talisman; 2, Mac Queen.
Also ran:—Grumpy, Mademoiselle, Matador, Fan Fan.
1½ length.—Time, 30.22.
Win, $51.60. Forecast 5-4 Div. $205.90.
Place, 1st $23.50; 2nd $11.
Double Event 6/7 2-5 Div. $86.80.

8—500 yd. flat.—1, D'Artagnan; 2, Chekiang.
Also ran:—Agate, Ocean Belle, Flash View, Mad Jack.
3½ lengths.—Time, 30.27.
Win, $17. Forecast 3-5 Div. $88.
Place, 1st $11.40; 2nd $10.40.
Double Event 7/8 5-3 Div. $101.60.

9—500 yd. flat.—1, Irish Lover; 2, Old Chap.
Also ran:—Captain Charring, Glenora, Distinction, Our Delight.
Short head.—Time, 30.18.
Win, $36.50. Forecast 5-3 Div. $100.80.
Place, 1st $16.60; 2nd $10.
Double Event 8/9 3-5 Div. $55.40.

10—500 yd. flat.—1, Tamerlane; 2, Grand Senate.
Also ran:—Chez Marcel. Another Day, Don't Fuss, Feeling Fine.
2 lengths.—Time, 29.95.
Win, $27.80. Forecast 3-6 Div. $92.10.
Place, 1st $10; 2nd $8.
Double Event 9/10 5-3 Div. $97.60.

11—500 yd. flat.—1, Chilly Eve; 2. Woodford.
Also ran:—Hopalong, Blue Troy, The Buck, Real Wizard.
3½ lengths.—Time, 29.93.
Win, $33.10. Forecast 6-3 Div. $226.
Place, 1st $15.70; 2nd $16.50.
Double Event 10/11 3-6 Div. $98.60.

12—500 yd. flat.—1, Black Shadow; 2, Grey Viking.
Also ran:—Old Jade, Funny Business, Royal Rebel, Mentor.
½ length.—Time, 29.65.
Win, $11.80. Forecast 1-2 Div. $108.
Place, 1st $9.60; 2nd $41.
Double Event 11/12 6-1 Div. $51.10.

Volleyball Title in Hands of Y.M.C.A.

Anglo-Chinese Defeated by One-Sided Margin

Defeating the Anglo-Chinese "A" by a score of 4 to 1 last night, the Foreign Y.M.C.A. has the championship of the Invitation Volleyball League practically clinched. The Chinese, comprising ex-members of the Navy Y.M.C.A., were unable to hold the winners and dropped the first three sets in straight order by 15-12, 15-4 and 15-12.

Prokofieff was again the mainstay on the "Y" team, executing numerous kills with his terrific smashing at the net. He was ever dangerous and rarely committed any mistake. Matulis gave good support as he was also deceptive. The Chinese played very well in the first set in which the score was always close. Y. C. Chen displayed fine form and was up to Prokofieff's class.

The second set saw little opposition and the "Y" easily emerged on top of a one-sided score. However, in the third frame the losers again gave stern resistance and nearly reduced arrears. The last two sets had no bearing on the outcome as the match was decided in the best of five sets. The Chinese rallied to win the fourth one by 15-13 thrillingly and then drop a fourth one by 15-8.

Three matches were played off the day before. The "A" team of the Anglo-Chinese beat the "B" team by 5-0 at 15-5, 15-11, 15-9, 15-4 and 15-4. In a "B" Division contest St. Georges "B" defeated Betar "B" by 15-1 and 15-9 while in a Ladies Division encounter Sokol trimmed in Uno by 15-11 and 15-7.

A motion picture camera that photographs in two directions at once has been perfected by the camera department at 20th Century-Fox for use in the filming of "Earthbound." This production, costarring Warner Baxter and Andrea Leeds, calls for photographing Baxter's ghost and Miss Leeds, Lynn Bari, Henry Wilcoxon and others in the same scenes. The mechanics are involved, according to Cameraman Lucien Andriot, but the results are excellent.

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4th EXTRA RACE MEETING
One Steeplechase and 11 Flat Races
THE AUSTRAL GRAND STAND STAKES—9 Furlongs
THE AUSTRAL POU-MA-TING CUP —7 Furlongs
IN DIFFERENT SECTIONS
will be run after the 7th Race.
Entrance for Members of Shanghai Race Club and International Recreation Club and holders of Complimentary Tickets, 305 Bubbling Well Road.
Special Guests' Admission Tickets $5 each. Archway Entrance, 304 Mohawk Road. These Tickets give admission to Members' Sections of Grand Stand and Pari-Mutuels, etc.
Entrance for Public, 304A Mohawk Road, Admission $1 each
Men in uniform admitted free.
CASH SWEEP TICKETS
All through chances for Sweeps on Seven Races at $20 each.
Special Sweeps on the Champions, Spring Race Meeting, May 8, 1940, $10 each Ticket of Eleven Sections, Single Sections $1 each.
10% of the Gross Sweep will be donated to Charity.
For further information regarding Sweeps apply to Mr. A. W. OLSEN, 304 Mohawk Road.

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CANIDROME RESULTS
Thursday, April 11, 1940

Race	Placed Dogs 1st	Placed Dogs 2nd	Forecast Pool $5 Dividends	Forecast Pool $2 Dividends	Course Double Events $2 D/Events		
1	5	3	171.80	68.70			
2	1	4	82.00	32.80	Race	1-2	$ 48.40
3	2	1	136.80	54.70	,,	2-3	$ 41.40
4	1	5	92.20	36.80	,,	3-4	$ 46.80
5	4	6	92.30	36.90	,,	4-5	$ 25.90
6	2	6	303.00	121.20	,,	5-6	$ 25.30
7	5	4	205.90	82.30	,,	6-7	$ 86.80
8	3	5	88.00	35.20	,,	7-8	$101.60
9	5	3	100.80	40.30	,,	8-9	$ 55.40
10	3	6	92.10	36.80	,,	9-10	$ 97.60
11	6	3	226.00	90.40	,,	10-11	$ 98.60
12	1	2	108.00	43.20	,,	11-12	$ 51.10

Last Night's Highest Dividends:

$5 Win Forecast Race No. 6 dog No. 2-6 $303.00
$2 Course Double Events Races 7/8 dog No. 5-3 $101.60

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Partnership Case In H.M. Court

Insurance Adjusters Say Ex-Partner's New Start In Business Injurious

Hearing of a breach of partnership contract claim brought against Mr. T. A. T. Begg by his former partners in the firm of Nielsen & Malcolm, Messrs. F. Allan, C. E. Pinel, W. T. Cromby and R. E. L. Beardsworth, was resumed before Judge Sir Allan Mossop in H. M. Supreme Court yesterday. The plaintiffs claim that Mr. Begg, after his departure from the firm of Nielsen & Malcolm, continued business as an assessor, surveyor and consultant to insurance offices contrary to the terms of partnership signed by the directors of Nielsen & Malcolm. Mr. J. R. Jones appeared for the plaintiffs while the defendant was represented by Mr. K. E. Newman.

Mr. Cromby, in the witness box, said that Mr. Begg's action in setting up for himself had definitely lost some work for the firm of Nielsen & Malcolm. The firm lost work which they thought they would have got. Mr. Jones asked the witness if they had been financially hurt and Mr. Cromby replied that they must be if they lost some of their income. Mr. Begg was drawing 31 per cent. of the profits, said the witness and when he left the 31 per cent. was divided among the partners. The firm was bound to lose a certain amount of business if the senior partner sets up in a new business.

"There is no argument there," agreed Judge Mossop, "it must affect the business even if it is only $10."

There were four or five other fire loss adjuster firms in Shanghai, including Chinese firms, said Mr. Cromby, and most of the Chinese work went to the Chinese firms. Including the defendant there were at present four foreign adjusting firms in Shanghai. Asked if there was sufficient work here for three firms of foreign adjusters, the witness said that it depended on the fire loss work, which varied. Mr. Jones asked if it was in the interest of the public that there should be competition in fire loss work and Mr. Cromby replied that it was up to the public to decide that, but monopoly by two firms would be no good.

Fire loss adjusters had only one class of clients, insurance companies, said the witness. Work came from 30 different directions and if Mr. Begg wrote to all 30 he would take away some work from the firm. Asked if they would still object to Mr. Begg's start in business even if he had not canvassed the companies for work, Mr. Cromby replied: "I suppose so." Mr. Cromby said that Mr. Begg was acting contrary to his agreement and had committed a breach of the restriction clause which all the partners had agreed to.

Mr. W. R. Featherstonaugh, an employee of the firm of Nielsen & Malcolm since January 1932, said that he concentrated expecially on fire loss assessing and war risk. He said that he and Major Krone were primarily concerned with war risk losses arising out of the Sino-Japanese hostilities. When Mr. Begg left the firm on July 25, 1938, witness was asked to estimate the value of the work done in war risk cases up to that date. He listed the incompleted war risk cases and still had the original copy of the list. Various items and figures on the list were then examined including the estimate of the work done in assessing the loss to the Wing On godown in the Eastern district.

The counsel for the plaintiff concluded his case and the hearing was adjourned.

Tokyo Police Worried Over Younger Set

Too Much Money Spent in Pleasure, Not War

Tokyo, Apr. 11.

The police of Tokyo are worried about the morals of the younger generation and, to prove their point that the youngsters are getting into too much mischief with the fat wages of Japan's current industrial boom, went out on Monday night and arrested some 2,500 boys and girls.

Most of the culprits were released after police captains had lectured them on their failure to give the proper solemnity to Japan's national ambition to create a new order in the Far East. It appeared that the youths were more interested in having a good time than in buying Government bonds with their surplus cash. Some of them were required to write notes of apology, like children kept after school, and to promise to behave with more decorum in the future.

One of the aspects of life in wartime conditions that the police discovered was that young factory hands put on student uniforms after work in an effort to make themselves more appealing to café girls. The idea behind that is that a student's uniform very often conceals a young man of wealth and position, and the girls have learned to treat all of them nicely because of the possibility that a viscount or the heir to an industrial fortune might fall in love with them.—Domei.

Shipping Shortage in Far East Seen

Spread of War to Nordic Countries the Reason

Tokyo, Apr. 11.

Hostilities in Scandinavia would aggravate the shortage of shipping bottoms in the Far East, observers here predicted today as reports were received of the detention by the British of two Danish and three Norwegian vessels in Hongkong.

With a slackening of the trade between Japan and Scandinavia, since the outbreak of the European war, the extension of the conflict to Denmark and Norway probably would not seriously affect this country, commercial circles stated.

Japan sold to Denmark and the Netherlands goods worth Y.3,417,000, mostly cotton textiles, while she bought products valued at only Y.3,690,000 during 1939.

Japan's exports to Norway, Sweden and Denmark during last year amounted to Y.15,384,000 against imports of Y.53,973,000. The latter consisted principally of lumber, pulp and iron ore.—Domei.

OBITUARY

Mr. K. W. Campbell

It is with regret that the death is announced in the General Hospital on Tuesday night of Mr. Kenneth William Campbell, a well-known resident of Shanghai and formerly of Tientsin. The late Mr. K. W. Campbell had been unwell more or less for several months past and entered the General Hospital ten days ago after being medically attended to at home but a sudden attack of jaundice compelled him to go to the hospital with the view of a complete recovery of health which did not however occur as was confidently expected.

Mr. Campbell was the son of the late Mr. Campbell, a former Provost of Stranraer, Scotland, who carried his own business in the burgh of Stranraer of a well-known brewery which he owned previous to beginning of and during the early railway days when railway transport began. While very successful with his brewery he was also an extensive farmer in the same neighbourhood producing milk in large quantities for the cities of Glasgow and Edinburgh.

Mr. K. W. Campbell came out to the Far East some 50 years ago or more and joined the China Navigation Co. in their China coast trade as a qualified ship's engineer. He had been well-trained at home both in shipbuilding yards in Glasgow and at sea also, and he was one of the builders' engineers who took out a naval cruiser for the Russian Government for trial purposes many years ago and he often spoke of that very memorable occasion and of the great hospitality which the Russian Admiral bestowed on the ship's British officers.

Also before coming out to China, the late Mr. Campbell was one of an engineering party who went out to Egypt on an experimental expedition for the purpose of studying and experimenting, with machinery and apparatus for harnessing the sun's rays there which was looked upon as favourable rendezvous for such purpose.

The late Mr. Campbell was with Messrs. Mackenzie & Co. Ltd., merchants and press packers in Tientsin, Hankow and Shanghai and during the long period which he served with them so loyally he resided at their extensive premises at Pootung for the longest period and became so well-known that he was popularly known as the "Provost of Pootung." He was also in Tientsin with Mackenzie & Co. and did valuable service for the whole community there during the Boxer rising and troubles of 1900. He was also in Hankow where he was superintending engineer during the placement and erection of the home plant and machinery for Mackenzie Co.'s new press-packing works there.

Mr. Campbell was predeceased by his wife who was one of the daughters of the late Mr. and Mrs. Heard of Shanghai. He leaves a family of three daughters and one son aged 22 years, who is with the Yee Tsoong Tobacco Co. Hankow. One of his daughters is the wife of Mr. A. G. Davies, of the Secretarial department of the Shanghai Gas Co. Ltd., one other daughter is the wife of Mr. Coutherly, of the Hongkong & Shanghai Bank and resides in Hongkong; his widowed daughter, Mrs. Sanderson, also resides in Hongkong.

Mr. Campbell was born in Stranraer, Scotland, in 1867 and would have been 73 years of age on July 1. His funeral at Bubbling Well road is tomorrow and his remains will be laid beside the grave of his wife and infant son.

Mr. George Boolsen

The death is announced with regret of Mr. George Boolsen, for 40 years a resident of the Far East, and until his departure from Shanghai a short while ago, manager of the local branch of the Hamburg Amerika Linie. Mr. Boolsen died at Honolulu on Monday evening according to a telegram received in Shanghai on Wednesday.

Ever since first arriving in the Far East, the deceased was connected with the German shipping firm and took an active part in commercial and social activities in this city. He was a member of the Shanghai General Chamber of Commerce since 1930, and became vice-chairman of that organization in the same year, serving in this capacity from 1932 to 1937. The following year he was elected chairman and retained this office until 1939.

The late Mr. Boolsen was very popular in the international community in Shanghai and counted innumerable friends throughout the Far East where he was a well-known figure. He is survived by his wife.

Rulers of Scandinavia

Front left to right: the president of Finland, as it was, Mr. K. Kallio; King Haakon of Norway, whose country is now heroically resisting the Nazis; King Gustav of Sweden, whose position at the time of writing is uncertain; and King Christian of Denmark, whose country was caught unawares by the Nazis and forced to accept an unwelcome "protection."

Mr. Frank H. Hedges

Tokyo, Apr. 10.

Mr. Frank H. Hedges, Japan correspondent for the North American Newspaper Alliance and the London "Daily Telegraph," died here early today.

Mr. Hedges, who was well known in Shanghai, was found dead near the Imperial Hotel where he was living. He was believed to have suffered a stroke. His skull was fractured when he collapsed.

Mr. Hedges, a resident of the Far East for almost twenty years, was unmarried. The American Consulate took charge of his body today pending word from relatives in the United States. He had intended to visit Shanghai soon and also planned a trip to the United States. He visited Shanghai late last year.

Born in Springfield, Mo., in 1895, Mr. Hedges attended the Western Military Academy, Alton, Ill., the Drury College in Springfield, Mo., and the University of Missouri where he graduated from the School of Journalism in 1919.

Before coming to Japan, Mr. Hedges served successively as news editor of the Miami, Oklahoma, "Record-Herald," and the Corpus Christi, Texas, "Caller," later becoming a feature writer for the Washington, D.C. "Herald."

Mr. Hedges served on the staff of the "Japan Advertiser" in Tokyo and Peiping, and was managing editor of the paper from 1923 to 1927.

In 1927 Mr. Hedges became chief of the Far Eastern Bureau of the "Christian Science Monitor," serving in this capacity until 1931. He was also Tokyo correspondent of "The Times" of London in 1930 and 1931.

Since 1931 Mr. Hedges had contributed to numerous newspapers throughout the world, including the "North-China Daily News" in Shanghai. He was contributing editor of the "Japan Times and Mail" since 1935.

Mr. Hedges became executive secretary of the Press Congress of the World in 1934 and held that post until the time of his death.

In the Great War, Mr. Hedges served as a second lieutenant in the 64th Pioneer Infantry. He was a fellow in the American Geological Society, a member of the American Legion, the Rotary Club and several other clubs and fraternities.

Mr. Hedges was the author of several books on Japan, including "In Far Japan," published in 1935.—United Press.

Mrs. Patrick Campbell

London, Apr. 10.

The famous actress, Mrs. Patrick Campbell (Beatrice Stella), died at Pau, in the Pyrénées, today.—Reuter.

U.S. Combat Zone To Murmansk

Area in Scandinavia Now Defined; Credit Terms For Norway and Sweden

Washington, Apr. 11.

President Roosevelt yesterday issued a proclamation defining the combat area in Scandinavia, as established under the United States' Neutrality Law.

The proclamation forbids American ships to enter all waters round the Scandinavian Peninsula. The Russian ports of Archangel and Murmansk are included in the new combat zone. Its limit has been moved from Bergen round the North Cape to a point on the Russian mainland just east of Archangel.

Norway can still buy arms in the United States, without paying cash, since the proclamation is concerned only with the combat zone and does not extend to either Norway or Denmark other provisions of the Neutrality Law, such as the "cash and carry clause," to regulate the purchase of arms.—Reuter.

Washington, Apr. 11.

The President yesterday conferred with Mr. Jesse Jones, Federal Loan administrator, whose department recently made credits, totalling $35,000,000, available to Denmark, Norway and Sweden. According to White House sources, "loans were among the subjects discussed by President Roosevelt."—Reuter.

Freezing Exchange

Washington, Apr. 11.

President Roosevelt yesterday ordered the freezing of all balances of foreign exchange transactions of the United States involving Norway and Denmark or their nationals.

The Secretary of the Treasury, Mr. Henry Morgenthau, was authorized to exercise direct control over such transactions and also require reports with respect to all Norwegian and Danish property in the United States.

Although unexplained, it is assumed that the order was designed to prevent Germany from claiming control over such balances.—United Press.

Danish Minister in U.S.

Washington, Apr. 11.

The Danish Minister, M. Kauffman, states that he understands from President Roosevelt's words that the President will continue to recognize him as Denmark's representative.—Reuter.

King George Caught in False Raid Alarm

London, Apr. 11.

King George was caught in a false air raid warning at Dover yesterday. He was in an automobile touring various military units when the sirens shrieked. He left the car but before he went into a shelter the all-clear was sounded, three minutes after the alarm.—Press.

Spreading of War Favours China

Chungking Believes More Aid Will Be Received From Allied Powers

Chungking, Apr. 11.

"Spreading of the European war is favourable to China," declares the Chinese Catholic daily, "Yih Shih Pao," in a leading article this morning.

"Germany destroys world peace; at the same time, she is the ally of our enemy, Japan. Spreading of the European war is necessary, preliminary to the defeat of aggressors.

"The settlement of problems in the Far East depends on the solution of European issues. Germany's defeat will pave the way to the solution of world problems. Spreading of the war will accelerate the defeat of Germany.

"The Allies have so far been unable to give assistance to China, owing to the fear of Germany in Europe. Spreading of the war will remove obstacles to the Allies' assistance to China.

"Spreading of the war cannot affect the Powers' assistance to China. Furthermore, even if their assistance were affected, it could not affect China's resistance.

"Japan is so exhausted that she cannot make use of the present opportunity to intensify her military operations in China.

"The United States' assistance to the Allies will be further strengthened by spreading of the war. When America enters the war in Europe, she will, at the same time, take positive measures in the Far East," the "Yih Shih Pao" concludes.

In an editorial, the "Hsin Hua Jih Pao," official organ of the Chinese Communist Party, denounces Germany's invasion of the Scandinavian countries.

"We are against war," the paper asserts. "We are against the spreading of war areas." In the German action, the daily sees, however, "measures frustrating the Allies' attempt to establish an anti-Soviet base in northern Europe."—Reuter.

FUNERAL

Mrs. P. W. Massey

In presence of a large attendance of mourners the funeral (cremation) service for the late Mrs. Emeline Sarah Coan Massey, wife of Mr. P. W. Massey was held in the Bubbling Well Cemetery Chapel yesterday afternoon.

The chief mourner was the husband, Mr. P. W. Massey while the honorary pallbearers were:—Mr. A. H. George, Sir Robert Calder-Marshall, Mr. H. G. W. Woodhead, Mr. C. H. Arnhold, Mr. A. P. Nazer and Mr. Louis Lienard. On the coffin, which was draped with a heavy blue velvet pall, rested a beautiful floral cross from Phil, and a floral heart from Joan and Brian. The officiating clergymen were Dean Trivett, the Rev. P. C. Matthews and the Rev. E. J. Ottewell. The hymns "Fight the good fight" and "That rock was Christ" were sung by the congregation led by the boys of the Cathedral Choir and 16 girls from the Cathedral Girls School, Mr. H. F. Baker presiding at the organ.

It had been requested that in lieu of flowers, donations be sent to the King's Daughters' Society but floral tributes were received from the following among others:

Her sisters in England, Tony George, Sir Robert and Lady Calder-Marshall, Mr. and Mrs. Alan Wheen, Mr. Bernard Rozenbaum, Dr. E. L. Marsh, Wendy and Mike Turner, Mr. and Mrs. H. N. Steptoe, Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Kellogg (Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, New York) Joan and James, The members of the Joint Committee of the British Chamber of Commerce and China Association, the Staff of Millington, Ltd., Loh Yeo San (Houseboy), etc.

The arrangements for the funeral were carried out by Messrs. Thomas Macdonald and Co.

Seymour Felix, dance director for 20th Century-Fox's "Lillian Russell," has chosen 100 girls for Lillian Russell's famous "Corset Dance" of the 1890's. They will work for a week with Alice Faye, Don Ameche and Henry Fonda. Felix will stage eight dance routines, some of which will have as may as 500 girls, for the picture. Irving Cummings is the director.

U.S. Releasing Best War Planes

Washington, Apr. 11.

The War Department has released for export three of the latest types of pursuit 'planes —Lockheed P-38, Bell P-39 and Curtiss P-40-D. It will possibly take a year before the machines can be delivered in substantial numbers.—Reuter.

Foreign Woman Manhandled

Japanese Uses Pistol Butt to Injure Miss Cecilia Haas

With bruises on her arms and legs and a serious injury to an eye, presumably caused by the butt of a pistol with which she was struck during her four-hour captivity, Miss Cecilia Haas, Czechoslovakian, was nursing her wounds in her Embankment Building apartment last night and was unable to speak to a "North-China Daily News" reporter.

Investigations revealed that Miss Haas, who is connected with the catering department of Jewish refugees living at the Embankment Building, was standing on Boone Road near the Hongkew Market at about 11.15 a.m. yesterday when a car, licence No. 4607, drove up to her, a Japanese ordered her to sit down in the rear, and the vehicle finally drove off in the direction of Yangtszepoo. Shrieking and attempting to free herself, Miss Haas was seen being finally overpowered by the Japanese and a foreigner who were sitting on either side of her while a Chinese chauffeur was driving.

Questioned at H.Q.

The car proceeded to a piece of vacant ground on Ward Road where a truck-load of Japanese gendarmerie saw her being forcefully taken from the car. The gendarmes intervened and accompanied her to their headquarters where she was questioned.

When permitted to leave, Miss Haas, proceeded to the Japanese Consulate-General where she reported the matter and then went to the General Hospital where her wounds were treated.

The car used in the kidnapping was learned by the "North-China Daily News" to be registered in the name of the Japanese Residents' Corporation. It was found abandoned at the intersection of Seward Road and Broadway at 2.30 p.m. yesterday and was subsequently taken to Hongkew police station.

It was generally believed that the Japanese suspected Miss Haas of urging Jewish refugees not to vote for the Japanese candidates in the municipal elections. Close friends of the victim of yesterday's cowardly attack assured the "North-China Daily News" that Miss Haas had never at any time discussed the elections with anyone. Interesting side-light on the case, is the fact that eye-witnesses to the kidnapping told the "North-China Daily News" reporter that a foreigner, appearing to be a Jewish refugee, was in the car with the Japanese who forced Miss Haas to drive away with them.

Outskirts of Oslo Bombed by Nazis

Civilians Killed; Battle Between British, German Planes Reported

London, Apr. 11.

Aircraft were busy along the Norwegian coast yesterday, noting numbers of descriptions of German ships, while their gunners maintained an all-round watch for German reactions.

Several aircraft were engaged by German machines as they carried out their task over towns, fjords, harbours and sea routes of the invaded country.

One British crew having finished its reconnaissance, gave its whole attention to a German Heinkel, pursuing it for half an hour and putting two good bursts of machine-gun fire into its centre.

When they next attacked, there was no return fire from the German gunner. He appeared to have fallen forward over his gun, either wounded or killed. The German pilot gained shelter in a cloud just in time to avoid further damage.

Another British reconnaissance aircraft damaged the starboard engine of a Heinkel, which had attacked it. The German machine broke off the engagement and made off into the clouds, with smoke pouring from it.

Another Heinkel was driven away by a third Royal Air Force 'plane, after only 90 rounds had been expended by the British rear-gunner.—Reuter.

Black Out

London, Apr. 11.

Three civilians were killed and many were injured during an air battle over Oslo last night during which two planes dropped bombs on the outskirts of the city, the Stockholm radio reported in a broadcast intercepted here last night. The report did not identify the two bombers.

Many British and German planes flew over the Swedish town of Stroenstad and the town was blacked out last night, the radio said. A steady stream of Norwegian refugees were arriving at Stroenstad, it was said.

The radio reported that an air battle was going on between German and British planes over Oslohamn and Vaesty in the neighbourhood of Oslo.

Two hundred German soldiers were reported killed in a violent engagement at Elverum, Norway, the radio declared. It was also reported that 500 Norwegian soldiers had been captured by the German forces near Eudsvald. The Norwegian flag was still flying last night over Kongsvinger, the radio continued.

The Swedish radio said it had been reported that German motorized troops had been driven back in a battle with Norwegian forces, which, it said, was still raging last night. The radio said 200 Germans had been killed in the engagement and many were wounded.—United Press.

More Air Duels

London, Apr. 11.

More air duels between British and German warplanes are announced in a communique issued by the Air Ministry last night.

While searching over Norway for enemy aircraft yesterday afternoon, two long-range Royal Air Force fighters encountered two German machines. The British 'planes immediately dived to attack and raked the Germans with machine-gun fire. One of them exploded and was entirely destroyed, while the other was very severely damaged.

While on patrol duty off the north-east coast early in the evening, a Hurricane machine of the Royal Air Force Fighter Command shot down two Heinkel bombers.

A British fighter intercepted a Heinkel III at a great height near Cape Gris Nez, on the French coast in the Channel. The British 'plane engaged the enemy closely until its ammunition was exhausted. The German aircraft was last seen diving into a cloud, with black smoke pouring from its port engine.—Reuter.

Scapa Flow Attacked

London, Apr. 11.

Six German bombers were shot down yesterday evening over the North Sea, Scotland and Scapa Flow and three others were destroyed, the Admiralty and Air Ministry announced in a joint communique last night.

The communique stated that the first engagement occurred when German bombers attacked an Allied convoy near Moray Firth. Two German planes were shot down and fell into Moray Firth, the announcement reported. A third was believed destroyed, it was said.

Later in the evening, the communique continued, German bombers attacked Scapa Flow in a series of waves. Anti-aircraft batteries shot down three German bombers and British fighters brought down two it was said. In addition, two German bombers were believed to have been so seriously damaged that they were unable to reach their bases.

Sirens were sounded at the extreme north of Scotland at 8.51 p.m. and the all clear signal was sounded at 10.30.—United Press.

Base in Denmark Raided

New York, Apr. 11.

British planes raided a German naval base in Denmark yesterday, sinking one German ship and damaging others, the National Broadcasting System said the British Broadcasting Corporation had announced last night.—United Press.

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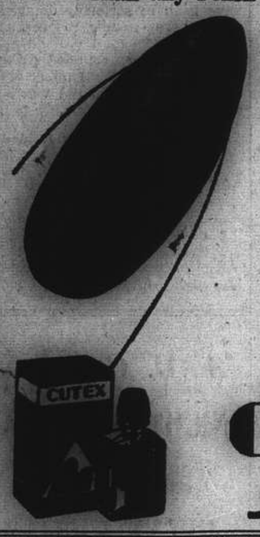

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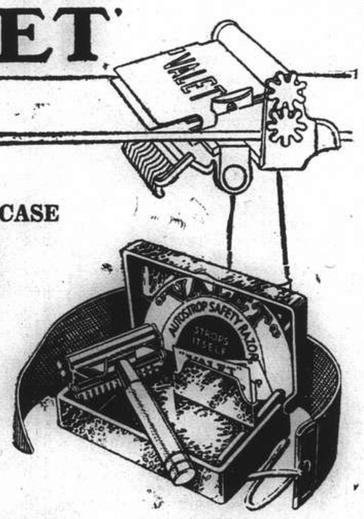

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THE COUNTER-STROKE

If everything progresses as satisfactorily on the Norwegian coast as it has up to the present, since Great Britain went to the assistance of that much injured country, Germany is in a fair way to meeting a reverse which may have a considerable influence on the manner in which she will continue to conduct the war. The German command really do appear to have been convinced that they did hold mastery over the North Sea, for otherwise it is inconceivable why they should have undertaken the raid on the Norwegian coast, which extended their lines of communication which it was certain the Allies would attack if they possibly could. They could, and they did. Bergen, confirmed, and Trondhjem, unconfirmed, have been reported as recaptured by the British from the German landing parties, the Skager Rak, said to have been mined by the Germans has been penetrated in force by the British navy which at the time of writing was demanding the surrender of Oslo, while the British air arm was actively engaged in supporting the Norwegian forces giving battle to the German detachments at Elverum to the north of Hamar. In Skager Rak a fierce battle was reported still to be continuing. Four German transports have been destroyed there and the German convoys scattered. Two German cruisers have been sunk, the Bluecher and the Karlsruhe, while a number of destroyers have met the same fate. It is reported that a German vessel of the Deutschland class has been sunk off Horten, another warship by the Norwegians at Stavanger, while it is alleged that 40,000 tons of German shipping has been sunk off Oscarsborg fortress. The sinking of a German transport off Arendal has also been claimed, and it is also alleged that the Gneisenau has been sunk by Norwegian batteries in Oslo Fjord. There is every probability that these reports are entirely correct for they are exactly the type of result which the Allied forces set out determined to effect, but nevertheless owing to the diversity of places from which these reports emanate and the possibility of some duplication they should be accepted with reserve until there is official confirmation.

The German high command appears to have made a miscalculation based, as has been pointed out above, on the belief that Germany did hold command of the North Sea. Otherwise it is difficult to understand how they could ever have contemplated the despatch of forces to places so far distant as Trondhjem, somewhere about nine hundred miles from their bases. Not only would the passage of the original landing forces have to be effected, but the lines of communication would have to be maintained at all times, and it is unbelievable that the Germans would have embarked upon such an adventure unless they were certain in their own minds that their lines could be maintained. There is every prospect if the present rate of Allied success is maintained that in the not too distant future the German forces already in Norway will be cut off and left to their own devices until lack of continual supplies forces them to surrender. The speed with which the Allies retaliated suggests that their intelligence services are working admirably, for the German coup must have been fully expected for a riposte to be delivered in so short a space of time. The *élan* with which the Allies accepted this German challenge is amply demonstrated in the manner in which they forced the passage of the minefields in the Skager Rak and penetrated Oslo Fjord. It was fully in keeping with their naval traditions, and there is not a Briton or a Frenchman this day who does not feel proud of the prowess of their arms. There is a suggestion that the naval forces in the Skager Rak have been entrapped by the German minefield, but it has to be remembered that in the last war the Allies proved that if they could pierce one to go in they could do the same thing to come out even in more restricted waters, and there is no reason to believe that they will prove incapable of doing the same thing on this occasion.

In the meantime judging from the scanty reports to hand there was some conflict of information as to what was actually happening in Norway itself. There were reports that the Norwegian Government was preparing to negotiate with the German invaders. On the other hand Norwegian forces were giving battle to the Germans at Elverun, some seventy miles north of Oslo, suggesting that the Germans must have moved very quickly inland after landing at Oslo. It has now been decided that Norway will fight on the side of the Allies. Whether the Norwegians negotiated a peace with the Germans, or not, it would have no effect on Allied action with regard to their intentions in that part of the world. The reduction of Norway to the same status as that which Denmark has accepted,—and there can be no real criticism of the Government of that country for making the decision it has,—would not restore Norwegian neutrality, which Germany has so often, and so flagrantly violated. It would continue to be regarded as an enemy occupied country and subjected to all the disadvantages which must arise therefrom. Nor is it likely that the Allies will retire from the ports they have already occupied, or those others which they hope to capture in as quick a time as possible. Germany by her actions has justified the Allies' action. It is but to be expected that Germany will seek to take a big revenge for the blows which have been inflicted upon her, and the commencement of warfare on a total scale may now occur at any moment. When the news of this reverse to German arms percolates into Germany, as assuredly it will, it may be expected to have a profound effect on the *moral* of the people. That the Reich can only hope to offset with stories of other victories. It may be that the long expected raids over Great Britain will soon eventuate. If they do they will be met by the fortitude of the British people encouraged by the news of such a success as this, and with the determination that there will be a demand for an eye for an eye, and a tooth for a tooth, and with the knowledge that what the Allies' navies have done at sea can, and will be duplicated by their armies on land.

Denmark's Prospects

It is to be hoped that the British will, as it is reported they might, establish some sort of protectorate over the Danish territories of the Faroe Islands, Iceland and Greenland, if only as a means of preventing the Germans from seizing them. They would have considerable difficulty in doing it, though it must be remembered that they may be tempted to make an endeavour to do so in order to secure northern air bases for the purpose of further embarrassing Great Britain. British protection could be given without in any way interfering with the independence of the areas in question, and the maintenance by Iceland of her age-old independence. In the meantime the establishment of a new Government in Denmark under the auspices of the German invaders follows along the lines adopted by Soviet Russia when it invaded Finland, when M. Kuusinen was permitted to establish an administration in competition with that normally stationed at Helsinki. Fortunately its life was not of long duration, and M. Kuusinen has slipped back into the background where his antecedents suggest he properly belongs. There is a sinister passage in one of the telegrams published yesterday to the effect that Copenhagen being full of German espionage agents, the Gestapo is reported to be working, and acting on the basis of lists of names compiled in advance. From this it is to be assumed that Danes who have expressed little sympathy with the Nazis, if not actual dislike, may be expected to receive the same treatment as those of the same political complexion in Czechoslovakia, Austria and Poland. Opposition will be wiped out, and the protection which the Germans say they are extending to the Danes will undoubtedly be seen in the liquidation of many Danes who wish, and are ready to work for the independence of their own country. The iniquity of the evil thing which has clamped down on Denmark will probably be realized in the course of the next few weeks, for unless the Nazis have undergone a complete change of heart, which cannot for one moment be believed, they will follow just the same programme for the eradicating of Danish culture and the substitution of their own as they have adopted in other countries unfortunate enough to come under their dominance.

Radio For the Forces

One of the most popular features of recent B.B.C. activities is the introduction of special programmes for the British forces. At first, these programmes were subject to considerable criticism. There was far too much "mothering" and a lack of that vigorous type of humour and entertainment which a virile body of men, facing a big task, would expect. Improvements have been made and the original prejudice is disappearing. Moreover, with the arrival of men from the Dominions there is a demand for more material of an Empire character. It is announced that shortly representatives from the Dominions may take part in announcing the B.B.C. programmes for the forces. Within a fortnight of the publication of an advertisement inviting applications for the post of announcer, the B.B.C. received more than a thousand letters. It is hoped that one or more of the Dominion applicants may prove suitable as it is felt that troops from Canada, Australia and other Dominions would appreciate hearing programmes announced in the tones and accents of their own countries. The Corporation has decided not only to augment the existing staff of announcers but to broaden the scope of their duties. Future announcements will take three specialized forms: there will be a team of news readers, another team for general programme announcements and a third chiefly concerned with presenting the Forces' programmes. This involves the introduction of ten new voices in one or other of the categories. These arrangements should meet with general approval. Based on the results of the test matches, nothing was more pleasing than to listen to the Australians broadcasting English defeats—and triumphs.

"Night Must Fall"

To the growing list of remarkable shows which local amateur actors have recently been producing must be added that presented on Wednesday by the A.D.C. of "Night Must Fall," at the Lyceum Theatre. Rarely has a better cast been selected, and not often has it acquitted itself so well as it did at the first performance. The honours go to Mr. W. H. Spring, Miss Joyce Middleton, and Mrs. Pat Merritt. Mr. Spring makes, it is believed, his first appearance on the local stage and his performance was for an amateur a veritable *tour de force*. Entrusted with a great deal of emotional acting, which the average amateur can so easily bungle, he at no time sounded a false note and his work was just about as polished as anything seen recently on the local stage. Much the same may be said of Miss Joyce Middleton who was not only excellently cast, but has shown very considerable improvement since she last appeared in the Lyceum Theatre. Her acting throughout was convincing, and she is most warmly to be congratulated on her performance. Mrs. Merritt's character study of the tyrannous old woman completely taken in by the suavity of the man who was to murder her gave a portrayal of fear in the last scene but one which was most thrilling, while the rest of the cast, though they must remain unmentioned, may rest assured that their efforts were well appreciated. It is indeed gratifying to watch this continued improvement in the quality of acting for which local amateurs are responsible. It is to be found not only in the productions for which the A.D.C. is responsible, but those which have been arranged by other talented groups of amateurs, and the question may be asked whether it is not the modified form of competition which is thus being offered which is bringing all that is best out of the talented people taking part. If that is the case it is all to the good, for there is undoubtedly taking place in Shanghai a greater appreciation of the legitimate stage than there has been for some years past. That will continue so long as such excellent fare as that provided in recent shows is continued, and it is to be hoped that the A.D.C. as well as the independent groups will persevere along the lines they are at present following, for in them is to be found the best means of furthering the art.

A COUNTRY DIARY

Weihaiwei, April 6.—It is a well established fact that islands are much favoured havens of rest for migrating birds, and islands such as Heligoland and Capri are famous in Europe as observation posts for bird watchers: that islet known as Shaweishan where the lighthouse stands on the seaward route from Shanghai was much used by the pioneers in our local ornithology, and if it were not so difficult of access many of us would probably use it now. All such matters were, however, out of my mind when I sailed for the island known as Liukungtao—not a mile from the mainland here—on the eve of the period known as Ching Ming which denotes "Pure Brightness": it was indeed a pure bright day with brilliant sunshine on the calm blue waters, and I little thought I should see what I did see. For days past I had been expecting to see Hoopoes, those beautiful birds whose call is exactly described by their name but I had searched the hills in vain. Rising on the morning after my arrival in the island, I found there were scores of hoopoes flitting about in the gardens, alighting to feed and opening and shutting their fanlike crests after the manner of a cockatoo: the pine trees full of little squeaking titmice, while thrushes were foraging in the lower scrub: larks rose at every corner and it was obvious that the island was full of bird-life. Then the weather suddenly changed: great grey clouds rolled up; a gale of wind came up from the north-west and snow, that enemy of all aviators, fell quite heavily! A wedge of geese a quarter of a mile long drove across the stormy sky in perfect formation bound due north, but the smaller birds stuck closely to their sanctuary. And this was the day of Ching Ming! All of which goes to show that if you are a small bird you do *not* consult a calendar....you scent the weather from afar, and dash for the nearest island.

MACHINES AND MEN

When Wood Took the Place of Metal

We've all heard of the "born engineer." I think he's a fairly common product, and I have always wanted to know what he did with himself only a century-and-a-half ago when there was no engineering profession, says "L. H." in the "Field." The museums give a very partial light on the subject. Machines prior to the mid-eighteenth century were made almost entirely of wood, with certain exceptions such as clocks, steelyards and other weighing devices. So, unless special conditions favoured its preservation—as in the case of the Exeter fire-engine which bears the date 1626—wooden machinery got smashed up or burnt, and can never be rediscovered by archæologists.

A great many people must have seen the donkeywheel at Carisbrooke Castle, which pulls up a bucket of water weighing 1½cwt. from a well that is rather more than 150ft. deep. You see the same kind of wheel in cages for mice and squirrels. The Carisbrooke wheel is 15ft. 6in. in diameter, which easily allows a donkey to get in. There are cross slats on the inner tread of the wheel, so that when the donkey steps out the drum revolves. But the wheel (which replaced another one in 1580) was not made for a donkey to work, but a man — a prisoner, so they will tell you with grim satisfaction. That as may be. But it is a man-power machine.

A bas-relief in the Lateran Museum shows a man-power wheel exactly like ours at work, under the eye of a Roman contractor, lifting a large block of stone into position on a public building. These wheels were, in fact, used as cranes in the making of our cathedrals. I have seen two of them which are not only in working order still but actually in service. One is in the spire of Salisbury Cathedral and the other (which is more accessible to the general public) is in the roof of Beverley Minster.

Ready for Action at Moment's Notice

The latter is situated above the vault of the crossing, ready for action at a moment's notice. By the wheel a stone casing rises from the floor like the top of a well. It is filled by a solitary round stone, perhaps 3ft. in diameter, with a ring in the middle. This is the obverse of the great central boss which fits into the intersection of the cross groins of nave, transepts and choir. It must weigh a ton, perhaps more.

If you are going to do repairs on or about the roof, and want balks of timber brought up from the ground level, you hook your wheel-rope into the ring in the back of the boss and get into the wheel. A little gentle walking will bring the heavy boss swimming up out of its well. Your mate pulls it to one side, lowers it and unhooks. You can now fish anything from the floor of the nave that will go through the hoist-hole. I imagine that both this and the Salisbury wheel are of fourteenth century date.

One has to test this apparatus to be properly impressed with the ease with which the power can be applied. Evidently they did not adopt this principle for the prison tread-mill, because it was too comfortable. In the tread-mill the power was applied outside the wheel, so it meant that the operator, instead of appearing to walk on the level, had to walk uphill—up, up, up, with aching back and straining muscles and, in the heart, the certain knowledge that it was mechanically impossible ever to reach the summit. The curious may see a treadmill still in position in the old jail at Beaumaris—I don't know whether there are any others still fixed *in situ*.

IN PARENTHESIS

Home Science

FATHER (wishing to show off his boy's scientific knowledge): "Billy, what does it mean when steam comes out of the spout of the kettle?"

Billy: "Ma's going to open one of your letters!"

* * *

Transferred

"WAS she furious when he broke off the engagement?" asked the first sweet young thing.

"Furious!" answered the second. "Why, she took off her ring and flung it on to her right hand!"

* * *

Diplomat

"'ERE," protested a private, "who the so-and-so spread the butter on this 'ere bread?"

"I did—and what abaht it?" growled a huge and aggressive-looking corporal.

The private subsided. "That's orl right, mate," he murmured. "But what I wants to know is—who scraped it orf again?"

* * *

Higher Than High

"AND how high does your balloon go?" asked the old lady.

The sergeant grinned.

"Funny you should ask that, ma'am," he replied. "I've been wondering about it all day. You see, when we pulled it in this morning, we looked on top, and there, large as life, lay a bloomin' 'arp."

* * *

Entertainment

A CHINESE mandarin of lofty rank attended a fashionable dance one evening.

He watched for some time the contortions and kicks of the young men and women of Society as they danced; then he turned to his hostess, and said in a tone of mild astonishment: "Can't you get your servants to do this for you?"

* * *

More to the Point

AT the conclusion of a Nature class, the teacher asked her small pupils:

"And don't you think it is wonderful, children, how the little chickens get out of their shells?"

But one quick-witted little eight-year-old went one better:

"But what gets me, miss, is how they get in," he remarked.

* * *

Down Under

THE inspector was examining the boys in arithmetic. "Now," he said, "I'll set you one more problem. If a cat falls down a bottomless well, and for every two feet it climbs up it falls down three, how long will it take to get out?"

One boy took a sheet of paper, and after filling both sides with a mass of figures, asked for another.

"Good gracious!" snapped the inspector, "haven't you sense enough to see that the cat will never get out of the well?"

"Don't be in a hurry, sir," replied the boy. "There's plenty of time, and heaps more paper. If you give me long enough, I'll bring the little beggar out in Australia."

* * *

Owl-like

THE young man was burning the candle at both ends. Seldom did he arrive home until the early hours of the morning. Finally his father decided to tackle him on the subject.

"Don't you think," he said sternly, "that you ought to mend your ways?"

The young man nodded.

"Well, Dad," he replied, "I've at last decided to settle down and do some work."

"And what are you thinking of doing?" asked the now-surprised parent.

"I think I'll take up poultry-farming," said the young man.

"H-m!" sniffed his father. "Better try owls; their hours would suit you better."

* * *

About Cannibals

CANNIBAL Queen: Oh, what a disgrace!

Friend: What's the trouble?

Cannibal Queen: The King's turned vegetarian!

First Cannibal: What makes the King so talkative this morning?

Second Cannibal: Oh, he ate a couple of barbers for breakfast.

Woman Captive: So you like my looks, do you?

Cannibal: My dear, you look sweet enough to eat.

British Recapture Norway Ports from Nazis

Thrilling Actions Described as Naval And Land Forces Nullify German Gains; Large Losses Suffered by Invaders

London, Apr. 11.

CHANCELLOR Adolf Hitler's attempt to seize Norway and Denmark as a startling example of the power of his "blitzkrieg" and for the purpose of using the two countries as a springboard from which to strike at Britain's mastery of the North Sea today appeared to have acted as a boomerang, threatening to crush the German fleet most decisively in naval history's greatest sea battle.

Three days of sea and aerial battles in the Skagerrak region and the 1,200-mile stretch between Kattegat and Narvik have caused both the Allies and the Germans to suffer heavy losses, both in men and ships, with all neutral and official reports indicating that Germany's Scandinavian adventure was proving to be a blunder.

Britain suffered the loss of two more destroyers and announced that an aerial bomb had hit but not crippled the 33,950-ton battleship Rodney, but at the same time said that a German U-boat was sunk off the Orkneys and aerial bombs had sent a German cruiser to the bottom of the sea off Bergen, Norway, on Tuesday.

British naval guns and torpedoes were reported from Sweden to have wrought havoc among German destroyers and transports in the icy waters off Norway where wreckage of ships mingled with thousands of bodies.

Britain Has Upper Hand

With 50,000 tons of German warships and armed merchantmen sunk and another 30,000 tons either damaged or sunk, according to most neutral and official estimates, Britain appeared to have the upper hand in the naval warfare to date.

Meanwhile, the latest events in Europe resulted in both political and business activity in the United States. In Washington, President Roosevelt ordered the freezing of all balances of foreign exchange transactions of the United States involving Norway and Denmark or their nationals. At the same time, the Reconstruction Finance Corporation ordered the holding up of federal credits to all Scandinavian countries as the President adopted a "stop, look and listen" policy.

The naval battle in the North Sea apparently had some effect on the Senate Appropriations sub-committee which rushed through a favourable report on the U.S.$967,414,878 Navy Bill for the 1941 fiscal year.—United Press.

British Cruiser Hit

"In the first of their air raids, a cruiser was hit aft, which necessitated several weeks' repair. Otherwise, up to the time at which I am speaking, no vessel has been hit or damaged in Scapa Flow, and no objective of the slightest military importance has been hit ashore, and very few people have been hurt.

"The enemy has shown himself increasingly gun-shy in attacks on Scapa Flow. This is hardly to be wondered at, since batteries, especially when reinforced by the powerful batteries of the Fleet, can deliver by far the heaviest concentration of anti-aircraft fire in the world.

"In the latest raid, which took place last night at dusk, 60 aircraft attacked in successive waves without doing the slightest damage, although they suffered the loss of at least six aircraft (cheers).

"Credit for this is divided—I would almostt say disputed—between the batteries and the excellently-combined and skilfully-used air squadrons.

To Fight it Out

"We are ready to fight this matter out at Scapa Flow, as it is of the utmost importance to the Fleet to make themselves comfortable there, and of course repeated attacks give practice to the batteries against the speed of aircraft, which no towed target we have been able to devise could possibly supply (laughter and cheers).

"We must, of course, always be prepared, when we run risks, for occasional losses. The Fleet was in instant readiness at Scapa Flow when on Sunday night news was received from our air reconnaissance, which ranges the whole North Sea, that a German battlecruiser, with a number of other cruisers and destroyers, was moving very swiftly northwards.

"The Commander-in-Chief immediately put to sea to find them and to bring them to action.

"At the same time, independently of this, a strong British naval force was approaching Narvik in order to lay a minefield off the Norwegian coast for purposes I have described. The minefield was laid according to plan at daybreak on Monday. The minelayers then withdrew in order to avoid the risk of collision with Norwegian war vessels maintaining that country's neutrality.

"One of the destroyers of this North Sea force that went to lay mines lost a man overboard on Sunday afternoon and stayed behind for some time to pick him up. This destroyer, the Glowworm, was proceeding northwards to rejoin the force when at eight o'clock on Monday morning she saw first one, and then two enemy destroyers, which she engaged.

Glowworm Sunk

"She then reported an unknown number of enemy ships to the north. These incidents came to us one by one at intervals of a few minutes, but the last message ended abruptly and we can only conclude that the Glowworm has been sunk by greatly superior forces of the enemy which she encountered, but there is no reason why a large proportion of her crew could not have been saved if the ordinary humanity of fighting men—which is a different thing from the humanity of the German Government—has been practised by the enemy.

It was a very animated House which assembled in anticipation of Mr. Churchill's statement.

Some early questions were inaudible owing to conversation, which clearly indicated that, as on all big occasions, the House was impatient to get to the real business of the day.

Mr. Churchill, who was loudly cheered, said he was sure he would receive the indulgence of the House if by any chance there should be some minor error in fact or details in the statement he was going to make.

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Berlin Alarmed at Developments

Public on Edge to Learn Latest News from Fight In Scandinavia

Amsterdam, Apr. 11.

Result of the fighting in Scandinavia is being awaited in Berlin with growing nervousness.

Neutral correspondents describe how the population is storming newspaper offices and gathering round shops where there are wireless loud speakers, to hear censored and one-sided reports of the German High Command.

It is made clear that the situation is one of utmost seriousness. The crowd that is now almost permanently gathered outside reach of the Chancellery is grave-faced and silent.

Cars containing highly-placed military and political figures roll up at the Chancellery. Conference after conference is being held, Field-Marshal Herman Goering, Aviation Minister, being one of the most constant visitors. All reports are at once rushed to Herr Hitler in his study, and are often brought by experts or advisers, who add comments by the War Office and wait for the Fuehrer's reply.

No Triumph

In the best-informed quarters, say neutral sources, there is no sign of triumphant gloating, as there was immediately after the occupation of Denmark. A semi-official commentary last night said: "No illusions are entertained about the fact that yesterday only brought the successful beginning of an audacious enterprise."

Over-optimism is being carefully avoided.

Articles, obviously prepared well in advance, have started appearing in the papers, trying to prove that Germany can absorb all exports from Norway and Denmark, and can supply them with the goods they have to import. There is no hint, however, of where Norway is going to obtain textile goods, minerals, oils and colonial goods, such as tea, coffee and rubber. Nor is it explained how the Norwegian merchant fleet, the third biggest in the world, will keep going.—Reuter.

News Awaited

Berlin, Apr. 11.

Berlin eagerly awaited reports of the battle between German and British air and naval forces in the North Sea last night.

Although the German High Command yesterday afternoon announced German planes had engaged British naval units over the North Sea, no information was available in Berlin last night regarding the outcome.

The official German News Agency, DNB, last night merely reported German planes "patrolled over the Danish and Norwegian coasts."—United Press.

German Bombers Raid Britain

Costly Flights Carried Out Over British Ports; Three Shot Down

London, Apr. 11.

Yesterday's severe German air raids over British ports were described in a joint communique issued this morning by the Admiralty, the Air Ministry, and the Ministry for Home Security.

The communique said that on the evening of April 10 the enemy carried out a number of bombing raids in North Scotland. Two Heinkel bombers were brought down while attacking a convoy. Both fell into the Firth of Moray. It is believed that a third enemy bomber was destroyed in the same engagement.

Later, the enemy attacked Scapa Flow in full formation.

Air raid warnings were sounded at 8.51 p.m. by way of precaution and the "raiders passed" signal was given at 10.10 p.m.

The raid was carried out by large numbers of enemy aircraft which attacked in successive waves of both large and small formations. Bombs were dropped and machine-gun attacks carried out against Stromness and Kirkwall. The raid, however, was abortive, and no damage was done to warships or other shipping.

The only casualty was a man who suffered slight injuries when struck by a bomb splinter.

Bombers Brought Down

Anti-aircraft guns opened fire and both the fleet air arm and fighter aircraft were sent up to intercept the attackers.

It is certain that three enemy bombers were brought down by anti-aircraft fire and one by a pursuit plane.

It is probable that two more enemy bombers were also brought down by British fighter planes. They were seen to be seriously damaged by machine-gun fire, and it is not likely that they were able to reach their bases. One enemy pilot, who bailed out just when his plane was about to crash into the sea, was picked up by a British destroyer.

One German plane cruised at a great height over the Orkney Islands, but later crashed in flames.—Havas.

Big Naval and Air Battle Now In Progress

British Capture of Bergen, Trondheim From Germans

London, Apr. 11.

"The biggest sea and air battle in history is being fought offf the Norwegian coast and in the Skagerrack," says the Rome Radio, quoting a message from Amsterdam.

"About 1,000 German and 600 British 'planes are engaged in the battle, which is still going on.

"At present, strong units of the British Navy are about to force a wedge between Denmark and Norway."

Fire increasing in intensity was heard at 3 a.m. off Halloe and Smoegen, at the eastern end of the Skager Rack, between Lysekil and the Norwegian frontier, according to a report from Stockholm.

It is reported from Lysekil that a vessel of unknown nationality has been torpedoed or mined off Halloe. All of the crew are believed to be lost.

Ten vessels, thought to be German, were seen from Marstrand, in the neighbourhood of Paternoster Island. One ship was seen to go down, and it is believed that three others were also sunk.

Five German vessels stayed to rescue men in the water. Fishermen continue to see large numbers of dead floating down the coast.

Terrific Battle

Stockholm, Apr. 11.

The German and British fleets and air forces, as well as Norwegian troops, were fighting today along a tremendous area of the Norwegian coast and at various points in the interior of Norway.

Ten German warships and 10 Nazi troop transports and an undisclosed number of British warships, planes and submarines were engaged in a terrific battle in the Skagerrak yesterday and today, according to latest reports.

The German cruiser Emden and another Nazi warship were reported sunk in the Skagerrak battle, which was still raging today. The Emden was sunk single-handed by the Norwegian mine-laying gunboat Olav Tryhgvasson, well-informed sources said.

A German transport late last night sent an S.O.S. from somewhere near Oslo Fjord, it was understood.

Loud gunfire was audible from small islands off Tyoernoe, north of Gothenburg. Swedish fishermen in speedy motor launches were preparing to aid survivors of the battle.

The Swedish radio announced that many small vessels near Gothenborg were picking up bodies from German transports which were sunk during the sea battle.

Meanwhile, the Norwegian high command was reported to be making an effort to concentrate strong forces north of Oslo, where Norwegian troops have already made a successful stand against Germans.

Distress Message

Reports carried by the Oslo radio said Norwegian forces at Tromsoe had sent a distress message to British warships asking for aid because two German transports had begun landing troops near Tromoe late last night.

The German-sponsored Quisling "Government" sent a message to the Norwegian fortress at Bellearna, commanding the Oslo Fjord, demanding the immediate surrender of the fortress, but the defenders refused, the Norwegian radio asserted.

Following the Norwegian refusal to surrender at the Oslo Fjord fortress, German planes launched a savage attack and rained bombs on the fort, but Bellearna was still holding out and the Norwegian flag was flying over the stronghold late last night, the Oslo radio reported.

Swedish observers, analyzing late Oslo reports, asserted that if Germany wanted to ensure success in Norway, she must quickly establish dependable and defendable communications so that German forces can obtain supplies and reinforcements.

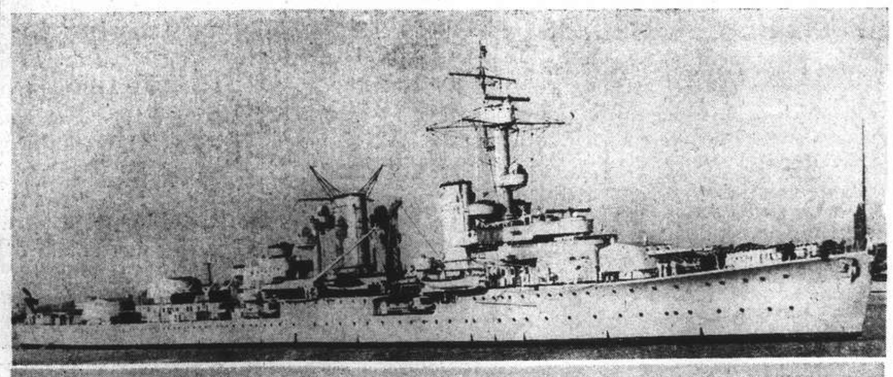
The Allies seem determined to throw their superior naval power against the German invaders in an effort to cut off the Nazi occupational army from the south, observers pointed out.—United Press.

Nine-Hour Naval Battle

Gothenburg, Sweden, Apr. 11.

A furious nine-hour sea battle in the Skagerrak, lasting intermittently from 3 p.m. until midnight yesterday, was witnessed by coastal islanders who today said that they saw two ships, believed to be German transports, explode and sink. They also reported that they saw hundred of heads bobbing in the water after the terrible explosions.

(Continued on page 8, col. 4)



Two German Cruisers Sunk

Above, the German cruiser Karlsruhe, which has been sunk by combined British and Norwegian action off the coast of Norway. Below, the cruiser Emden, possessor of a famous name, which has also been a victim of the Allied naval attacks around Scandinavia.

Norwegian Troops Fighting Desperately at Elverum

German Invaders Meeting Stiff Resistance in Some Sections; Major Battle Raging

Stockholm, Apr. 11.

ALTHOUGH the swiftness and surprise of the German action against Norway gave the Reich's landing troops some early advantage, the tide now seems to be turning in favour of the Norwegian and Allied forces, according to latest reports from Norway. A stiff battle took place between Norwegian and German troops at a point 5 kilometres outside Elverum last night and resulted in the Germans being captured. From Charlottenberg it is learned that the Oscarsborg forts are resisting bravely and efficiently. Part of the forts along Oslo Fjord are still in Norwegian hands, and are busy firing upon German troop transports. Observers arriving here from Oslo report that three German warships were sunk there on Tuesday while trying to sail up the fjord. The only German success reported today is the capitulation of the forts at Horten.—Havas.

Norway Will Fight With Allies

King Haakon Calls on Nation to Go on With Battle Against Nazis

Stockholm, Apr. 11.

Norway's intention to fight side by side with the Allies and not to capitulate to Germany, was stressed by King Haakon, in a proclamation today.

"The invaders can certainly cause great destruction, but the Government is sure that a future of freedom will emerge for the country.

"Consequently, I call on the entire nation to retain the country's traditional liberty, and to continue the struggle to that end."—Reuter.

Puppets Denounced

Stockholm, Apr. 11.

King Haakon of Norway has refused the German demand that he should recognize the puppet government under M. Quisling, says a Norwegian Press Agency dispatch from Elverum.

The committee of three, reported to have been formed yesterday to negotiate with the German authorities, has announcd that it agreed with the King, emphasizing that the German demand was unconstitutional and that there was no basis for negotiations.—Reuter.

Norwegians Flock to Colours

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Apr. 11.

Large numbers of volunteers as well as conscripts flocked to registration offices following the Norwegian Government's mobilization order, states the Swedish wireless. Many Swedes volunteered for service in the Norwegian Army.—Reuter.

Premier Stands Firm

London, Apr. 11.

It is learned that Premier Nygaardsvold of Norway published a proclamation to the German people this morning reasserting the country's determination to resist the German invasion.

The proclamation rejected the Reich's demand that the puppet Quisling Government be recognized.—Havas.

Allied assistance has already reached the Norwegian army, and a fierce battle is now raging at Elverum, north of Hamar, the usually well-informed Swedish newspaper "Aftonbladet" reported today. The battle started afternoon and was still progressing last night when the paper received the report.

The Germans are fighting with strong aviation support, while the planes of the Allied airforces are helping the small but well-equipped Norwegian forces. Several German detachments have already been wiped out, the "Aftonbladet" reported, and the German command is rushing reinforcements by truck convoys escorted by planes.

The Norwegian government, which evacuated Hamar, made a short stop at Elverum, and then proceeded northward, probably to Antrysil.—Havas.

Battle Confirmed

London, Apr. 10.

The reports from the Swedish newspaper "Aftonbladet" of a fight raging at Elverum, north of Hamar, were confirmed today by semi-official sources in London.

The troops making the stand against the Germans are probably part of the Trondheim division, which is 12,000 strong, it was added.—Havas.

Heroic Stand of 15 Men

Stockholm, Apr. 11.

The heroic fight of a small Norwegian outpost of 15 men of troops covering the transfer of the Government from Hamar to Elverum, against a German advance guard numbering 100 men, was described by M. Hambro, Speaker of the Norwegian Parliament, when he arrived here.

The outpost, he said constituted the only Norwegian troops on the road to Hamar. They immediately gave battle to the Germans, and succeeded in halting them. Nearly all Norwegians were killed, M. Hambro added.—Reuter.

Norwegians Dig In

Maimo, Sweden, Apr. 11.

Norwegian troops dug themselves in near Elverum, about 80 miles north of Oslo, and are tenaciously resisting German attempts to break their line.

According to latest reports reaching here, fighting on a big scale is going on, but details are lacking.—Reuter.

Sections of Norway Resisting

Paris, Apr. 11.

Breakdown of Norwegian communications is so complete that little is known of what is happening at the moment, but news trickling through suggests there is sporadic resistance in parts of the country, according to a Stockholm messasge.

The population of Oslo appears to have been demoralised by the swift action of the Germans, and to be sadly impressed by the puppet government set up by the invaders.

The atmosphere is one of dejected resignation. There is a spirit of resistance in the interior.—Reuter.

Sharp Fighting at Stavanger

Stockholm, Apr. 11.

A number of soldiers were killed on both sides when the Germans seized Stavanger at 1 o'clock Tuesday afternoon following sharp fighting, according to news from the frontier.

The Norwegian destroyer Aeger sank a German ship, presumably a transport, during the occupation of Stavanger, but the Aeger later was bombed from the air and sunk.

It is estimated that 120 Norwegians were killed during the occupation of

(Continued on page 8, col. 3)

Daring Exploit by British Plane Over German Air Base in Norway

Uninterrupted Reconnaissance Successful with Enemy Taken Completely by Surprise

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Apr. 11.

It is authoritatively stated that a Royal Air Force reconnaissance 'plane flew over the Stavanger aerodrome shortly after dawn yesterday at a height of 50 feet, counted and classified every one of numerous German aircraft grounded there, and returned safely.

The pilot had instructions to obtain photographs and information. He would have exceeded his order had he jeopardised his safe return by attacking the German craft, although the target was tempting.

Apparently the Germans were taken entirely by surprise, for the pilot was able to carry out his reconnaissance uniterrupted, and he made a second flight across the aerodrome to confirm his observation.

Later the plane also flew low over Stavanger, skimming roofs of houses and the railway station, in which were three passenger trains and luggage.

The pilot reported that Stavanger appeared to be asleep, but the Germans apparently gave the alarm soon afterwards, and as he made his way to sea once more his machine was shot at by anti-aircraft batteries. A Heinkel appeared in the distance but it did not close with the British plane, which returned safely.—Reuter.

Norwegian Government At Nybergsund

Stockholm, Apr. 11.

The Norwegian Government has left Elverum for Nybergsund, according to the "Dagens Nyheter," which adds that the King is remaining at Elverum.—Reuter.

R.A.F. Destroy 19 Nazi Planes

British Losses Given as Nine; All Commands Now Intensively Engaged

London, Apr. 11.

It is officially announced that 19 German aircraft have been destroyed by the Royal Air Force since Sunday, including seven bombers shot down over Scapa Flow last night.

Nine Royal Air Force 'planes were lost during the same period.

The Air Ministry, in making this announcement, says that since early morning of Sunday, April 7, all operational commands of the R.A.F. have been intensively engaged in operations against the enemy.

In addition to normal security and convoy protection patrols, reconnaissance aircraft maintained a close watch over the North Sea and on the Norwegian coast and German naval bases, with the result that much valuable information has been made available to our naval and air force engaged with the enemy.

Bombing Attack

On Sunday, the announcement continues, a bombing attack was launched against an enemy naval force off Horns Reef, and from dawn Monday and throughout the day extensive reconnaissance was carried out.

In the evening, an enemy attack on Scapa Flow was beaten off, five German bombers being shot down by British fighters.

"Throughout Tuesday," the Air Ministry says, "our aircraft were engaged in locating and reporting the position of enemy warships in Norwegian waters, and in the evening a bomber attack in force was delivered on a German cruiser lying off Bergen.

"Subsequent reconnaissance indicates that this ship was sunk.

"On Wednesday, British long-range fighters reconnoitred over Norwegian aerodromes which had been occupied by the enemy.

"Despite heavy anti-aircraft fire, low-flying attacks were delivered, resulting in the destruction of at least three aircraft.

Raid on Scapa Flow

"During the evening, repeated but abortive attacks on Scapa Flow and a convoy were successfully driven off. Four German bombers were shot down by our fighters, and three by anti-aircraft fire, while two more were so damaged as to make their return extremely doubtful.

"In the course of these operations, we lost two flying-boats, one reconnaissance aircraft, and three bombers. No fighters were lost.

"During the same period 19 German aircraft are confirmed as having been destroyed."—Reuter.

Allied Envoys to Norway Safe in Sweden

Gold, Notes of Bank of Norway Evacuated

London, Apr. 11.

The British Minister to Norway, Sir Cecil F. J. Dormer, and all members of the French and Polish Legations have crossed into Sweden.

The Norwegian Government and General Staff were able to take all archives, when they evacuated Oslo.

The Bank of Norway was also evacuated, with all gold and banknotes.—Reuter.

Blockade to Apply To Denmark

London, Apr. 10.

The blockade measures which have already been applied to Germany will henceforth be extended to control Denmark, authorized circles in the British capital declared today. No definite decision has yet been taken concerning other Scandinavian countries, with whom, however, all sea traffic has practically ceased.—Havas.

Election Count Under Way

Scrutineers and Assistants Counting Record Number of Ballots Behind Locked Doors

WHILE Shanghai residents remained on tenterhooks up to an early hour this morning awaiting the results of the municipal elections, results which might well have vital effects on the future of the International Settlement, scrutineers and their assistants continued with the tedious job of counting the largest number of votes ever cast in a Shanghai election behind locked doors while a detachment of Shanghai Municipal Police stood guard. The threat to the control of the Settlement caused by the nomination of five Japanese candidates for seats on the council instead of the customary two resulted in a tense feeling of expectancy throughout the city last night and early this morning which increased as the hour of reckoning drew to a close.

The result of the vote was:—

Allman N. F.	**8,000**
Carney W. J.	**7,998**
Keswick W. J.	**7,883**
Haley G. A.	**7,869**
Powell T. S.	**7,860**
MacDonald Roderick G.	**7,831**
Mitchell G. S.	**7,830**
Hanawa Y.	**5,211**
Den M.	**5,205**
Unsuccessful	
Okamoto I.	**5,205**
Kuroda K.	**5,188**
Okamoto O.	**5,187**
McDonald Ranald G.	**325**
Total votes	**13,098**
Invalid votes	**98**

The feverish voting activity which had been so noticeable in Shanghai on Wednesday had yesterday subsided to a state of tense expectancy as practically every resident of the International Settlement, and even areas outside the Settlement, awaited the outcome of the most critical elections ever to take place in Shanghai, if not the Far East.

It was estimated that over 60 per cent. of the ratepayers entitled to do so voted on Wednesday and consequently there was very little excitement at the polls. No queues of people waited in line to vote, as they did on Wednesday, but there was more or less a constant trickle of voters yesterday all day long at the Drill Hall and the Hongkew Market.

Local campaign committees were no less active yesterday than they had been during the previous days and eligible voters who had not cast their ballots on Wednesday were exhorted to do so yesterday. As to be expected there was a last minute rush of voters at the two polls to beat the 3 p.m. deadline.

The only thing out of the ordinary which occurred during the voting was the mishap which befell a member of Shanghai Municipal Police when a ballot box fell on his face as he was trying to place it against the wall. He suffered a slight cut above his eye and had to retire for minor first aid treatment. During their spare moments yesterday, the scrutineers avidly scanned local newspapers for news of the stirring events in Europe which tended to dwarf even the elections.

As the hour of final reckoning drew near early this morning the office of "North-China Daily News" was deluged with telephone calls from anxious hundreds who had determined to remain up until the final results were revealed. Speculation was rife in Shanghai last night as to the outcome of the voting and on the whole there appeared to be a feeling of confidence among foreign residents that the *status quo* would be maintained.

Germany Trying to Control Danube?

Hungary Said Consulting Italy on Question

Budapest, Apr. 11.

Well-informed diplomatic quarters said last night that Hungary was consulting Italy following receipt of the German note demanding control of all shipping in the Danube, plus control over the river and shore policing.

Reliable sources revealed Germany had delivered a similar note to Yugoslavia and Bulgaria with the request for an early reply.—United Press.

British Ministers to Meet

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Apr. 11.

British Ministers from the Balkans are continuing their conversations with the Foreign Secretary, Lord Halifax, today in the hope of concluding their series of conversations this afternoon.

The Ministers yesterday had talks with the Minister of Economic Warfare, Mr. R. H. Cross.—Reuter.

Bulgaria Not Approached

Sofia, Apr. 10.

Bulgarian official quarters today categorically denied sensationalist rumours which alleged Germany had approached the Bulgarian Government with a view to take over sole rights of supervision of Danube navigation.

Germany assertedly made the request for such policing rights following the alleged discovery in Rumania of a plot to dynamite the banks of the Danube; the plot was "discovered" by the German Foreign Ministry, but was denied by the Rumanian authorities.—Havas.

Swiss Army Ready

Zurich, Apr. 11.

While the German invasion of Denmark and Norway has caused certain consternation in Switzerland, opinion is widespread here that the theatre of war has moved to the north at least for the near future. It is believed that every day may bring new surprises.

A large part of the Swiss Army which has been under arms since last September is now ready for any event. As far as is known, no new measures have been ordered.

All newspapers condemn the German invasion of the Scandinavian countries, declaring the war is increasingly developing as a war against neutrals.—United Press.

Japan-Europe Cable Service Cut

Tokyo, Apr. 11.

Cable and wireless communications between Japan and northern Europe continued to be maintained today.

Cable service by the way of Siberia, however, was out somewhere in the Baltic Sea.—Domei.

Red Fleet Ready To Sail

Soviet Troops Gathered In Large Concentration In Northern Russia

Stockholm, Apr. 11.

Despite the Soviet decision to remain neutral, big Russian troop concentrations are reported in North Russia, the daily "Aftonbladet" states. The Russian Arctic Fleet is reported to have steam up.—Reuter.

Moscow Shocked

Stockholm, Apr. 10.

Soviet circles are apparently shocked by the German occupation of Narvik, of which they were not informed beforehand, the Swedish press reports in the first information—still vague—on Moscow's stand regarding Scandinavian events.

The Kremlin, report the Swedish journalists, considers Norway, or at least the northern part of it, as lying within her own zone of interest, although she probably was momentarily satisfied by her spoils from the Finnish war, and had no intention of advancing further northwestward for the time being.

A number of papers have pointed out as significant the unusual length of the conversation yesterday between German Ambassador to Moscow Von Schulenburg and Soviet Foreign Commissar Viacheslav Molotov. The conference lasted four hours.

Meanwhile, another ominous note was struck by reports from the "Aftonbladet" that despite the Soviet decision to remain neutral, heavy concentrations of troops have been observed on the Finnish border, while the Soviet fleet in the Arctic is ready for action.—Havas.

Russia Not to Intervene?

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Apr. 11.

Madame Kolontai, Soviet envoy to Sweden, informed the Swedish Foreign Minister yesterday that her government would refrain from any intervention in connection with the latest developments, according to the French wireless. She said recent events had come as a surprise to Russia.—Reuter.

Germany Not to Get Iron Ore

French Premier Makes Brief Speech

Paris, Apr. 11.

The sole result of the "battle for iron ore" launched by Germany in Scandinavia is that this ore is still and will remain beyond Germany's reach, Premier Paul Reynaud declared in the Chamber of Deputies today.

"The Reich, who needs steel to attack us, has just presented us with the spectacle of a besieged country," he added. "After having jumped upon Denmark, she fell on Norway, believing that she would encounter no more resistance than she did in Austria in 1938. However, she met with the resistance of Belgium of 1914."

Premier Reynaud then eloquently praised the Norwegian people, their King and their Government for deciding to fight for their freedom.

Referring to the naval activities taking place off the coast of Norway, the Premier said that the French Government will give every information on the battle, whether good or bad.—Havas.

All Quiet Off Swedish Coast

Germans Erecting Forts In Denmark

Stockholm, Apr. 11.

All was quiet off the coast of Sweden at 10.30 a.m. today. No warships could be seen, but three foreign 'planes were observed flying in a northerly direction.

According to the Berlin Correspondent of the "Stockholms-Tidningen," the Germans are sending large numbers of builders and other labourers to Denmark to construct forts, with the aim of preventing a British landing.—Reuter.

How Germans Occupied Narvik

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Stockholm, Apr. 11.

The occupation of Narvik was described by a Swedish subject in the town at the time. A German troop transport, he revealed, actually reached the neighbourhood of Narvik on Monday. Norwegian Customs officials who innocently tried to examine the ship outside the harbour, were detained abroad until the vessel revealed her true colours two days ago, he added.—Reuter.

U.S. Take Over Allied Interests in Denmark

Copenhagen, Apr. 11.

The United States yesterday agreed to take over British and French interests in Denmark as soon as the Allied envoys leave the country, which was expected this week.

The Danish Government, subject to German approval, submitted a list of belligerents to be granted immunity, including the staffs of the British, French and Polish legations here. It also included some journalists and other nationals.—United Press.

British Recapture Norway Ports from Nazis

(Continued from page 7)

"The strain and unnatural calm of the last few weeks," Mr. Churchill began, "were violently broken on Monday morning by the German invasion of Norway and Denmark. This crime had, of course, been long and elaborately prepared, and it was actually set in motion in the last week in March.

"For several months, we have received information that large numbers of German merchant ships are being fitted as transports and that numerous small vessels are being assembled in Baltic ports and at the mouth of the Elbe. But no one could tell when they would be used or against what peaceful country they would be used.

"Denmark, Norway and Sweden all seemed liable to a sudden brutal and, in any case, unprovoked attack. Which of them would be selected as the first victim, and when the first blow would be struck, remained inevitably a matter of pure speculation.

"The Nazi Government are accustomed to spread, through all their channels, a continuous flow of threats and rumours put forth by their agents in neutral countries, by hangers-on of their Legations and Embassies (laughter), and by their sympathizers and backers, wherever they may be found (cheers and laughter).

"I can assure the House that my remarks have no particular personal application. All these countries have been threatened, and as the German Government are not restrained by law or scruple, and as they have an obvious preference for striking at the weak rather than the strong, all small countries on their borders were and still are in a high state of alarm.

Neutrals Lack Security

"Even those neutrals who have done most to placate Germany, and have been the greatest aid to her, could not feel any security that they would not be attacked without reason or without warning and swiftly overrun and reduced to bondage and pillage all their property, especially all eatables (laughter).

"Fear was, therefore, general in all these unfortunate countries, and none of them could tell, nor could any of us tell, which of them would be the next to be devoured.

"In the small hours of Monday morning we learned that Norway and Denmark had drawn the unlucky number in this sinister lottery. Denmark had special reasons for apprehension, not only because she was the nearest and weakest of Germany's neighbours but because she had a recent treaty with Germany (laughter) guaranteeing her from all molestation.

"She was engaged in active commerce both with Germany and Great Britain, the continuance of which in time of war had been foreseen by Germany and was guaranteed by special trade arrangements between the German and Danish Governments. This obviously placed her in a position of peculiar danger.

"The extraordinary configuration of the Norwegian western coast provides a corridor or covered way through which neutral trade and German ships of all kinds—warships and others—could move to and fro through the Allied blockade within the territorial waters of Norway and Sweden until they were an effective protection for the German air forces in north Germany.

Disadvantage Overcome

"The existence of this geographical and legally covered way has been the greatest disadvantage which we have suffered, and the greatest advantage which Germany has possessed in her efforts to frustrate the Allied blockade.

"Warships moved up and down it as they thought convenient. U-boats used it. Stray German liners and merchant ships, trying to get back to Germany from outer seas, followed this route of over 800 miles long.

"There has been no greater impediment to the blockade of Germany than this Norwegian corridor. It was so in the last war, and it has been so in this war.

"The British Navy has been forced to watch an endless procession of German and neutral ships carrying contraband of all kinds to Germany, which at any moment they could have stopped but which they felt forbidden to touch by the very same conventions of international law which Germany in this war, as in the last, has treated with the utmost contempt.

"During the last war, when we associated with the United States, the Allies felt that they were so deeply injured by this covered way used by U-boats in setting out on marauding expeditions, that the British, French and United States Government together induced the Norwegian Government to lay a mine-field in their territorial waters across the covered way in order to prevent U-boats abusing this channel.

"They realize fully that their future independence and freedom are bound up with a victory for the Allies. They hoped against hope that at the last moment their soil and cities would not be polluted by the trampling of German columns, and their liberties and livelihood stolen away by foreign tyrants.

Hope in Vain

"But this hope has been in vain. Another violent outrage has been perpetrated by Nazi Germany against a small friendly Power, and the Norwegian Government and people are today in arms to defend their hearths and homes (cheers).

"We shall aid them to the best of our ability (cheers). We shall conduct the war in common with them, and make peace only when their rights and freedom are restored (cheers). Their large, wild mountainous country, sparsely populated and rugged, is full of positions where free men can shelter and fight.

"They should be able to maintain a vigorous and prolonged resistance against those who wish to subjugate them to tyranny.

"This Norwegian episode is an example to other neutral countries of the danger of supposing that friendly relations with Germany, or friendly assurances from Germany, or treaties of any kind with or friendly offices rendered to Germany, are not of the slightest protection against a murderous onslaught the moment it was thought by Germany that she can gain any advantage from it.

"If the Norwegian Government had not been so very strict and severe in enforcing its neutrality against us, and in leaving its corridor open to German operations and machinations, if it had entered into confidential relations with us, it would have been very easy to give more timely and opportune support than is now possible.

Nazi Moves Foreseen

"The Nazi Government have sought to make out that their invasion of Norway and Denmark was in consequence of our action in closing the Norwegian corridor. It can undoubtedly be proved that not only their preparations had been made nearly a month before, but that the actual movements of troops and ships were begun before the British and French minefields were laid.

"No doubt, they suspected they were going to be laid. It must indeed have appeared incomprehensible that they had not been laid long before (laughter).

"They, therefore, decided in the last week of March to use the Norwegian corridor to send empty ore ships northwards filled with military stores and German soldiers concealed below decks, in order at a given moment to seize various ports on the Norwegian seaboard which they considered of military value.

"They also set in motion invading forces, which they had long prepared against two innocent neutral countries who had helped them in so many ways.

"We have the most profound sympathy with the Norwegian people (cheers). We understood the terrible dilemma in which they have been placed. Their sentiments, like those of every other small country, were with the Allies. They writhed in hopeless anger as scores of their ships were sunk and large numbers of their sailors drowned.

"It is not of the slightest use blaming the Allies for not being able to give substantial help and protection to neutral countries if they are held at arms length by those neutral countries until they are actually attacked on a scientifically prepared plan by Germany.

Warning to Others

"I trust the fact that the strict observance of neutrality by Norway has been a contributory cause of the sufferings to which she is now exposed, and of the limitations of aid which we can give her, will be meditated upon by other countries who may tomorrow, or a week or a month hence, find themselves victims of an unusually elaborately worked-out plan for their destruction and enslavement.

"I come now to the question which I believe has been asked in some quarters: 'What is the Navy doing?'

"I shall endeavour to answer it to the best of my ability as regards the past and present, but the House will not expect me to lift the veil which properly and discreetly covers future operations now in progress.

"About five weeks ago, the Home Fleet returned to Scapa Flow and has been resting there or operating from there ever since. We have been exposed to continual air-raid alarms and numerous air raids, but we have now very powerful anti-aircraft batteries in action together with other mehods of defence, and very good arrangements have been made with the R.A.F. and our own squadrons of the Fleet Air Arm so that an adequate number of squadrons are disposed within striking distance.

German Battlecruiser Damaged

"The same afternoon the destroyer Zulu sank a German U-boat off the Orkneys.

"Meanwhile, off Narvik at daybreak on Tuesday, the Renown one of our battlecruisers, perceived in the distance the Scharnhorst and a 10,000-ton cruiser, which had evidently come up with the forces the day before.

"There was a high sea and a furious gale, but our battle cruisers opened fire at 18,000 yards, and after three minutes the enemy replied. He almost immediately turned away, and after nine minutes the Renown observed hits on the forward superstructure of the German batle cruiser and her whole armament stopped firing, although later her after-turret began to fire under local control.

"The speed of the German battlecruiser was very great, and the Renown had to push to 24 knots through heavy seas. After a further two minutes of firing, a vertical column of smoke from what was described as a possible second hit was observed on the Scharnhorst, which immediately turned away at high speed.

"The 10,000-ton cruiser drew a smokescreen across the Scharnhorst and both ships retired at high speed, and in the end, I much regret to say, they succeeded in escaping.—Reuter.

Nazi Broadcasts From Oslo

Populace Urged to Remain Calm; Bitter Resentment To German Rule

Stockholm, Apr. 10.

The German-occupied Copenhagen and Oslo radio stations today were engaged in making repeated appeals to the Danish and Norwegian people for "calmness, please."

Broadcasts were made up of German programmes translated into the Danish and Norwegian languages. Every half-hour these programmes were interrupted for the announcer to appeal for calmness, and to assure the people that order prevails.

Telegraph and telephone communications with Denmark and Sweden remained cut today, but reports nevertheless trickled in to tell of sporadic but fierce Norwegian resistance in several regions, where the German forces are suffering heavy losses.

Swedish military quarters declared Germany's "blitzkrieg" methods proved partially successful insofar as German troops occupied a number of Norwegian organization centres, thus preventing complete Norwegian mobilization as speedily as would be desirable.

The population of Oslo, now under German control, deeply resents the Reich's sudden invasion although German reports state no incidents have occurred, it was also reported here.

Two hospitals were hit by German bombers during their raid yesterday on Kjeller airport north of Oslo. Only two persons were hurt, however.—Havas.

Danish "Government"

Amsterdam, Apr. 10.

A new "national union" Government is to be created in German-occupied Denmark, official D.N.B. (German) news agency reported in a Copenhagen radio broadcast tonight.

The Cabinet to date was formed of Social Democrats and members of the Radical parties, and was considered a true coalition Government.—Havas.

Woman Testifies in Lost Car Case

Mrs. G. I. Gregg Tells Court of Breakdown in Hungjao Road

Hearing of a claim for $2,300, representing the value of a second-hand Morris Cowley motor car, and U.S.$100, theft insurance on the car, brought against Fraser Motors, Ltd., by an Austrian, Dr. A. Peretz, was continued in H. M. Supreme Court before Assistant-Judge P. Grant Jones yesterday. Dr. Peretz alleges that the defendants had held his car for two months, having found it in Hungjao Road on December 31, 1939, and had failed to notify the plaintiff. Meanwhile the plaintiff bought another car on or about February 15 for $1,950. The plaintiff was represented by Dr. A. Grossman, while Mr. Ranald G. McDonald appeared for the defendants.

Re-examined yesterday, Mr Peretz said that he had bought the two cars as 1930 models but one was actually a 1929 model. Counsel asked the witness to produce the receipt for the purchase of the first car but the witness did not have the receipt. The Judge ordered that the receipt be produced in court at the next hearing.

Mr. John Lorenzen, insurance salesman of the American Asiatic Underwriters, with whom the doctor's car was insured, said that he had sold the plaintiff a full comprehensive car policy and proved the validity of certain papers concerning the insurance of the car, which had been filled in by the plaintiff.

Mrs. Gregg Testifies

Mrs. G. I. Gregg, who had been with Dr. Peretz when he had missed his car on December 30 last year, said that the car had broken down outside the Hungjao Gardens. Mrs. Gregg said that they had gone into the London Club to telephone to Fraser Motors to send help and that she had spoken to Mr. Fraser over the telephone and asked him to send a man out to the scene of the breakdown. The man did not come and they telephoned again. This time he arrived and they proceeded to the Hungjao Gardens where they found that the car had disappeared. They reported the loss to the police.

On February 17, Mrs. Gregg continued, while she was at Fraser Motors looking for a new car for the doctor she recognized the lost car in the garage. She asked the Russian mechanic why the matter had not been reported to the police and the man replied that he didn't know. When Mrs. Gregg told the doctor that she had seen his lost car she discovered that he had bought a new one and the doctor decided to take legal action.

The hearing was adjourned until 10 a.m. Wednesday.

Norway Determined To Regain Losses

Stockholm, Apr. 11.

"The fight has started, and we mean to regain our temporary losses," declared M. Koht, Norwegian Foreign Minister, in an interview with the "Dagens Nyheter" somewhere in Norway. M. Koht added that the entire Norwegian people was behind the Government.—Reuter.

Strictures Against Japanese Resented

Protest Lodged Against Hankow Speech

Hankow, Apr. 11.

Mr. Yoshiyuki Hanawa, Japanese Consul-General here, today filed a written protest with Mr. J. W. O. Davidson, British Consul-General, against the statements made before the annual meeting of the Hankow British Chamber of Commerce on Monday by Mr. V. A. Mason, agent of the Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation.

Mr. Mason, in the course of an address, the Japanese note stated, had made statements disparaging the Japanese army.

The "Central China Post," a British-owned publication, printed Mr. Mason's address in two parts in two successive days, arousing the intense indignation of local Japanese officials and civilians.—Domei.

Norwegian Troops Fighting Desperately At Elverum

(Continued from page 7)

Oslo. It is stated that the Germans took Trondheim Tuesday without fighting.

The garrison at the naval station of Warnes, near Trondheim, retired but later retook Meraker bridge, 12 miles east of Trondheim.

It is reported that a German plane was shot down at Warnes.

Mr. Hambro, President of the Norwegian Parliament, left for Stockholm, where he was expected to arrive last night.

Numerous German aircraft were seen near the Swedish-Norwegian border and some were said to have flown slightly over Swedish territory.—Reuter.

To Contact British Forces

Stockholm, Apr. 11.

The commander of the Norwegian forces in the north has been instructed to get in touch with the British forces at the earliest possible moment, M. Hambro, President of the Storting announced today.

M. Hambro, who has been in touch with the Norwegian Government, confirmed that during the night the Norwegians stopped the German advance eastwards along the railway from Narvik.

The Germans were surprised, and were thrown back before they had fired a shot.

All was quiet at Elverum, M. Hambro added, after the Germans were thrown back at all points. The Norwegians had blown up bridges behind the German troops, and the Germans were now isolated except by air.—Reuter.

Big Naval and Air Battle Now In Progress

(Continued from page 7)

Detonations of the broadsides by naval guns and torpedoes shook island houses like an earthquake and hundreds of windows were broken by the tremors.

Village residents of Marstrand believed that the German fleet consisted of 23 ships, of which eleven were transports and the rest armed trawlers.

British submarines launched the first attacks on the Germans and then British planes came out from the skies and swooped over the German vessels, the villagers reported.

The fighting reached a climax at 5 p.m. and was suspended at 8 p.m., only to be resumed at 10 p.m. and continued with full force until midnight.

Wounded Rescued

During the lull in the heavy firing, fishermen rescued loads of wounded from the sea a few miles west northwest of the Island of Hippeln.

One fisherman on the Island of Hippeln, situated south of the Skagerrak, said that he "saw from my fishing boat twelve big warships, including both destroyers and cruisers, all fighting."

Other fishermen said that besides the two exploded vessels, they saw a third on fire, belching black smoke. They believed the vessel which was on fire to be German.

The islanders feared to attempt rescues during the intense firing, but several of them put out motor launches and searched the sea later for wounded men who required help.—United Press.

British Fleet Attacks

Stockholm, Apr. 11.

Action near Marstran took place off the island of Paternoster, when a British fleet attacked a dozen large German transports escorted by warships, it is announced here.

Two transports were reported to have been sunk and others scattered.

A German destroyer reportedly was bombed and sunk by British planes in the estuary of Oslo Fjord.—Reuter.

Marines At Narvik

New York, Apr. 11.

A British naval flotilla has forced entrance to Narvik Fjord and started landing marines, according to press and radio reports.—Reuter.

British Demanding Oslo

Stockholm, Apr. 11.

British warships have penetrated into Oslo Fjord and threatened to bombard Oslo unless it is surrendered by a certain time, according to reports from Charlottenburg, on the Swedish-Norwegian frontier. The inhabitants of the capital are said to have hastily evacuated the city.—Reuter.

British Take Bergen, Trondheim

Amsterdam, Apr. 11.

German forces were driven from the important Norwegian ports of Bergen and Trondheim and British landing parties occupied the cities yesterday, the Stockholm radio said in a broadcast intercepted here last night.

British warships were in the Oslo Fjord opposite Oslo last night the radio said. The civilian population of Oslo was in a panic, the radio declared, and the evacuation of the city was underway.

The radio said it was believed the British had fixed a time limit for the Germans to leave Oslo, after which the city would be shelled.—United Press.

Allied Aims

London, Apr. 10.

Allied fleets and air armadas are already working in closest co-operation with the defending Norwegians, and are attacking German forces in and off the coast of Norway. An Allied expeditionary force will be despatched in the near future.

Allied action in Norway has three objectives. The first is to destroy the German naval units which, for the first time since the outbreak of the war, have dared to leave their bases.

The second aim is to wipe out the German forces in the harbours they are occupying and to destroy their transport and supply ships. Finally, Germany must be prevented from sending reinforcements either through the North Sea or the Straits.

The task of the Allies is facilitated by the fact that British air bases are only 200 miles away from the Norwegian shore.

It is believed that the progress of Allied operations may compel the Germans to make a desperate attempt to send supplies and reinforcements to their troops in Norway through Sweden, despite the inadequacy and difficulty of this route.—Havas.

Huge German Losses

London, Apr. 11.

The Allies have sunk about 50,000 tons of German naval mercantile shipping, and have also possibly sunk or damaged about another 30,000 tons, during the last three days in the Scandinavian operations, authoritative sources here revealed last night.—United Press.

Sweden Apprehensive

Stockholm, Apr. 11.

A British flotilla attacked ten German ships off Goteborg yesterday and sank four of them.

Commenting on this success, Swedish quarters declare that it completes the Allied victory at Narvik but brings the war nearer to Sweden thus raising new problems for this country.

Although no German demarche has been made as yet, it is considered possible that the Reich might want to obtain some concessions from Sweden, particularly regarding the use of her railways.

The question of acceding to such a German request cannot be raised at present, political circles assert, but Sweden is determined to defend her independence and the integrity of her territory.

Official quarters in Sweden are busy getting ready to face every eventuality. Thus, a number of shelters are being built to protect the population against air raids, while reservists are being mobilized.—Havas.

Bergen Retaken

Stockholm, Apr. 11.

Norwegian troops today were in complete possession of the northern port of Bergen, the correspondent for the "Nya Dagligt Allehanda" reported.

The commander of the Norwegian troops which occupied Bergen broadcast to the nation, declaring that the city had been retaken after violent fighting and hand to hand clashes, the correspondent said.

Large concentrations of Norwegian troops were also surrounding the German-occupied city of Trondheim and a strong attack to obtain control of the city was expected momentarily, it was understood. This battle would occur at Stenkjer, the innermost section of the Trondheim fjord, where the Germans are concentrated.—United Press.

Emden Reported Lost

London, Apr. 11.

The German cruiser Emden, it is learned, has been sunk off Horten, the port of Oslo, by the Norwegian cruiser-minelayer Olav Tryggvason.

Four German cruisers and two or three large German troops transports have been sunk by the British Navy in the battle in the Skager Rack, which was earlier reported to be raging outside Swedish territorial waters, according to unconfirmed reports.

Two German transports, filled with soldiers, are stated to have been escorted to the Swedish port of Marstrand by a Swedish cruiser. One of them was badly damaged, while the other had entered Swedish territorial waters. The transports and troops will be interned.

According to a report from Stockholm, the German troopship Antares (2,593 tons) was sunk last night off the west coast of Sweden. Thirty-four survivors are said to have been landed at Lysekil. It is stated that the vessel struck a mine.—Reuter.

Nazi Troops Landed

London, Apr. 11.

It is learned that German attacks at Elverum, where the Norwegian Parliament met two days ago, have been repulsed all along the line. The Tromsoe Radio yesterday broadcast an appeal to the British Fleet to send assistance because two German warships were landing troops at Aalesund.—Reuter.

Coast Batteries Resisting

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Apr. 11.

Norwegian coastal batteries apparently still were in action against German warships in Oslo Fjord last night, it is learned. Late in the afternoon the German-controlled radio "ordered" the batteries to cease firing. The order was purported to have come from the Norwegian commander at Oslo.—Reuter.

'Planes Bomb Norwegian Towns

Stockholm, Apr. 11.

German 'planes bombed Drammed and Oscarsborg in Oslo Fjord, which are apparently in Norwegian hands, it is learned here. Fires are reported raging in the towns. A number of civilians have been injured.

The Swedish newspaper "Aftonbladet" says German units of considerable strength are reported to have been wiped out by Norwegians in a battle near Elverum. German dead are stated to number several hundred.—Reuter.

40,000 Tons Sunk

Stockholm, Apr. 11.

Altogether 40,000 tons of German shipping are reported to have been sunk in Oslo Fjord since the German invasion started Tuesday morning.

With news of British naval successes going the rounds in Stockholm, the air of depression apparent here yesterday morning is now lifting.

One Swedish naval expert suggests that the Germans have fallen into a cleverly planned British trap.—Reuter.

German Entry to Oslo Described

Inhabitants Bewildered By Events; Threat Made To Blow Up City

London, Apr. 11.

The first authentic eye-witness account of the Germans' entry into Oslo was telephoned from Reuter's Oslo correspondent, who as a British subject narrowly escaped vigilance of armed German guards and crossed the frontier to Sweden last night.

With crowds of people on the pavements he watched a column of Germans thousands strong march into the centre of the city at 3 p.m.

Every man was armed with a rifle or a machine gun and carried uncovered bandoliers bulging with ammunition.

Inhabitants of the city were bewildered by the swift sequence of incredible events.

Bombers Overhead

The city had capitulated an hour or so earlier, after a night and morning of terror during which German 'planes bombed all military objectives in the neighbourhood and machine-gunned districts around the harbour defences.

Already German troops had taken control of all military aerodromes, including Fornebo just outside the city, where 50 Nazi 'planes landed.

With these they threatened to blow the inhabitants out of the city if resistance was shown.

By noon the main station was packed with fleeing evacuees, including women and children carrying all the possessions they could gather together. All seemed dazed.

The air was filled with the ceaseless roar of aeroplane engines, apparently intended to terrify the inhabitants.

Terrific Explosion

During the afternoon when the correspondent was watching three bombers at a great height, a terrific explosion blew up a house a few hundred yards away. More bombs followed quickly.

Watchers realized that counteraction had begun. The feeling uppermost in the minds of the inhabitants seemed to be in comprehension at the turn of events, and the question asked everywhere was: "Why have the Allies allowed the Germans to do this?"—Reuter.

British Soldier Still Missing

Private Seekham who escaped from a detention cell at the British military camp on Tifeng Road last Sunday, is still being sought by the S.M.P. who have been asked to co-operate with the British military authorities, according to Major B. H. Ashmore, information officer of the British military headquarters. Meanwhile an investigation into the circumstances of the escape has been commenced by the army authorities.

THE CINEMA

"Vigil in the Night"

Anne Lee .....Carole Lombard
Dr. Prescott .....Brian Aherne
Lucy Lee .....Anne Shirley
Matthew Bowley .....Julien Mitchell
Dr. Caley .....Robert Coote
Nora .....Brenda Forbes
Glennie .....Rita Page
Joe Shand .....Peter Cushing
Matron East .....Ethel Griffies
Mrs. Bowely .....Doris Lloyd

That there is no one so good as a good nurse and no one so bad as a bad nurse is borne out in the theme of "Vigil in the Night" which began its run at the Cathay Theatre yesterday. The picture is based on A. J. Cronin's new book, and tells of the hardships attendant on the nursing profession and of some of its rewards. For those who admire women and men in white and can attach romance to their working surroundings, and can also witness with a detached mind death-bed scenes, good fare is provided. The story is of two sisters—Anne, very sympathetically acted by Miss Carole Lombard, a true nurse alive to her responsibilities, and Lucy, commendably played by Miss Anne Shirley, certainly not born to the profession. Anne bears the blame of a child's death to save the younger girl who still has to win full qualifications. One is surprised that such a balanced heroine as Anne should persuade another so unsuited to remain in the profession, but she has faith in the erring probationer. This is justified when Lucy saves the life of a child at the sacrifice of her own in perhaps the best and most tensely dramatic scene in the story. Applying oxygen in the night and finding it insufficient, she uses the oldest method known and breathes into the child's still lungs. Other players are good. Mr. Brian Aherne makes an impressive young surgean and it is he who brings happiness to the all too serious Anne. The Matron, played by Miss Ethel Griffies, is splendid as the woman of discipline, disconcertingly efficient but with a heart somewhere, and other supporters lend a touch of humour to an otherwise heavy story.

A short called "Siege" is of authentic shots of Warsaw taken by the commentator himself during the period prior to the fall of that fateful city.—M.B.

"Castle on the Hudson"

Tommy Gordon .....John Garfield
Kay .....Ann Sheridan
Warden Long .....Pat O'Brien
Steven Rockford ....Burgess Meredith
District Attorney .....Henry O'Neill
Ed Crowley .....Jerome Cowan
Mike Cagle ..Guinn "Big Boy" Williams
Chaplain .....John Litel
Ann Rockford .....Margot Stevenson
Ragan .....Willard Robertson
Black Jack .....Edward Pawley
Pete .....Billy Wayne
Mrs. Long .....Nedda Harrigan
Principal Keeper .....Wade Boteler

"Castle on the Hudson," currently at the Grand Theatre, is a remake of "20,000 years in Sing Sing," which co-starred Mr. Spencer Tracy and Miss Bette Davis several years ago. Yet, those who had seen that wonderful picture, will do well to see "Castle on the Hudson," for it lost none of the thrills and drama of the older film. Adapted from a book written by Warden Lewis E. Lawes of Sing Sing, the picture is picked with good acting, both by the stars and the supporting cast. Mr. John Garfield in the role of Tommy Gordon, a young gangster sent to prison, gave a remarkable performance of an arrogant racketeer who returns to Sing Sing to face the electric chair for a crime he did not commit. Better than in other pictures, this young actor definitely establishes himself as one of the most outstanding dramatic players now in Hollywood. Miss Ann Sheridan as Kay, the only weakness of the tough young racketeer, filled her role very nicely and her acting was on the par with that of Mr. Garfield, while the scene where she pleads for her lover's life, just before his electrocution, will be long remembered. Mr. Pat O'Brien turned in a sympathetic performance as the warden who allows Tommy to go to Kay after she had been hurt in an automobile accident. The lesser players acquitted themselves well, with preference going to Mr. Jerome Cowan as the crooked lawyer.

The programme is completed by two entertaining shorts, with "Sword Fishing," presenting a novel angle in the art of fishing.—I.M.

"A Chump at Oxford"

Stan Laurel .....Himself
Oliver Hardy .....Himself
Meredith .....Forrester Harvey
Dean Williams .....Wilfred Lucas
Banker .....Forbes Murray
Dean's Servant .....Frank Baker
Ghost .....Eddie Borden
Students ....Gerald Rogers, Victor Kendall, Gerald Fielding, Charles Hall, Peter Cushing

There is one very amusing (it might be called hilarious) scene in Mr. Laurel's and Mr. Hardy's latest film, "A Chump at Oxford," now showing at the Nanking Theatre. Sad to relate, however, it is the only scene in the picture during which laughter flows freely. The rest is mediocre stuff compared with some of this couple's mirth provoking efforts in other productions. The scene in which the laughter flows with a spontaneity that is missing the rest of the time, takes place in a "Hampton Court maze", transplanted to Oxford for the sake of the plot. Here the two priceless chumps, who have been in the maze from morning until midnight, become mixed up with the hand of a "spook." To see Stan picking the nails of the extra hand and blowing his nose with the same member while his own hand rests upon his knee, is good fun while it lasts. From then onwards the picture deteriorates and ends quite tamely. The story sees Oliver and Stanley transplanted in Oxford where they commence to play havoc with the Dean and student body. Here the dumb member of the duo, with the aid of a bump on the head, discovers he is a Lord whose memory has been lost for some time, also with the aid of a bump on the head. Luckily another bump on the head saves Stanley from using an Oxford accent and monocle all his life and all ends well.—R.S.

British Lady Has Narrow Escape

Special Municipality Policeman Function On Municipal Roads

Special Municipality policemen were unsuccessful at 9.25 a.m. yesterday in their attempt to force Mrs. E. L. Dean, British, to accompany them to a nearby police station following a minor accident in which Mrs. Dean was involved near the intersection of Yu Yuen and Edinburgh Roads. Grasping the situation in the fraction of a second, Mrs. Dean proceeded to a British military post at the street intersection and was fortunate in finding Major S. R. Hunt to be present there at the time. She explained what had happened and the British officer immediately informed Bubbling Well police station from where officers arrived soon afterwards.

Notwithstanding the presence of the British and S.M.P. officials, Special Municipality policemen stood on the side-boards of the car and prevented it from leaving, until one of their officers arrived and ordered his men to let Mrs. Dean leave.

A similar case occurred at practically the same place on Tuesday when a young British lady and her mother were involved in a minor accident with a cyclist. They were forced to go to a nearby Special Municipality police station and after paying a slight indemnity to the cyclist who, through his carelessness had caused the accident, they were permitted to leave.

No Mobilisation in Belgium

Brussels, Apr. 10.

There is no question of issuing a decree for general mobilisation and Belgian military leaves so far have not been cancelled, the War Ministry announced in a reassuring communique this evening.—Havas.

Volunteers for Norway to Be Accepted in Finland

London, Apr. 11.

Volunteers for Norway have been applying at the Norwegian Legation in Helsinki. Instructions will be issued today, accepting such volunteers.—Reuter.

Hold-Up Car Found

The stolen hire-car used in the $196,000 hold-up near the North Railway Station on Tuesday was found abandoned outside the premises of the Eastern Ice Manufacturing Co., Lay Road on Wednesday. The car, it will be recalled, is the property of the Shanghai Express Co. and was used by the thugs who were successful in relieving a clerk of the Hui Yuan Native Bank of the large amount of money which he was taking to the premises of his employers.

LIVERISH?

If you allow your internal organs to become congested with waste matter you are bound to feel liverish, low-spirited and out-of-sorts.

Avoid constipation and keep yourself regular with an occasional dose of Pinkettes and you will have no cause to complain of biliousness, sick headache, flatulence or any other of the unpleasant consequences of a disordered digestive system. Get a vial to-day from any chemist.

PINKETTES

The Ideal Little Liver Laxatives.

LOST BILL OF LADING

CANCELLED

This is to notify that the Bill of Lading Y.S.G. No. 64/65 both original and duplicate issued by the S.S. YING CHOW of Butterfield & Swire and reported to the said firm, is considered to be cancelled.

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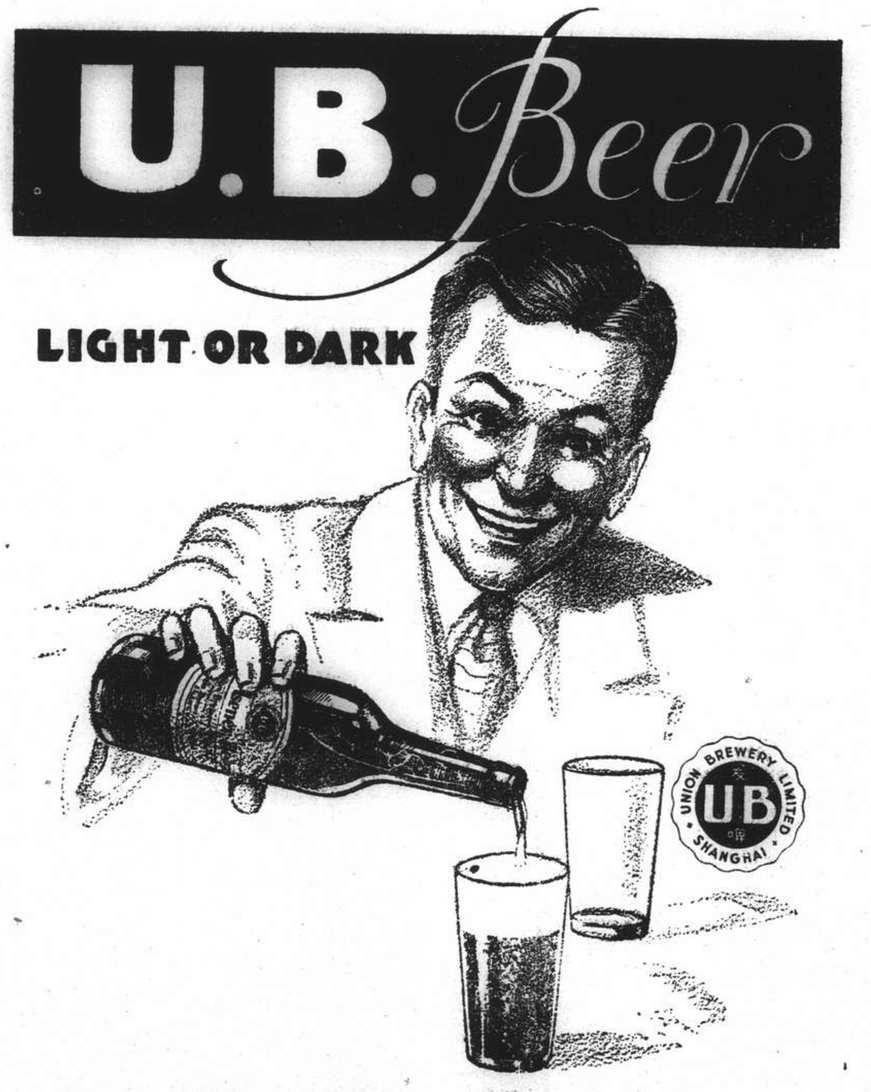


ORDER DEPARTMENT TELEPHONE 30087

FROM DAY TO DAY

TODAY, at 9 p.m. at the Foreign Y.M.C.A. an "Evening of Music" will be presented by a group of collaborating artists under the direction of Professor S. S. Aksakov.

THE French Ambassador to China, M. Henri Cosme who recently visited Hanoi, returned to Chungking at 3 p.m. on April 10, states a Chungking message to the "Sin Wan Pao."

THE P. & O. and B. I. calendar for 1940, received in this office yesterday, takes one round a good deal of the world in pictures and is a delightful example of the photographer's art.

MEMBERS of the British Women's Association home and garden section are reminded of the meeting which takes place today at Mr. R. C. Turner's garden, 377 Haiphong Road at 10 a.m. The talk will be on "Daffodils."

ON Saturday afternoon, at 4 o'clock, weather permitting, the ceremony of laying the foundation stone for the new Shanghai Free Christian Church building will be held on the new site at Tifeng Road, near Jessfield Road. All friends welcome.

A DINNER party in honour of Madam H. H. Kung, wife of the Chinese Finance Minister and Madam Sun Yat-sen, wife of the late founder of the Kuomintang, was given by General and Madam Chiang Kai-shek in Chungking on April 10, says a Chungking message to the "Shun Pao."

AN appreciable increase in the shipment of products from North Kiangsu to Shanghai by coastal steamers of various companies has been noted during the past few days. These are mainly cargoes of rice, wheat, hides, cotton and farm produce, says a report to the "Sin Wan Pao."

THE jumble sale held in the Union Church Hall yesterday morning for the benefit of the Limbless Fund realized the magnificent sum of $1,970.70. The committee of the Fund wish heartily to thank all those who send articles for sale and those who so kindly gave their services in the selling of them.

WHEN his ship was sinking in the North Sea after striking a mine, one of the crew clung to another mine in the water. He belonged to the Hull steamer Albano (1,176 tons) and was seen by Joseph Turner, a greaser, who was himself picked up from the sea. Nobody knows if he was saved. The master and second officer of the Albano were killed, but seven of the crew are not accounted for.

No doubt as the war goes on we shall get all sorts of ways of saving metal, wood and other important articles. The latest economy effort is to be made in the metal furnishings of coffins and the suggestion is proposed this week by the Southampton branch of the British National Association of Funeral Directors. The branch adopted a motion advocating that coffin furnishings be restricted to two pairs, instead of the customary four pairs of handles. These fittings are of brass or copper, and the metal thus saved it was urged would be of value to the nation's armament effort.

THE verse—Revelation xiii, 18—regarding the number of the beast has received an infinite variety of interpretations in the course of history. A writer in "The Spectator" has just offered. The verse runs, it will be remembered—

> Here is wisdom. Let him that hath understanding count the number of the beast; for it is the number of a man; and his number is six hundred, threescore and six.

Who is the 666 man-beast? The answer is plain. Number the alphabet, Let A be 100, B be 101, and so to about T, which is 119. (That will be far enough.) Then discover what letters 107, 108, 119, 111, 104, 117 stand for, and whether they add up to 666.

SIX points in favour of the British soldier were enumerated by Captain Andrew Maurois, the French author at a lecture to French liaison officers with the B.E.F. He himself is a liaison officer. The speaker found that the British soldier was a hard worker, had a sense of humour; never boasted; was capable of prolonged silence and suspicious of people who talked too much; not inclined to be sulky; very brave and was inclined to be ashamed about it. He illustrated the close relationships between British and French troops by saying that French troops in the Maginot line had learned "On the Bonnie Banks of Loch Lomond" from Highland Regiments which had been serving with them.

FOUR coolies, two of whom were, until recently employed at the Gordon Road billet of the U.S. Marines were each sentenced to three months' imprisonment yesterday by the First Special District Court for stealing coal from the billet. The two other coolies are P.W.D. workers who were seen on Wednesday morning by an alert sentry emptying garbage cans on a truck. About 200 pounds of coal were hidden under the garbage. They were later arrested and through their confession the fact was established that the two coolies employed at the billet had been conniving with the former two coolies in stealing coal from the boiler room since December of last year.

WITH regard to an announcement appearing on April 3 to the effect that under the distinguished patronage of H.E. Sir Archibald Clark Kerr, H.M. Ambassador to China, and Lady Clark Kerr, and H.E. M. Cosme, French Ambassador to China, and Mme Cosme, Mme Lisa Elzear-Jouravel well known European operatic mezzo-soprano, will, with the assistance of Maestro Paci and the S.M.C. Orchestra give a concert at the Lyceum Theatre on May 1 in aid of the British and French Red Cross Funds. It is understood that the announcement that the S.M.C. Orchestra under Maestro Paci would assist was made under a misunderstanding. It is learned that Mme. Elzear-Jouravel will have the assistance of a well-known accompanist.

Cpt. Herzberg Ends His Command

O/C Signals Coy., S.V.C. Terminating Long Career After Annual Parade

The Signals Company of the S.V.C. held its annual function on Wednesday evening when Captain and Mrs. Herzberg welcomed over 200 members and guests to a supper dance at S.V.C. Headquarters. The guests of honour were Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Franklin, Col. J. W. Hornby, Mr. and Mrs. J. Haynes Wilson.

Welcoming the guests, Captain Herzberg expressed his appreciation of the support and assistance given to the Company by Mr. Franklin, the Civil Commandant, Col. Hornby and the Headquarters Staff, and the executive and personnel of Shanghai Telephone Company. He referred also to the fine spirit of co-operation existing between Signals Company and the other units of the Corps, and mentioned that the strength of the Company and its readiness to perform its duties were a source of great satisfaction to all concerned. Touching on recruiting, Captain Herzberg said that while the Signals Company was now stronger than at any time in its history, the need for good recruits still existed, and he emphasized that previous experience of Signals work was not essential since the staff of the Company was well qualified to train recruits to the degree of efficiency required.

40 Years With S.V.C.

Captain Herzberg concluded his speech with the announcement that this would be the last function at which he would officiate as O.C. of the Company, since he had decided, not without many regrets, to relinquish his command immediately after the annual parade on April 14. He said he felt the time had come when he was entitled to take a less active part in S.V.C. work, and mentioned that his association with the Corps extended back over a period of more than 40 years. Captain Herzberg said that although he was handing over the command of the Company, he would always take a keen interest in its progress and welfare, and that he felt certain that the fine co-operation and support which the members had always given to him would be extended in full measure to his successor, Captain Miles.

Mr. Franklin replied on behalf of the guests and expressed his appreciation of the excellent work performed by Signals Company during recent years. He also congratulated Captain Herzberg on having completed such a long period of service with the Corps and said that while he naturally regretted the fact that he had decided to relinquish his command, he could not but agree that Captain Herzberg had fully earned a rest from the heavy responsibilities involved. Mr. Franklin referred to the fact that this would be his last attendance as Civil Commandant, and said he was proud of the fact that during his term of office he had been able to attend every function of this nature held by the Signals Company. In thanking Captain Herzberg on behalf of the guests, Mr. Franklin added his personal thanks on behalf of Mrs. Franklin and himself, and wished the Signals Company continued success in the years to come.

Presentations Made

Mr. J. Haynes Wilson, on behalf of Shanghai Telephone Company, then handed over to Captain Herzberg a beautifully engraved shield depicting the various branches of Signals Company work. Mr. Wilson said that Shanghai Telephone Company felt they had helped to some extent in the formation of the Signals Company and had been very closely connected with it throughout its existence. In congratulating Captain Herzberg on having completed such a long period of service with the Corps, Mr. Wilson said he thought that this was a very fitting moment for the Telephone Company to show its appreciation of Signals Company work by presenting this trophy, which he requested be henceforth held as an Inter-Section efficiency trophy for annual competition amongst the various Sections. Mr. Wilson added hat he personally had followed the progress of the Company for several years and noted its keenness and good work with considerable pleasure; he hoped that this trophy would serve as an added incentive to still greater effort among the personnel.

Captain Herzberg thanked Mr. Wilson and Shanghai Telephone Company. Col. Hornby, in thanking Capt. Herzberg on behalf of himself and Headquarters staff for the hospitality extended to them, expressed his gratification with the strength and efficiency of Signals Company and said he felt sure that the progress made in recent years under the able guidance of Capt. Herzberg would be maintained under his successor, Capt. Miles.

Captain W. Miles, second-in-command, then presented Captain Herzberg with a silver cigarette case and box, both suitably inscribed and bearing the Company Badge. Mrs. Herzberg was presented with a silver compact, also bearing the badge of the Company. In making this presentation reference was made to the fact that Captain Herzberg first joined the S.V.C. in 1896, at which time he was a member of the drum and fife band. During those early days, he also served as Headquarters Bugler, and later, as staff Bugler attached to "A" Company. He joined his present Company when it was first formed in 1932, and had carefully tended its growth from infancy to its present strength and efficiency.

Armed Robber Nabbed In Wayside Home

Twelve men, four of them armed with pistols, entered a Chinese home at 41 Singapore Road at 1.50 a.m. yesterday, and stole money, jewellery and clothing valued at $3,000. The thugs managed to escape before an alarm could be raised and detectives from Gordon Road police station are now investigating.

At 1.45 p.m. yesterday, one man was arrested at 402 Wayside, after he and a companion had intimidated the occupants and had stolen $25. An alarm was put through in time and when detectives from Yulin Road station arrived on the scene, they managed to lay their hands on the man. He is now being questioned and it is believed that he and his gang may have been responsible for quite a number of the armed robberies perpetrated north of Soochow Creek in recent weeks.

British War Secretary Visits the Front

Mr. Oliver Stanley, the new British War Secretary, chats with men of the Sherwood Foresters during his recent visit to the British Expeditionary Force in France. Viscount Gort is on the right.

Indian Fined for Adulterated Milk

Section 24 of Food and Drug Act Applicable to China; Three Charges

Jagat Singh, British Indian subject of 148 Liaoyang Road, was found guilty on three charges relating to the sale and possession of unlicenced and adulterated milk by H. M. Registrar, Mr. C. H. Haines, in H. M. Police Court yesterday. The charges were: 1. That the accused on March 19 sold milk without first obtaining a licence from the S.M.C., contrary to the Land Regulations. 2. That on March 18 the accused sold adulterated milk to which water had been added to Woo Sung Sai at 138 Kwenming Road. 3. That the accused had, on March 19, at 83 Wayside Road, in his possession for sale, milk to which water had been added. The second and third offences were contrary to Section 24 of the Food and Drugs Act, 1938.

The defendant was fined $20 for the first offence and $5 each for the second and third offences and allowed one month in which to pay. Mr. Haines said that Section 24 of the Food and Drugs Act was applicable to China. Said he: "I have considered the matter and must agree in view of the finding of the Full Court in the case of the S.M.P. vs. Green there. In view of the principles laid down there, I hold it does apply."

Danger to Public

Mr. P. Watkin Williams, who prosecuted the case for the S.M.C., stressed the danger to which the public was exposed by the sale of unlicenced milk. He said that stringent regulations were necessary to protect the public from such ills as tuberculosis. The Milk and Dairies Regulations of the S.M.C. provided for the licencing of all dairies. The accused was charged with having sold milk without a licence and the milk which he is alleged to have sold was adulterated with water. Unless compliance with the regulations was vigorously enforced the S.M.C. could not protect the public and it was in the vital interests of the public that a penalty as heavy as the law permits be imposed.

Mr. G. V. Volchkoff, food inspector attached to the Public Health Department of the S.M.C. testified that on March 18 he had seized a quantity of milk from a shop at 138 Kwenming Road. He had the milk analyzed and on the following day he saw a bicycle with milk bags suspended from it at the entrance to 83 Wayside Road. He saw the accused in the house and asked him to what rooms he had delivered milk. The officer took quart bottles of milk from the occupants of Rooms 4 and 10 and asked the accused to accompany him to Wayside Police Station.

Woo Sung Sai, Chinese shopkeeper at 138 Kwenming Road, said that he had been buying milk from the accused until one month and seven or eight days ago. He paid 25 cents a pint for the milk and the price was later increased to 30 cents a pint. The Indian delivered the milk to him every morning at 6 a.m. on a bicycle. On March 18 a Russian food inspector of the S.M.C. entered his shop and took away the milk which he had bought from the accused.

Rotary Club Hears Of Health Campaign

City-Wide Propaganda Against Germs Planned

Mrs. Carleton Lacy was the speaker at yesterday's weekly tiffin meeting of the Rotary Club which was held at the Metropole Hotel. As chairman of the Civic Affairs Committee of the Joint Women's Organizations of Shanghai, the speaker urged full support of the "Health Through Cleanliness" campaign which will be sponsored by her organization from May 1 to May 8, and which has the full support of the Health Departments of both the French Concession and the International Settlement.

The main objective of this year's campaign will be to combat flies and mosquitoes as germ-carriers and thousands of posters will be displayed on public vehicles and billboards. Mrs. John S. Barr, the speaker added, will be in charge of the campaign and in addition to posters, leaflets will be distributed to the Chinese population while public nurses will visit homes to explain the evil of germ-carrying insects.

Special programmes will be sponsored by the two Public Health Departments in all schools under their jurisdiction, Mrs. Lacy added.

Cash awards have been provided for in an essay contest which is being arranged as a special feature of the campaign and in which students of the upper primary grades will be given an opportunity to compete.

Public Must Pay for Taxi Increase

In connection with the recent wages dispute of which, the operators of the four leading garages announce that a satisfactory settlement has now been reached on the basis of a substantial wage increase and a high cost of living allowance for the chauffeurs.

The recent increase in the price of gasoline, coupled with the high cost of all replacements, has made it absolutely imperative to increase the hire car rates to $2.70 per trip of 20 minutes. This increase, which will go into effect on April 13, has been withheld pending the settlement of the wages dispute with the chauffeurs. The garages concerned would like it to be distinctly understood that the raise the chauffeurs have received has not been sufficient to take care of their entire remuneration; for it is felt that, in the interests of good service, the customer should be permitted to reward courtesy and attention as heretofore.

Hongkong Finances Satisfactory

Revenue Exceeds Amount Estimated; Charitable Expenditure Increased

Hongkong, Apr. 11.

The satisfactory state of the Colony's finances, despite the Sino-Japanese hostilities and the European war, is revealed in official statistics which show a surplus balance of $3,528,935.76 against an estimated deficit of $2,499,602.

The estimated revenue for the year was $35,257,621, but the actual revenue was $6,220,431.24 in excess of that figure, while expenditure only exceeded the estimate by $191,893,49.

Revenue during 1939 was $4,742,-197.58 in excess of the figure for 1938.

On the revenue side, every head, save the Kowloon-Canton Railway, showed increases over the 1938 figures. Duties yielded $11,156,449 as against $9,105,121; licences and other internal revenue brought in $16,454,-986 compared with $15,098,620, and the Post Office revenue increased from $2,918,028 in 1938 to $3,120,758.

Biggest increase on the expenditure side for the year was for charitable services, which aggregated $1,183,542, compared with $460,329 in 1938. Outlay on Hongkong defences, excluding the Military Contribution of $6,051,926 to the Imperial Government, increased from $329,903 to $1,543,245.

This expenditure included $846,356 for A.R.P., against $104,501 in 1938.—Reuter.

Cholera Inoculation Campaign

A municipal notification is published today giving full particulars of the Public Health Department's free cholera inoculation campaign which commences on Monday, April 15. Free inoculation for foreigners and Chinese who cannot afford their own doctors will be available at eight branch Health Offices,—four in Western District, two in Central District, and one each in Northern and Eastern Districts. The addresses of these branch offices and the hours they are open are set out in the notification.

The special attention of employers of labour is drawn to the arrangements which may be made for inoculation of workers by the Mobile Unit. These arrangements, which apply only to firms wishing a hundred or more employees to be inoculated at one time, may be made on written request to the nearest branch Health Office. It is requested that firms desirous of availing themselves of this offer do so during the period April 15 to May 15.

France Said Aiding Chungking

Japanese Spokesman Repeats Old Charge That Munitions Are Being Supplied

Tokyo, Apr. 11.

Japan "cannot overlook acts calculated to assist the Chungking régime, her enemy," Rear-Admiral Masao Kanazawa, spokesman for the Navy Ministry, declared here today.

The Japanese authorities, he said, were attaching importance to the transit of arms and ammunition through Burma by highway and by railway en route to Chungking. This, he added, constituted action favouring Gen. Chiang Kai-shek and detrimental to Japan.

This arms traffic in Burma, Rear-Admiral Kanazawa, continued, was being conducted on a large scale, while the transportation of military supplies bound for Chungking on the French-owned Yunnan railway was continuing unabated despite repeated Japanese protests.

In addition, the spokesman said, a contract was reported to have been concluded between French interests and the Chungking Government for the construction of a railway from Kunming, capital of Yunnan province, to Ipin in Szechuen at the confluence of the Min and Kinsha rivers, while negotiations were stated to be underway between France and the Chungking administration for a $10,000,000 loan guaranteed against the supply of wolfram mined in China.—Domei.

Saigon Rice Up

The price of Saigon rice took another hike yesterday when quotations averaged between $39 and $42 a picul as against $37.50 and $40 quoted on Wednesday.

Anti-Japan Riot In Manila

Pro-Japanese Chinese Attacked; Shop Beaten Up by Students

Manila, Apr. 11.

The third attack within a week believed to be the result of an anti-Japanese movement in Manila, resulted in injuries to four persons, including one policeman, today when 500 Chinese students stormed a Chinese-owned drug store alleged to be selling Japanese goods.

The owner of the drugstore, Mr. So Pit-huy, said he had learned on Tuesday that members of the local Chinese secret society had planned to stone his place. He said he had been given police protection, but this was withdrawn last nigt.

The Chinese students then stormed the store, breaking windows and injuring three employees. The police arrested four rioters and the others fled when an emergency call was given.

Earlier this week two stores were wrecked by Chinese groups for allegedly dealing in Japanese goods, while another was wrecked because the owner was suspected of selling scrap iron to Japan.

Secret Society Unknown

Meanwhile, the Chinese Consul-General, Dr. C. Kuangson Young, inspected the damaged properties today. He said he was not aware of the existence of any secret Chinese society in Manila. Reports of the incidents were "exaggerated," he declared. Chinese in the Philippines and elsewhere have a reputation for being law-abiding citizens, he asserted.

Dr. Young said that neither in the past nor the future had there been any attempt on the part of the Chinese to enforce an embargo against Japanese goods by force. The incidents, he said, could be traced to "irresponsible trouble makers."—United Press.

French Envoy Returning To Chungking

Chungking, Apr. 11.

Though no definite date has yet been fixed for the departure of the French Ambassador, M. Henri Cosmé, from Chungking, it is believed that he will leave shortly after April 15.

The Ambassador will give a reception at the Embassy on Monday afternoon, entertaining Chinese and foreign leaders in Chungking.

M. Cosmé returned here yesterday afternoon by air from Hanoi, where he had been undergoing tooth treatment.—Reuter.

Norway Regarded As An Ally

Lord Halifax States Any Pact with Germany Made Under Duress

London, Apr. 11.

Norway will be regarded as an ally by the western Powers regardless of reported negotiations whereby a new government may be forced to accept the German occupation.

This clarification of the status of the Norwegians was made yesterday by the Foreign Secretary, Lord Halifax, in addressing members of the National Defence Public Interest Committee at a luncheon.

The Allied Governments, he stated, would regard any Norwegian negotiations with the enemy as "taken under duress."

He added that "it would in no way affect our determination to resist on behalf of powerless Norway, both the effect for Norway of this brutal exhibition of violence, and for ourselves an extension of German stragetic power on the North Sea and the Atlantic, which it would be impossible for this country to accept."

He assured his listeners that the British Navy and French units are now operating in Norwegian waters with powerful forces and promised that the Prime Minister, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, would make a full statement to Parliament today regarding the progress being made to prevent Germany from consolidating positions in Norway.

Lesson to Neutrals

He suggested that Germany's latest move may have been due to "internal weakness," but added that whatever it was it should be a lesson to neutrals "who are unprepared to ask for help until it is too late," which, he said, they often had done.

He contrasted the humane methods of the Allies when he said they had been forced to violate Norwegian neutrality by laying mines.

World opinion, he believed, would not recognize "destruction of two other countries' independence" as a reasonable reprisal, as Germany claimed.

Referring to the Anglo-French war agreement, Lord Halifax declared: "France and Britain are combining certain attributes for the common good of both, not only in the colonial sphere but in movements where labour organizations, employers and educational authorities all are playing their part."

The history of the past 20 years would have been different, he believed, if a similar agreement had been made in the last war.

Progress of the war, he concluded "depends upon the will power to be marshalled to the task. All the energies and efforts of Great Britain and France with 110,000,000 people are directed without stint to the one end of victory, and the mighty war machine created must in the end prove irresistible.

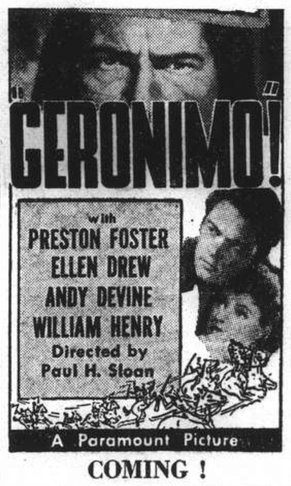
"It is easy to make aggressive war when, like Germany, one has no scruples."—Reuter.

Singapore Internees Sent To Ceylon

Singapore, Apr. 11.

Because climate conditions here are less suitable for the continued confinement of Europeans, the Singapore internment camp established at the outbreak of the war has been closed and a number of German internees have been transferred to a hill-camp in Ceylon, it is officially announced here today.

Some left for Ceylon under a police guard in a French ship on March 31. The remainder were released and deported to neutral countries. Most of them went to Shanghai.—Reuter.



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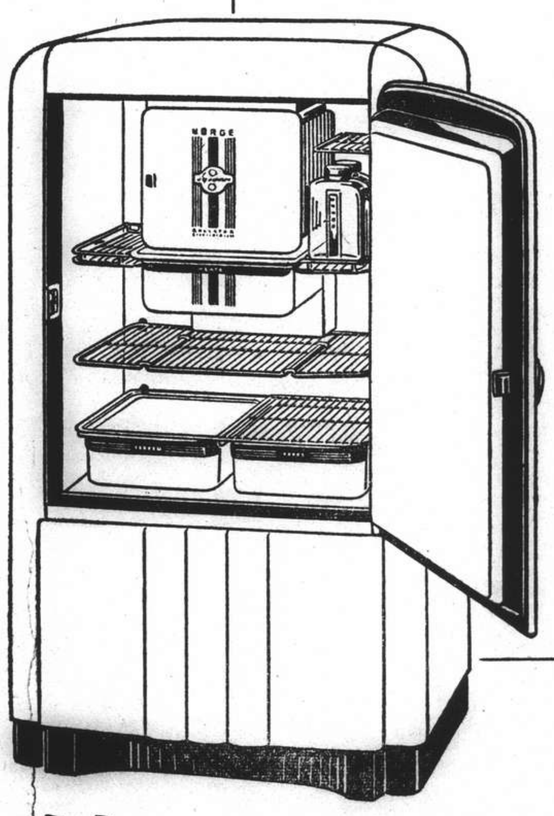

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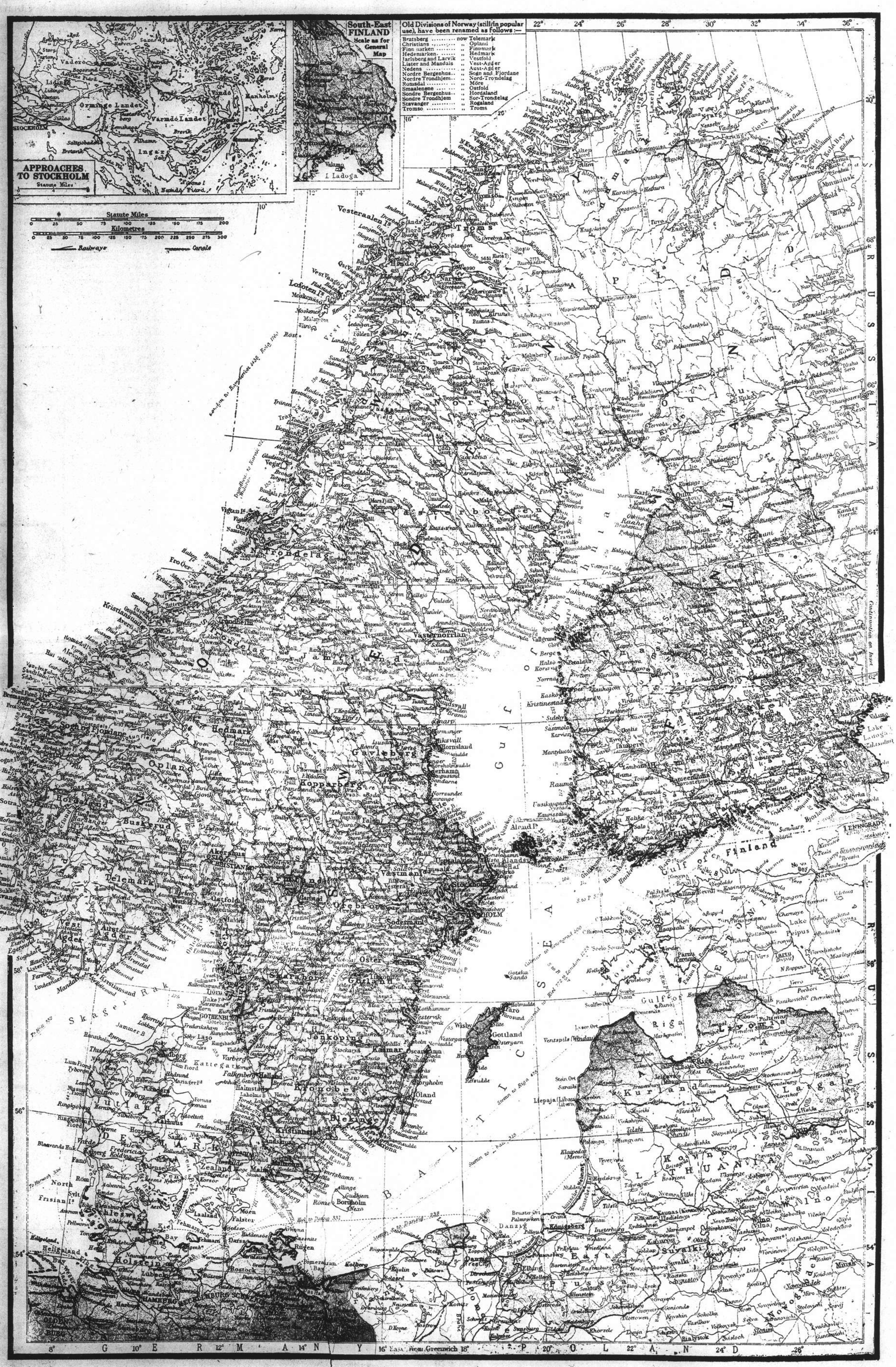


Sweden

Area 173,000 sq. miles; rather larger than Szechuan. Population 6,250,000

Lakes and rivers are more numerous in Sweden than in any other European country except Finland. About 45 per cent. of the farms are equipped with electricity.

The Government's hydroelectric plant at Porjus in Lapland, many miles north of the Arctic Circles, the center of a vast iron mining section, has a present capacity of 58,500 kilowatts. The water power resources of Sweden total over 8,000,000 horse-power.

The leading industry of Sweden is mining and the country was from time immemorial the world's chief source of iron until the utilization of coal in the manufacture of pig-iron revolutionized that industry. Minerals produced include, besides iron and pig-iron, silver, lead, copper, zinc, manganese, arsenic, sulphur pyrites and coal. Iron ore mining is most extensive north from the Arctic Circle. The iron and steel industries—Swedish steel being of especial value for tool making—are mostly in the central part. Much machinery is manufactured, with considerable porcelain production.

The most important industries (ranked according to the value of their gross annual output) are—wood and paper manufacture; mechanical workshops; textiles; iron, steel and metal goods factories; iron and steel works; electric power and gas works; dairies; flour and grain mills.

The Government is a constitutional monarchy. The Legislature has two Chambers, the first of 150 members and the second of 230 members. Suffrage is universal for all over twenty-four years of age of both sexes.

The King of Sweden is Gustav V. (born June 16, 1858), succeeded on the death of his father, Oscar II (Dec. 8, 1907). He married, Sept. 20, 1881, Princess Victoria, daughter of Friedrich, Grand Duke of Baden (died in Rome, Apr. 4, 1930).

The population is very homogeneous, being entirely of the Scandinavian branch of the Aryan family, except about 30,000 Finns and 10,000 Lapps.

Compulsory military service is required, 575,000 men being on the army rolls, with 400,000 reserves. The navy has six vessels of from 4,310 to 7,275 tons, with 14 destroyers, 31 torpedo boats and 14 submarines. The active personnel is 4,500.

Treaties outlawing war for 20 years have been signed with Norway, Denmark and Finland and an arbitration treaty with Germany.

Norway

Area 125,000 sq. miles; about the size of Italy. Population 2,815,000

Norway has only 4,300 square miles of land under cultivation; rivers and lakes occupy 5,000; and forests 27,500; three-fourths of the land is unproductive. Norway is essentially a maritime-country. Her merchant fleet, though neutral, suffered heavily in the World War when she dropped from fourth place to sixth in mercantile tonnage.

The chief agricultural products are wheat, barley, oats, rye, corn, potatoes and hay. Forests are one of the principal natural sources of wealth. They occupy about 30,000 square miles. Nearly 70,000 men are engaged in cod fisheries; 25,000 in herring fisheries, and 40,000 in summer herring fisheries. Huge quantities of whale, walrus, seal, mackerel and salmon are also caught. Mining is an important industry and the country yields silver, copper, pyrites, nickel, iron, zinc and lead.

The country lacks coal but has become a great power-producing country by developing electrical transmission, its greatest natural asset—water power—which is estimated to amount to 12,500,000 horsepower. Of this the Goverpment owns 2,900,000 and has developed 270,000.

The principal manufactures are food products, machinery and metal work, paper and pulp, textiles, wood, oils and soap.

The army is a national militia with universal and compulsory service. The peace strength is 40,000 men, with a reserve of 315,000. The navy is designed for coast defence only and numbers about 1,200 officers and men, with all seafaring men between the ages of 20 and 44 enrolled on the active list and liable to conscription.

Norway, under its Constitution, adopted May 17, 1814, is a constitutional hereditary monarchy. Independent for centuries.

The legislative power is vested in the Storthing, the members numbering 150, elected for three years by direct vote on universal suffrage of citizens, both male and female of 23 years of age.

The King of Norway is Haakon VII., born August 3, 1872, second son of Frederick VIII., King of Denmark. He was elected King of Norway by the Storthing November 18, 1905, and crowned June 22, 1906; married July 22, 1896 to Princess Maud, third daughter of King Edward VII. of Great Britain.

Denmark

Area 16,575 sq. miles; three-fifths the size of Ceylon. Population 3,700,000

Denmark has attained great agricultural productivity. There were 7,897,000 acres under cultivation in 1938, of which 3,278,000 were in grain; 1,273,000 in root crops, and 3,130,000 in green fodder and grass. Wheat, rye, barley, oats and potatoes are grown. Danish dairy products are world-famous. The country exports more butter than any other country in the world and produces more bacon than any other country except the United States. The fisheries are important.

The chief exports are dairy products, eggs, provisions and fodder, animals and animal products. The principal imports are chemicals, wood, cork, paper, textiles, fuels, lubricants, metals. Denmark's best customers in order are—Great Britain, Germany, Sweden, the United States, Norway, Netherlands and France.

Denmark is a constitutional monarchy, the succession being hereditary. The King and the Rigsdag (Diet) jointly hold legislative power.

The King of Denmark is Christian X. born Sept. 26, 1870. He succeeded his father, Frederick VIII, May 14, 1912, and married (Apr. 26, 1898) Princess Alexandrine of Mecklenburg.

The army is in the form of a national militia, every able-bodied man being liable for service. About 6,800 recruits are annually called up for training. The permanent establishment is about 14,000, with 55,000 available on mobilization. The navy, for coast defence only, consists mostly of monitors. The air force has 65 aeroplanes.

The Faroe Islands in the North Atlantic, about 300 miles northwest of the Shetlands, belong to Denmark.

Annual Meeting of British Chamber of Commerce

Difficult Year's Activities Described By Chairman: Japanese Interference With Legitimate Trade

THE annual general meetings of the British Chamber of Commerce, Shanghai, and the China Association, Shanghai Branch, were held in the offices of the Chamber at 27 The Bund, yesterday evening. Among those present were:

Mr. A. H. George, H.B.M. Consul-General and Honorary President of the Chamber, Mr. J. C. Hutchison, Commercial Counsellor and Honorary Vice-President of the Chamber, Sir Robert Calder-Marshall, Chairman of the Chamber, Mr. C. H. Arnhold, Vice-Chairman, Mr. H.G.W. Woodhead, Chairman of the China Association, Mr. J. R. Jones, Vice-Chairman, Mr. H. F. Baker, Secretary, Mr. V. O. Riley, Assistant Secretary, and a number of members of both organizations. Speakers at the Meetings were Mr. George, Mr. Hutchison, Sir Robert Calder-Marshall and Mr. Woodhead.

Sir Robert Calder-Marshall, who presided at the meeting of the Chamber, spoke as follows:

As in 1938 the Chamber has been mainly concerned with problems arising out of the Sino-Japanese hostilities, problems for which in many cases it might have been expected reasonable solutions would have been found long ere this, but though in some cases arrangements have been made and assurances given, impediments to trade still remain the rule rather than the exception.

Except in the South there has been little change in the military position, but with the capture of Pakhoi and the occupation of Hainan and Spratley Islands the Japanese are able to tighten the blockade of the China coast which, however, is only partially effective as trade continues to pass by devious routes to the interior. It would appear that military operations in most areas are deadlocked with Japanese nominally occupying but not controlling, large areas in which guerillas and other forces continue to operate freely preventing the consolidation and development of the occupied zones.

The continued closure of such important channels of trade as the Yangtze and Pearl Rivers is difficult to comprehend as judging from all available information such closure is not justified by military necessity, while its effect is merely to delay the reconstruction and rehabilitation of the country which is the professed desire of the Japanese Government. In connection with both these rivers, promises of an early opening have been given, though no date has yet been arranged and the conditions have not been specified.

In the meantime, Japanese shipping enjoys a monopoly of river transportation while inland water navigation and, in fact, transportation facilities of all kinds in the occupied areas are in the hands of Japanese transportation companies which thus have a monopoly under the protection of the Japanese Army.

Trade and commerce during 1939 has been carried on despite the many difficulties placed in their way and the fact that this has been possible redounds to the credit of the Chinese trader and demonstrates once again his resourcefulness.

As a commercial organization it is not within the province of the Chamber to comment upon political matters or policies except in so far as such policies affect trade and commerce in general and British interests in particular, but one cannot ignore the interference with legitimate business, arbitrary exactions on goods in transit, other impediments to trade and the monopolistic character of the policy being pursued by Japan, the policy of the New Order in East Asia, and the effect that this policy is likely to have on the interests of those most vitally interested, the Chinese, as well as on the interests of foreigners trading in this country.

Negation of Open Door

The policy now being followed appears to be a direct negation of the policy of the Open Door and equal opportunity for the trade of all nations.

In January, 1939, H. M. Government made representations to the Japanese Government in regard to the policy of the New Order in East Asia as enunciated by Prince Konoye in December 1938 and in replying indirectly to these representations on January 26, 1939 Mr. Arita declared that the Nine Power Treaty was out of keeping with the new situation in the Far East and that the Japanese Government intended to readjust Sino-Japanese relations with a New China, a view not shared or accepted by H. M. Government. After prolonged negotiations by Mr. Wang Ching-wei with the Japanese this "New Chinese Central Government" was inaugurated on March 30, 1940 in Nanking.

As the agreement reached between Mr. Wang Ching-wei and the Japanese Government has not, for some unexplained reason, been published up to the present time it is not possible to evaluate the effect of the move on trading and commercial interests in "occupied China."

From time to time, authoritative statements have been made regarding the protection of Third Power interests and the favourable treatment that would be accorded those Powers recognizing and co-operating with the "New Order," which coupled with the declaration of Prince Konoye and the monopolistic tendency already apparent indicate that the exercise of "independence" by the new government will be severely restricted and controlled.

Reports from Tientsin, Tsingtao, Chefoo and Hankow all unfortunately refute the assurances which have been given regarding the protection of the interests of Third Powers, for while in Tientsin the barrier blockade is still impeding the movement of individuals and cargo, particularly British, reports from Tsingtao show the inadequacy of wharf accommodation and discriminatory treatment of British ships and cargo and throughout the Northern "occupied" areas anti-British propaganda is being inspired and encouraged.

Interference Deprecated

In the report last year, reference was made to the large number of plants in the industrial districts either lying partially destroyed and derelict or if in work being operated by Japanese without the consent of their rightful owners. The Japanese authorities have always strenuously maintained that they had no intention of confiscating plants belonging to private owners. It is learned that they are now ready to return the plants to their owners on proof of ownership, provided the owners give allegiance to the New Government. It is to be hoped, however, that the reported conditions of restitution are erroneous and that they will be such as can be complied with without difficulty and that Chinese industry may be able to recommence operations secure from interference, thereby materially assisting in the return to normalcy.

Though unable for the past 2½ years to operate their previously prosperous plants, that Chinese industrialists have not been idle is evidenced by the many new plants which have been erected in the Western district and which during the past year have prospered.

In the South-West very material strides have been made in industrial development in a major way while the numerous "co-operative" enterprises, the embryos of large plants, must inevitably have a beneficial effect on the economic life of the country, opening up large areas hitherto undeveloped. Even when peace is restored throughout the country the industries now established in these outlying parts will continue and will expand, for they will be required to satisfy the needs of the market at their doors.

Lack of adequate transportation facilities in "Free China" must inevitably delay the fulfilment of the larger plants, but there would appear to be no reason why "Free China" should not achieve self-sufficiency through the extension of the industrial co-operatives using small plants, the transportation of which presents no insuperable difficulty.

In the North disabilities due to exchange control and the use of the F. R. B. currency, which is not convertible into foreign exchange, has to some extent been overcome by the cumbersome linking system, the use of which has prevented complete trade stagnation.

Dollar Fluctuations

In June 1939 the National dollar declined from 8d, at which rate it had been steady for sometime, to 6d.—dropping to 3½d. in August. Recovering slightly it now remains steady at about 4d.

This fall in the exchange rate of the dollar while beneficial for exports, seriously affected imports. The heavy fall from 1/2½ to 4d. soon made itself felt in the cost of living which is now approximately 250 per cent. to 300 per cent. higher than in 1937. Part of this increase is due to the fall in exchange, but particularly as regards Chinese produce, rice, flour, meat and vegetables, the increase is due to restrictions, imposed on the flow of these commodities from the producing areas to Shanghai and to taxes and exactions collected in transit. The rise in the cost of living affects all but weighs specially heavily on the Chinese who are least able to bear it, the labourer and coolies who are never far from the hunger line.

This disregard of the welfare of the Chinese masses and interference with the staple food supply of the people is not due to military necessity and cannot be excused—for it needlessly brings hardship, suffering and starvation to thousands.

Though as was stated in the last annual report, the bulk of the cargo which was in storage at the wharves of the China Merchants Steam Navigation Co. had been delivered to its legal owners, a considerable amount was still unaccounted for. In June 1939 after repeated representations, representatives of firms interested in undelivered cargo were given an opportunity of inspecting the cargo still remaining with a view to identification. As a result of this inspection some further deliveries were made and it is understood that all remaining cargo has been cleared. Much cargo which was at the wharves on the outbreak of hostilities is, however, still unaccounted for and must now be regarded as lost.

Wharf Occupation

It was pointed out last year that as these wharves had been in the occupation of Japanese forces ever since the outbreak of the hostilities in Shanghai they must be held responsible for the loss of the goods which have been illegally removed and should reimburse the legal owners for the value of the goods. The fact that none, other than Japanese, had access to the wharves places such claims in an entirely different category from ordinary "war claims."

Though certain arrangements have been made with regard to Municipal policing in Hongkew and though Chinese are now permitted to enter the area freely without the production of passes, the British Tramway and Bus companies which hold franchises from the Council are still denied the rights they should enjoy by virtue of their franchises, though a Japanese Bus Company operates freely without any "franchise" formalities.

In the last annual report it was stated that "it has unfortunately been necessary to refer to the many impediments that have been placed in the way of trade and a return to normal and sane conditions" and the hope was expressed that "next year a different and more pleasing picture may be presented."

I wish I could report that this hope had been realized but as we know from our own experience in Shanghai and from reports from other places the impediments have not been removed, while the restrictions on the movement of necessities vital to the Chinese and the establishment of monopolies can hardly be said to augur well for the future prosperity of the occupied areas.

European War

On September 3, 1939, Great Britain and France declared War on Germany. We all know and the world knows that the war was not of our seeking and that every effort was made by the Prime Minister to avoid it. It is not necessary to mention the events which led up to the declaration of war—they are known to all.

To us in China the European War brings problems, many of them, not only those concerned with transportation difficulties but many others, for in these days the economic front is just as important as the actual front line and we who are far removed from the scene of actual hostilities nevertheless have our part to perform—a very important part too—for it is our duty to endeavour not only to maintain but to increase our trade with the home country and the Empire, thereby providing the sinews of war in the shape of foreign exchange.

Some of us are too old to give service in the fighting forces, but whether old and unfit or young and fit, we all have our duty to perform in the place and manner in which our Government requires, and if our Government wishes us to carry on where we are, we must give our service to the utmost of our ability.

In conclusion I will as usual give a brief survey of the Chamber's activities during the past year.

Joint Committee

The Joint Committee held 24 regular meetings during the year under review. Monthly reports of the matters discussed and dealt with were sent out as usual and a number of members took advantage of these reports to apply to the Secretary for further information on various questions. In addition to these regular meetings three special meetings were held and the Committee were honoured by the presence of Vice-Admiral R. V. Holt, Commander-in-Chief of the Yangtze Patrol on January 6, by Sir Robert Craigie, H.M. Ambassador to Japan, on April 6; and by Sir Archibald Clark Kerr, H.M. Ambassador to China, on November 3.

Sir Herbert Phillips, H.M. Consul-General, relinquished his position as Honorary President of the Chamber on his retirement from China. The Committee and members of the Chamber and China Association entertained Sir Herbert at a farewell banquet at the Shanghai Club on January 10, at which 132 persons were persent and the opportunity was taken to express to Sir Herbert the great appreciation of the British communities in China for all that he had done for their interests during his long service in this country.

On his appointment as H.M. Consul-General in Shanghai Mr. A. H. George kindly consented to succeed Sir Herbert Phillips as the Honorary President of the Chamber, and Mr. J. C. Hutchison, O.B.E., who was appointed Commercial Counsellor in Mr. George's place, kindly agreed to act as Honorary Vice-President of the Chamber.

Sub-Committees

The Sub-Committees of the Chamber held a number of meetings during the year, and rendered considerable assistance to the Joint Committee over a difficult period. The thanks of the Chamber are due to the members of these Committees for the services they have rendered.

As you will have seen from the accounts the Language School for the first time for a number of years has been conducted on a self-supporting basis, the income having exceeded the expenditure by $472. At the end of April the superintendent of the School, Mr. John S. Lee, owing to continued ill health, tendered his resignation, which the Committee accepted with much regret. His retirement was made the occasion of the presentation of a silver tray by members of the Joint Committee and the Language School Sub-Committee, as a small token of the excellent work done by him during his ten years association with the School; since Mr. Lee's retirement, Mr. V. O. Riley, the Assistant Secretary of the Chamber, has acted as the supervisor of the School. The average attendance of pupils during the year was 25; 16 examinations were held in Shanghai, one in Tientsin, and one in Hongkong, and all candidates were successful—two gaining honours. The thanks of the Chamber are due to Mr. G. W. Creighton, for conducting the examinations in Shanghai and to the Rev. A. P. Cullen and Mr. R. Trounce Nelson for conducting them in Tientsin and Hongkong respectively. The Committee hope that all members will continue to support the School so that at the end of the current year the working account will show a larger balance on the right side.

F.B.I. Apprenticeship Scheme

This scheme during 1939 showed continued popularity amongst young Chinese engineering students and over 100 applications were received for the 25 vacancies offered by manufacturing concerns in the United Kingdom. A new list of vacancies was received during the summer, which would have offered excellent opportunities to a further 25 or so young men, and applications were being called for when the European War broke out. The apprenticeship scheme has perforce been suspended until the cessation of hostilities.

Central British War Fund

The Joint Committee associated themselves whole-heartedly with the inauguration of this Fund, and I take this opportunity of asking all members to continue to give it their fullest support. It is not necessary for me to enlarge upon the great importance of the work that the Fund is doing. Most of us out here are not able to take a prominent part in war activities, and therefore it behoves us to subscribe to the best of our means to the Fund that has been established for the help of those who are carrying the burden of the day in His Majesty's service.

The Unemployment Fund: As there was a balance in the Fund which should be adequate to take care of such cases as may need asistance the Unemployment Fund Sub-Committee, after due consideration, recommended that no appeal for subscriptions to this fund should be made in the Autumn as had been customary in past years.

The Trade Enquiry Department has been actively busy during 1939 and 70 enquiries have been dealt with, which is nearly double the number in 1938. At the end of 1939 the British Chamber was appointed the official body for granting certificates of origin for goods shipped to South Africa.

National Government's Laws

Two volumes of the National Government's Laws and Regulations were issued during the year, making the total number of volumes issued 27. These last two volumes complete the series that it is intended to produce until the Sino-Japanese hostilities have come to an end. The whole series constitutes a valuable record laws published by the Chinese Government, of which there is no other compilation of translation in existence. A new complete index has also been compiled during the year and members are reminded that these Volumes are obtainable for their use and guidance at a moderate cost.

The Chamber again conducted the London Chamber of Commerce Commercial Examinations during 1939 and the number of entries was well up to the average. Despite the European War it is hoped to carry on these examinations during the current year. The registration of British subjects requiring employment has been continued and a number of employers and employees have been put in touch with satisfactory results. During the year 80 applicants entered their names on the Chamber's Employment Register.

Piracy of Copyright

Amongst the questions dealt with by the Committee during the last year was the thorny one of piracy of copyright. It is a complex question, as there is no Law of Copyright in China and until such has been established and recognised there is nothing legally to prevent works which are copyright in other countries being printed locally without any regard to author's rights and royalties. The high cost of foreign imported books has given a tremendous impetus to this trade and, as will be realized from the many lists circulated in Shanghai, the business has grown to large proportions. The matter has been taken up as strongly as possible with the London Chamber of Commerce and the Chinese Government, and it is hoped that means may be found to stop the piracy.

Conference of Chambers

Your Committee arranged a Conference of Chambers in China and Hongkong in April last year and work was put in hand to prepare various reports for submission to the delegates. Unfortunately, the uncertainty of transportation, especially from Hankow, made it impossible to arrange a week suitable to all delegates appointed by the Treaty ports. The holding of the Conference was therefore abandoned with regret, but a number of useful reports were received and the information contained therein has proved of very real value.

I would like again to pay a tribute to the valuable assistance received from Mr. A. H. George during the time he held the office of Commercial Counsellor. His advice and guidance on many of the complicated problems with which we have been confronted have been of very great assistance to your Committee. We are also grateful for the assistance given us by Mr. G. C. Pelham, who acted as Commercial Counsellor for a short period last winter. I would like to welcome Mr. J. C. Hutchison, our Commercial Counsellor and Vice President, very cordially on your behalf and thank him for what he has already done in assisting the Committee in many matters and especially over the matter of the very complicated Enemy Trading Regulations. To Mr. Baker, your indefatigable Secretary, Mr. Riley and the staff I would like to express our very sincere appreciation of the work they have done during a difficult year.

The General Committee

The report and accounts were adopted on the motion of Sir Robert Calder-Marshall, seconded by Mr. C. H. Arnhold.

The following having been nominated, were elected to serve en bloc on the General Committee of the Chamber for the ensuing year:—

Messrs. C. H. Arnhold (Arnhold Trading Co., Ltd.), N. G. Beale (The General Electric Co. of China, Ltd.), Sir Robert Calder-Marshall, (Calder-Marshall & Co., Ltd.), Messrs. L. J. Davies (Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Ltd.), G. A. Haley (Imperial Chemical Industries (China) Ltd.), A. S. Henchman (Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation), H. C. Hopkins (Chartered Bank of India, Australia & China), W. J. Keswick (Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd.), J. H. Liddell (Liddell Brothers & Co., Ltd.), G. E. Mitchell (Butterfield & Swire), T. S. Powell (Asiatic Petroleum Co. (N.C.) Ltd.), and R. J. E. Price (Yee Tsoong Tobacco Co., Ltd.).

The meeting closed with a vote of thanks to the outgoing Committee and the China Association meeting opened.

China Association Meeting

Mr. Woodhead who presided at the meeting of China Associated, said: The activities of the Joint Committee, of which the China Association is an integral part, have been fully reviewed by Sir Robert Calder-Marshall, Chairman of the British Chamber of Commerce. It is therefore unnecessary for me to go over the same ground in the report of the China Association. Before coming to my main topic this afternoon, the British Election Committee, however, I should like to refer to two other matters.

First, in addition to entertaining our departing Consul-General, members of our two organizations in co-operation with the members of the British Residents' Association, participated in a farewell reception on May 29 last to Admiral and Mrs. Yarnell. Thanks to the courtesy of the Committee of the Country Club an opportunity was thus afforded to pay a tribute to the valuable services rendered to third Power interests by the retiring Commander-in-Chief of the Asiatic Fleet. In the absence in Hongkong of Sir Robert Calder-Marshall, it devolved upon me to preside, and a letter that I received subsequently from Admiral Yarnell left no doubt regarding his and his wife's appreciation of this British gesture.

The other matter is the plight of the Cathedral School for Boys, I cannot offer any proposal regarding it, but only commend it to your attention, in the hope that something may be done during the coming year. There is a most urgent need for proper School buildings. The present premises are inadequate and quite unworthy of a British School, and the need is the more pressing because under present conditions so many parents find themselves unable to send their sons home to complete their education. Unless something is done, and done soon, there appears to be every prospect that the School will have to restrict new entries owing to lack of accommodation.

I am going to devote most of my speech to the British Election Committee because of the amount of misunderstanding, genuine or otherwise, which seems to prevail with regard to its constitution and function. It has been alleged, for instance, that it is a self-constituted committee, and all kinds of aspersions have been made with regard to the methods of nomination and balloting.

The Feetham Report

Critical conditions have prevailed in Shanghai ever since the outbreak of Sino-Japanese hostilities locally in January 1932. The blame cannot be placed fairly upon the shoulders of the Council, or of your local organizations. The Council, you may recall, secured the services of Mr. Justice Feetham to investigate the Settlement Administration and offer suggestions for reform, in 1930-1. His valuable report had only been completed a few months before the 1932 crisis, and was ignored by the Treaty Power Governments. Matters, however, might have taken a different course after the conclusion of the Sino-Japanese Truce in May 1932, had the resolution of the League of Nations, calling for a Round Table Conference to consider arrangements "to secure these (i.e. the Foreign) areas and their residents from danger" been acted upon. The three local British organizations took the initiative in petitioning their Government to act upon this resolution, and their representations were endorsed by almost all the other Foreign Chambers and Associations in Shanghai, but without any result.

In 1935 it was evident to the Committees of the three British organizations that if the balance of power in the Settlement administration was to be maintained it was imperative to organize and mobilize the British vote. A meeting of all three Committees was held that year at which plans for mobilizing the British vote were put forward, and it was decided to nominate a British "ticket" of five candidates; Messrs. H. E. Arnhold, V. St. J. Killery, W. P. Lambe, J. H. Liddell and H. Porter.

This action was criticized in some quarters. Two independent candidates, one a Briton and the other of another foreign nationality were nominated. But the official ticket was adopted, though the attendance at the poll was deplorable. The two Japanese headed the list by several hundred votes, and only 1,587 out of an estimated total of 3,852 votes were recorded, of which British voters contributed only some 565. It was evident that different tactics would have to be adopted if the British voting strength was to make itself felt.

Another joint meeting of the three Committees was held in October, 1935. At this it was decided to appoint an Executive sub-Committee with power to employ a paid organizer, to attempt to mobilize the British vote. Each British Committee nominated two members, a substantial sum was guaranteed for expenses, and in November it was announced that Lt. Colonel Hayley Bell had been appointed as paid Election Agent. The name of the Committee was changed to "British Election Committee," with Mr. W. S. King as Chairman and Mr. Reader Harris as Vice-Chairman. This Committee felt that the practice of nominating its own "ticket" was open to serious criticism, and that it would be more in accordance with democratic principles to call for nominations, and if they exceeded five in number, to select the British candidates by a "Straw Vote." The Committee approached 19 qualified ratepayers, to stand for this poll, and also invited outside nominations. Eventually ten candidates were duly proposed and seconded. It was recognized that some precautions must be taken to prevent duplication or forgery of ballot slips, so each slip was countersigned by the Election Agent. All ten candidates were asked to attend a meeting at which the procedure to be adopted was laid before them, and approved.

The result of this step was to increase the votes polled at the 1936 election to 3,165, of which all British and American candidates received over 1,800, and the Japanese fell to the bottom of the list with under 900. Many of you will recall that an unfortunate *contretemps*, due to the overlooking of ballot papers, invalidated this election. But the Japanese then withdrew their third candidate so that a second election became unnecessary.

The Straw Vote

In this as in later "Straw Votes" senior members of a firm of chartered accountants were invited, and agreed, to act as scrutineers.

From time to time there was considerable discussion as to how the "Straw Vote" should be conducted, some favouring a poll of all the members of the three British organizations. It was, however decided that the only logical course, if the informal poll was to be regarded as conclusive, both by the public and the candidates, was to restrict it to British ratepayers who would be entitled to vote at the actual elections. Any other procedure might be misleading, and might reasonably be regarded as justifying potential British candidates in refusing to submit to the "Straw Vote."

As I have already stated the ballot slips at the first "Straw Vote" were countersigned by the Election Agent. This, however, did not constitute a sufficient guarantee against duplication. They were sent out by post, and as everyone knows, local mails sometimes go astray. At subsequent polls, therefore, it was decided to number the ballot slips, solely for the purpose of avoiding duplication or fraud. The scrutineers do not have access to the numbered list, the ballot slips are unsigned, and they would only be interested in seeing that no numbers were duplicated, or where an allegedly mislaid ballot slip had been replaced by another—that an illicit vote was not secured by this means. If for instance, Mr. Brown reported that he had never received his ballot slip, the original number of which was 771, he would be given another, but the scrutineers would be requested to treat slip No. 771 if it appeared in the ballot box as invalid. It is scarcely necessary to add that one of the objects of enlisting the honorary services of prominent Chartered Accountants was to ensure that the secrecy of the ballot should be maintained.

The Agreement

At a meeting of the British Election Committee held on March 19, 1937, the question arose whether candidates for the "Straw Vote" should be requested to undertake to accept the results. An extract from the minutes of that date reads:

"It was considered that the pledge in the Nomination Papers, signed by each Candidate for the 'Straw Vote,' the second paragraph of which read:—

'Should the result show my name to be amongst the five Candidates heading the Poll, I agree to stand for the Municipal Elections to be held on April 5 and 6.'

could only be interpreted as meaning that each Candidate, including those who were unsuccessful, agreed to abide by the result of the 'Straw Vote'."

The 1939 Committee reaffirmed that the "Straw Vote" was the only logical procedure for selecting the British candidates.

There was no election in 1939 so that the machinery for organizing the British vote remained in abeyance. The increasing gravity of the local situation, and that in China generally, led to the re-constitution of the British Election Committee in the latter part of the year. It decided to follow the same procedure as in previous years, and this was what was done in the recent "Straw Vote." All qualified British Ratepayers were circularized with a view to securing nominations, and Messrs. E. S. Wilkinson and I. E. Roberts kindly agreed to act as scrutineers.

That, in brief, is the history of the British Election Committee. I should only like to add that if its efforts result in attaining the objects for which it has been working, at this election, most of the credit will go to its Chairman Mr. H. E. Arnhold, who has devoted most of his time to its interests for the past two months.

The report and accounts were adopted on the motion of Mr. Woodhead, seconded by Mr. J. R. Jones.

The meeting concluded with the election of the new Committee as follows:—Messrs. J. R. Jones, Mr. F. W. Massey, Mr. W. Mellor, Mr. W. F. Rial, and Mr. H. G. W. Woodhead.

Cotton Godowns Burned Out

Engines From Three Stations Kept Busy For Many Hours

Two godowns filled to capacity with cotton, went up in flames at North Chengtu and Soochow Roads yesterday afternoon and engines from Sinza, Central and Ichang Road fire stations had to battle hard for the better part of three hours to bring the flames under control. The blaze was reported at 3.50 p.m. but when the first engines arrived, it was found that the fire had progressed to the extent that reinforcements from other stations had to be summoned.

Handicapped by a comparatively low water pressure and by the fact that a northerly wind was blowing from across the creek, the firemen, some of them donning moke-masks, approached the flames and finally managed to put them under control at 6.40 p.m. Capt. H. G. Reed, Chief Officer of the Fire Brigade, personally supervised operations and at the time of going to press men were still busy dampening down the debris.

The contents of the two buildings were almost completely destroyed and all but the outer walls remained standing by the time the flames had been checked.

The godowns belong to Koo Tingzeng, a Chinese firm, owning its own fire-fighting equipment which went into action as soon as the flames were noticed, although it was not anywhere nearly sufficient to cope with the flames which spread with lightening rapidity.

Damages, which are considerable, have not been estimated yet, while the cause of the fire remains a complete mystery.

When night fell, the S.F.B.'s new flood-lighting equipment went into action and greatly facilitated the work of the firemen who are remaining on duty at least until this morning.

Fortunately there is very little traffic on the two streets from which the firemen tackled the blaze although police from Sinza station were kept busy in checking Chinese pedestrians from coming too near. At one time it was feared that the brick-wall on the north side of one of the godowns would collapse but fortunately, this did not materialize.

Nordic Shipping Lines Operate as Usual

Danes, Norwegians Tell Of No Schedule Changes

Manila, Apr. 11.

Norwegian and Danish shipping lines here will continue to operate on their original operating schedules despite the German invasion of Norway and Denmark, it was learned today.

Agents of these shipping companies said they had not received orders to alter the schedules they maintained before the German occupation of Denmark and Norway.

The ss. Talisman, a Norwegian ship, is scheduled to leave Manila on April 15, en route to New York.

The Danish steamers Niel Maersk and Panama, which arrived here earlier this week, are still in harbour.

The captains of these ships said they had received advices regarding changes in their schedules.

Meanwhile, the Norwegian and Danish Consulates at Manila said they did not possess any knowledge of their future status.—United Press.

Pack Up Your Troubles

at "Night Club"

TEDDY & FERRY GUZZA

815 Avenue Joffre Telephone 71609

COMING SOON! — ROXY —

CAPITOL
142 Museum Road
Telephone 17100
2.30, 5.30, 9
60cts., 80cts., $1.00
TO-DAY!
"RETURN OF THE CISCO KID"
Warner BAXTER
Lynn BALI
Cesar ROMERO
Sun. to Tuesday
WE ARE NOT ALONE

GOLDEN GATE
745 Avenue Foch
Telephone 74456
2.30, 5.30, 9
60cts., 80cts., $1.00
TO-DAY!
"ON YOUR TOES"
ZORINA
Eddie ALBERT
Alan HALE
Sun. to Tuesday
FIRST LOVE

RIALTO
239 Kweichow Road
Telephone 94110
2.30, 5.15, 7.15, 9.15
60cts., 80cts., $1.00
TO-DAY!
"FOUR FEATHERS"
Ralph RICHARD
June CLEMENTS
John DUPREZ
Sun. to Tuesday
THE RAINS CAME

NEW, ALL-PURPOSE FILM: Kodak Panatomic-X produces brilliant enlargements without appreciable graininess, yet has ample speed, comes in popular amateur and miniature sizes.

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money and Exchange

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK

THURSDAY, APRIL 11, 1940

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 4⅛d. ....$ 58.63
U.S. $100 @ 5⅜ $1,684.21

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 4⅛ ....$ 57.31
U.S. $100 @ 6⅛ $1,616.16
London—demand, $1= .... 4⅜d.
4 months' sight credits .... 4⅛d.
4 months' sight docts .... 4¼d.
6 months' sight credits .... 4⅞d.
6 months' sight docts .... 4⅜d.
New York—demand, $100= ..... U.S.$6⅛
4 months' sight credits ...... U.S.$6⅛
4 months' sight docts ...... U.S.$6⅛

INTERBANK CLOSING SELLING RATES

Sterling 4⅛d. nom. U.S. ....$6 nom.
Hongkong/London 1/2⅞

WEI WAH DISCOUNT

Wei Wah $1,069.00 ........C.N.$1,000.00

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY

Netherlands Guilders ......Buying 11⅝
Java Guilders .... „ 11½
Netherlands Guilders ......Selling 11¼
Java Guilders .... „ 11⅛

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO., INC.

Buying U.S.$100=$1,632.653 £1=$57.313
Selling U.S.$100=$1,684.210 £1=$58.625

BANQUE BELGE POUR L'ETRANGER

Belgas 0.36¼=$1 Belgas 20.65=£1

ITALIAN BANK FOR CHINA

Lt Lire 1.17=$1 Swiss Frs. 0.26¾=$1
Tourist Lire 1.42 ....$1

HUA HSING COMMERCIAL BANK

Sterling Selling Rate @ 6d per H.H.$ 1
„ Buying „ @ 6⅛* „ H.H.$ 1
U.S.$ Selling „ @ 8⅛ „ H.H.$100
„ Buying „ @ 8⅛ „ H.H.$100
Local $ (Fapi) selling @ 144 per H.H.$100
buying @ 149 „ H.H.$100

CUSTOMS OFFICIAL RATES FOR DUTY PAYMENTS

Gold Unit 1.00—Hua Hsing $2.708
Gold Unit 1.00—Local Dollar $4.035
*—Nominal.

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

	Highest	Lowest
£	4⅛	4⅛
U.S. G.$	6⅛	5⅞
Yen	—	—

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

Cash	SELLING		BUYING April
£ T.T.	4⅛	4 m/s. l.c.	4⅛
G.$ T.T.	5⅞	4 m/s. l.c.	6⅛
Fcs. T.T.	302	4 m/s.	316
Rs. T.T.	22⅞	15 d/s.	23⅜

BAR SILVER

	READY	FOR'D
London pence per std. oz.	20⅛	20⅞
N.Y. cents per oz. troy	34¾	—
Bombay Rs. per 100 tolas	58.01	—
Bombay offtake 50 bars.		

NEW YORK/LONDON CASH RATES

New York closing Rate for Cash 3.49½
Local sellers U.S.$ for Cash 3.49
Local buyers U.S.$ for Cash 3.50

The local exchange market opened with sellers to merchants at 4⅛ sterling and 5⅞ U.S.$.

The Interbank market opened with sellers for cash at 4⅛ sterling and 5⅞ U.S.$. There was a temporary firmness in dollars and the rate touched 6⅛ for cash but relapsed to the opening rates. At the close the market was slightly steadier and there were sellers at:—

4⅛ sterling	6	U.S.$		Cash
4⅛ „	5⅞	„		Apr.
3⅞ „	5¾	„		May

Foreign Exchanges

Closing, Apr. 10.

Bombay, Rupee T. T. on:

Japan	91⅛	London	1/5⅞
New York	332¼	2 mths	
Shanghai	23⅜	„ sellers	1/5⅞
Hongkong	83½	„ buyers	1/6⅛
		Japan	
		2 mths	
		„ sellers	92¼
		„ buyers	90⅜

London & Sterling T. T. on:

New York	402.50	Shanghai	4¼d.
Paris	176.50	Bombay	1/6⅛
Amsterdam	7.53	Hongkong	1/2⅞
Brussels	23.55	Singapore	2/4⅞
Madrid	38.50	Yokohama	1/4⅞
Milan	67.50	„ (buying)	1/4⅜
Berne	17.85		

New York U.S.$ T. T. on:

Berlin	40.20	Brazil	5.10
Spain	9.95	Japan	23.48
Holland	53.08	Shanghai	6.10
Paris	1.98¼	Hungary	3.49
Brussels	16.94	Rumania	0.53 N
Italy	5.05	Yugo Slavia	2.32 N
S'zerland	22.42½	Greece	0.67
Sweden	23.40*	Finland	1.90
Montreal	8.75		

London 3.49½
„ demand 3.49
Buenos Aires Paper, market rate 22.90
Montreal on London 4.16
*—Offered. N—Nominal.—Reuter.

Foreign Money Rates

London: Apr. 10.

Fine Bank Bills,	3 months	1⅛%
Bank Bills	6 months	1⅜%
Fine Trade Bills,	3 months	2¾%
Fine Trade Bills,	6 months	3¼%
Call Money		1%

New York:

Bankers' Acceptances for 1, 2 and 3 months	0½%B
	0⅞%A
Bankers' Acceptances for 4 months	0⅝%B
	0½%A
Call Money	1%

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

Manila Gold Shares

(Bids in Pesos)

Apr. 11	Bid Prices a.m. Closing		p.m. Closing	
Atoks	.15		.155	
Antamok	.12		.12	S
Baguio Gold	.20		.215	S
Batong Buhay	.010		.010	
Benguet Consolidated	5.25 *		—	
Big Wedge	.165		.17	
Coco Grove	.085	S	.035	S
Consolidated Mines	.003	S	.003	S
Demonstration	—		.0875	
East Mindanao	.09		.095	
I X L	.315	S	.315	S
Ipo Gold	.095		.095	
Itogon	.205	S	.21	S
Masbate Consolidated	.085		.09	S
Mine Operations	—		.085	S
North Camarines	.047		.048	
Paracale Gumaus	.175		.175	
San Mauricio	.63		.65	S
Surigao Consolidated	.185		.19	S
Suyoc	.125		.125	S
Syndicate Investment	.018	S	.018	S
United Paracale	.225		.235	S
Mindanao Motherlode	.09		.09	S

*—Over counter.
S—Sales.—Reuter.

Silver Quotations

London, Apr. 10.

Silver prices declined today, the quotations being:

	Apr. 10	Apr. 11
London spot	20⅞d.	20⅝d.
„ forward	20⅞d.	20½d.
„ gold	168/-	168/-

—Reuter.

Cross Rates

London/New York U.S.$4.0350 59.478d.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

The better news from Norway and Sweden had a stimulating effect on our market and a very active day with considerably improved prices for practically all industrial shares resulted. The close found these shares at their best levels.

Outstanding in the market were Explorations and Loans, both registering new highs. The former again had a very large turnover and touched 22, reacting to 21 on very heavy profit-taking. Towards the close buyers predominated and rates were pushed up to 21½ bid, 21¾ offered. Loans were also very active, closing firm with buyers at 28½.

Trusts, Yangtsze Finance and Dockyards were very popular too, prices improving to 25¾, 17½ and 42¼ respectively.

Rubbers, on the whole, had a quiet time, all interest being centred in the Industrial section.

Official Averages

1940 High	Low		Today's Average	Change
353.93	105.32	General	326.48	+1.77
475.35	95.65	Rubbers	399.96	−7.71

Total 459,146 shares, 462 bonds.

Business Done

Power 5½% Debs. 1000 88.00
11000 87.75 5000 *88.00 1000 *87.75
†3000 88.00
S. M. C. 5% Debs. 10000 76.00
Telephone 6% Debs. 15000 *96.00
I. I. Trust 1500 *25.00 1000 25.25
500 *25.25 2000 25.00 1000 25.25
†500 25.50 2500 25.25 1000 25.50
500 26.00
S'hai Loan 2500 27.25 3000 27.00
1000 27.25 1500 27.50
†4000 27.75 500 *27.75 3500 28.00
500 28.25 500 28.00 1000 28.25
1500 28.50
Yangtsze Finance 8000 16.90
500 16.80 500 *17.00 1500 17.00
†1500 17.30 6500 17.40 500 *17.40
5000 17.50 500 *17.50 500 17.60
S'hai Securities 500 6.00 1000 5.95
500 *5.90 2000 5.95
†2500 5.95
Central Prop †300 17.80
Int. Assurance 500 *13.00 1000 13.00
†500 12.90
China Realty 500 *7.65 4000 7.65
2500 7.70 500 7.75 500 *7.70
1000 7.65
†2000 7.70 3000 7.65 1500 7.70
500 7.75
S'hai Land 1500 14.20 500 *14.30
500 14.30 3000 14.10 3500 14.20
†500 *14.20 2000 14.20 1000 14.10
2500 14.20 1000 14.30
300 41.50 700 41.75 400 42.00
Dockyards 400 *41.25 300 *41.50
300 41.50 700 41.75 400 42.00
100 42.25 200 *42.00 1800 42.00
100 42.25 700 41.75 200 *41.75
100 41.75 700 42.00 300 *42.00
1800 41.75 200 *41.75 1900 41.50
200 41.25 200 *41.50 400 *41.75
1700 41.75 1200 42.00 500 *42.00
200 42.25 100 42.00 1000 42.25
800 42.00 3800 42.25 1400 42.00
700 41.75
†100 *42.00 6900 42.25 500 *42.25
1400 *42.50 200 *42.25
S. & H. Wharf †25 465.00
Wheelock 100*142.00 100 142.00
300 142.50 200 143.00 200 142.00
200 143.00 400*143.00
†300*143.50 700 144.00 200*144.00
C. G. Omnibus 100 *30.75 200 30.75
†100 30.75 200 30.50 100 *30.50
S'hai Gas 100 21.50 200 21.25
100 21.50
Telephone 600 30.25 500 30.50
100 30.25 400 *30.25
†200 30.50 600 *30.25 500 30.25
Tram (Bearer) £1 1200 56.00
†200 *55.50 500 55.50 100 55.00
Metal 200 *29.75 100 *29.50
1200 29.75 700 29.50 200 *29.50
200 29.25 100 *29.25 1500 29.50
300 29.75 2000 29.50
†300 29.50 1000 29.75 1500 *29.5
500 29.75 1900 29.50 100 *29.50
100 29.75 400 29.50
Kaiping 300 *59.00
†500 59.00
Lumber 400 57.00 300 *57.00
†300 57.00
Exploration 500 19.70 2000 19.80
500 19.70 1000 *19.70 500 *19.60
500 19.70 500 19.60 3000 19.70
3000 19.60 1000 19.70 1000 19.60
2000 19.70 1000 19.80 500 19.70
500 *19.70 6500 19.80 2500 *19.80
2000 *19.90 2000 19.90 4500 20.00
1000 20.25 1000 *20.75 1000 20.50
500 *20.75 500 20.75 500 20.50
5000 20.75
†1000 *20.15 500 21.00 500 21.25
400 *21.25 1000 *21.50 500 21.50
1500 21.75 500 22.00 3500 *22.00
2500 21.75 500 21.50 3500 21.25
2000 *21.25 500 21.50 3500 21.25
500 *21.25 1500 21.00 500 *21.25
3500 21.50 1000 *21.25 3500 21.25
500 21.50 1000 21.25 8000 21.50
Power (Pref) 150 132.75 80*132.75
†10 132.75
Ewo Mills (Ord) 200 47.00 700 46.75
200 *46.75 100 *46.50 100 46.50
300 *46.75 500 46.75 5300 47.00
100 46.75 2800 47.00 300 47.25
†2700 47.25 2400 47.50 400 *47.50
100 *47.25 200 *47.50 300 *47.25
100 47.25 100 47.50
China Finance 4000 1.80 2000 1.84
1000 1.86 1000 *1.92 1000 1.90
2000 2.00 4000 2.10 5000 2.20
4000 2.10 2000 2.00 3000 1.90
1000 1.88 1000 1.90 1000 *1.87
3000 1.88 1000 1.98 1000 1.96
2000 *2.00
†2000 2.00 1000 1.96
Alma 1100 53.50
†300 54.00 100 *54.50
Anglo Dutch 300 27.50 100 *27.50
200 *27.25
†300 *26.75 400 26.75
Anglo Java 1800 48.00
†200 47.50 600 47.52
Batu Anam 1000 2.20 1000 2.15
†1000 2.07½
Bute 500 *11.90 500 11.80
500 11.70
†500 11.80
Chemor 1000 4.20 1000 4.10
†1000 4.10 1000 4.05
Cheng 6000 1.24 2000 1.22
†3000 1.22
Consolidated 1500 11.70 500 *11.70
500 11.80
†1500 11.80
Dominion 500 15.60
†500 15.70 2000 15.50
Java Consolidated †1000 6.20
Kroewoek 3000 *3.90 5000 3.90
1000 3.87½
†1000 3.87½ 1000 3.85 2000*3.82½
Langkat 300 34.50 400 34.75
200 35.00 600 34.75 300 *34.25
700 34.25 300 34.00
†1200 34.00 300 33.75
Padang 1000 4.00
Repah 2000 2.15 1000 2.10
1000 *2.10
†1000 2.10
Rubber Trust 1500 13.20 1000 *13.30
2000 13.20 1000 13.10
†1000 *12.90 500 12.90 500 *13.00
1000 13.00
Samagaga 1000 2.80 1000 2.90
†3000 2.85
Semambu 1000 2.25
†1000 2.20
Senawang 11000 2.90 1000 2.87½
†9000 2.85
Kedah †500 15.10
Kelantan 1000 1.34 9000 1.36
1000 *1.34
†2000 1.36 2000 1.34
Pahang †2000 8.00
Sua Manggis †1000 3.30 1000 3.20
Sungala 2500 11.00 500 10.90
†1000 10.80
Tanah Merah 3000 4.95 2000 *4.90
1000 4.90
†3000 4.90 3000 4.85
Tebong 4000 2.30 1000*2.32½
10000 2.30 2000 2.27½ *1000 2.25
†6000 2.25 1000 2.22½
Ziangbe 200 36.50 100 36.25
100 36.00
†100 36.00

ODD LOTS

Yangtsze Finance 180 *16.70
200 17.10
Exploration 200 19.90 200 *19.80
100 19.80
†100 21.00 100 21.75
S'hai Loan 100 27.75
†200 28.25
Repah 125 2.12½
Samagaga 200 2.77½
China Realty 381 7.60 17 7.60
Wheelock 40 142.00 30 142.50
Ewo Mills (Ord) 50 47.00 50 *47.50
China Finance 500 1.86
S'hai Securities 200 *5.90
S'hai Land 100 14.00
†200 14.30 200 14.10
Power 5½% Debs. †200 *88.00
Anglo Java †8 46.75 50 47.00
Culty Dairy †40 *42.00
*—Direct Business.
†—Afternoon Business.

Kroewoek Java P. Ltd. Meeting

Java Company Shows Profit of G.125,265.52; Final Dividend 12 Dollar Cents Per Share

THE working account of the Java company shows a profit of guilders 125,265.52, as compared with guilders 54,202.16 in 1938. This increased profit was mainly due to the fact that the average net price for rubber was higher and the output greater, was revealed at the 30th annual general meeting of the Kroewoek Java Plantation Co., Ltd., held yesterday at 49 Szechuen Road. Mr. A. J. Welch, chairman, presided, supported by Messrs. R. G. MacDonald, H. Kadoorie, directors and Mr. W. A. Welch, representing Messrs. J. A. Wattie & Co., Ltd., secretaries and general managers. Shares present and represented were 546,110.

The chairman in his speech said:—

The working account of the Java company shows a profit of guilders 125,265.52 as compared with a profit last year of guilder 54,202.16.

This increased profit is mainly due to the fact that the average net price realized for our product was 4.60 guilder cents per pound higher than it was last year and the output of rubber was 206,344 lbs. greater and in addition the expenditure on revenue account was 2.14 cents per pound lower.

Profit

The profit and loss account discloses a net profit of guilders 99,323.84, which is really guilders 108,323.84 since the agency fee of guilders 9,000 is, in effect, merely a transfer to the Shanghai company and its equivalent in Chinese dollars appears as a credit in the profit and loss account of the Shanghai company.

Capital expenditure amounted in total to guilders 5,827,49 which covered the cost of the following:—

ON KROEWOEK ESTATE

Upkeep of the immature area	F.1,687.75
Furniture	239.04
Sundry tools and implements	936.68
	2,863.47

ON BAJAH ESTATE

Clearing and planting 55 acres rubber	2,500.96
Clearing and planting 15 acres tung oil	394.98
Furniture and tools	68.08
	F.5,827.49

Financially Sound

Financially, the company is still in a very satisfactory position since on December 31, 1939 the liquid assets of the two companies combined exceeded the cash liabilities by Ch.$505,482.71 which will be reduced to Ch.$230,452.71, if you pass the dividend and appropriations that will be recommended later.

Shanghai Company

From the accounts of the Shanghai company you will see that the interest earned was nearly sufficient to pay half the expenses of management in Shanghai.

There is an apparent loss on exchange of Ch.$44,019.67 which is debited to profit and loss account. This arises from the fact that the Shanghai company is indebted to the Java company and the Chinese dollar equivalent of the guilder amount has to be adjusted each year. This is in reality purely a book entry as the two companies are to all intents and purposes identical.

During the year your directors decided that in view of the uncertainty regarding the future trend of the value of the Chinese dollar the prudent thing to do was to dispose of our local investments and to convert any surplus that was not required for the payment of the interim dividends into United States currency. A similar procedure was adopted with any surplus funds that accumulated in Java and you will see from the balance sheet that on December 31, 1939 the company had the sum of U.S. dollars 37,172.71 at the bank. The Chinese dollar equivalent of this sum at today's rate of exchange is approximately Ch.$607,000 or Ch.$131,000 in excess of that shown in the balance sheet.

Whilst on the subject of these accounts I would like, as a matter of passing interest, to call your attention to a very curious coincidence that occurs in the balance sheet of the Shanghai company.

If you will look first at the issued capital of the company you will see the figure of Ch.$307,692.31 which is the equivalent of Taels 220,000 at Exchange 71.5 and then look at the bottom of the other side of the balance sheet and you will see a precisely similar figure which, however, represents the dollar equivalent of the final dividend of guilders 45,000 paid by the Java company. There is not the remotest connection between these two figures.

Taxation

As regards taxation in the Dutch East Indies a company or income tax has been in force for some years past and at present this amounts to approximately 25 per cent. of the profit after certain deductions for depreciation, etc. and allowances have been made. For 1939 this tax has been computed at guilder 22,500.

In addition to this a war tax has recently been introduced there, the exact details of which are not yet to hand, but the principle on which this will be calculated is roughly that it shall be 35 per cent. of the amount by which the profit for 1939 exceeds the average of the profits for the three preceding years.

On the accounts now before you it is estimated that this war tax will amount to approximately guilders 5,400.

Estate Affairs

Turning now to estate matters I will deal with those of Kroewoek, the original property, first.

A small area of 1.3 acres was cleared and planted with specially selected material. The growth of the young rubber in all the immature areas is reported to be very satisfactory. The gardens are under a thick cover of nitrogenous leguminosae which have a very beneficial effect in increasing the fertility of the soil.

The mature areas are reported to be in a good state of upkeep and the trees in excellent condition. The rate of bark consumption is normal and the reserves of bark are ample.

Neither pests nor diseases gave any trouble during the year, such cases as were discovered yielded readily to treatment.

The supply of labour was more than sufficient for the amount of work that had to be done and I am glad to state that, apart from an outbreak of a mild form of influenza in March and April, the health of the coolies was excellent.

All buildings and machinery were regularly upkept and are reported to be in a satisfactory state of repair. Speaking generally this estate is in first class condition and everything is running smoothly which leaves very little for me to comment on.

Bajah Estate

On Bajah estate on tapping took place as its export rights were transferred to Kroewoek estate which produced the necessary amount of rubber to cover them.

The area under rubber was extended by 62½ acres which were planted up with specially selected material. The young plants on this area are reported to be making satisfactory progress.

The buildings on this estate are mostly of a temporary nature and will need replacing with more permanent buildings in the near future. In the meantime the necessary repairs were made and they are in a reasonably habitable condition.

The supply of labour was barely sufficient for requirements and at times there was a distinct snortage of coolies. This is due to the fact that the estate is situated in a somewhat sparsely populated part of the country and furthermore is handicapped by competition from the South Bantam Coal Mining Company, which is situated in the near vicinity and where higher wages are paid. Every endeavour is being made by importing coolies to establish a permanent resident labour force on the estate.

All the necessary preparations have been made to recommence tapping on this estate, should the exportable quota, at any time, call for a greater quantity of rubber than can be produced by Kroewoek estate single handed.

In conclusion, gentlemen, I would like to express our very best thanks to the two managers and their staffs, to the technical advisor and to the agents in Java for the very able manner in which they have administered the affairs of the two estates during the year under review.

The following resolutions were passed unanimously:—

That the directors' report and statement of accounts for the year ended December 31, 1939, as presented, be adopted and passed. Proposed by Mr. A. J. Welch and seconded by Mr. H. Kadoorie.

That a final dividend of 12 Chinese Dollar cents per share be paid, making a total of 22 cents per share for the year. Proposed by Mr. A. J. Welch and seconded by Mr. H. Kadoorie.

That the sum of Ch.$4,500 be donated to the Central British War Fund. Proposed by Mr. A. J. Welch and seconded by Mr. H. Kadoorie.

That the sum of Ch.$750 be donated to the British Residents Association. Proposed by Mr. A. J. Welch and seconded by Mr. H. Kadoorie.

That the sum of Ch.$500 be donated to British Forces Recreation Centres. Proposed by Mr. A. J. Welch and seconded by. Mr. H. Kadoorie.

That Mr. A. J. Welch be re-elected a Director of the Company. Proposed by Mr. Yang Chia Shan and seconded by Mr. Quincey Wu.

That Messrs. Lowe, Bingham & Mathews be re-elected Auditors to the Company and that their fee for auditing the Accounts to December 31, 1939 be Ch.$470. Proposed by Mr. Dong Mai Kwun and seconded by Mr. Chang Tsai Tung.

U. S. Commodities

Wednesday's Closing Quotations

New York, Apr. 10.

Quiet conditions prevailed on the cotton market, with foreign buying and trade demand being early offset by spot house selling and liquidation. Subsequently, the market advanced slightly on shorts covering to close quiet, with quotations ranging from 1 point down to 1 point up from the previous final levels.

The early advance recorded in the rubber market was due to overnight buying orders and shorts covering, which was met by heavy profit taking, while the action of securities and hedging further depressed the market. At the last callover, losses from 4 to 16 points were recorded.

Chicago wheat prices finished lower today on reports of rains in the south-west and a forecast of more, which precipitated liquidation. However, at the lower levels, there was some nibbling by cautious buyers. At the final bell, quotations were from ⅞ cent. to 1 cent. down from yesterday.

New York Cotton		New York Rubber	
May	10.73-73 +01		
July	10.48-48 unc.		
July (N.C.)	10.62-62 −01		
Oct. (N.C.)	9.96-96 −02	May	18.66-67 −16
		July	18.25-25 −07
Dec. (N.C.)	9.84-84 unc.	Sept.	18.01-05 −11
		Dec.	17.86-87 −04
Jan. (N.C.)	9.81-81 +01		
Mar. (N.C.)	9.71-72 −01		

N. Y. Sugar No. 3		N. Y. Sugar No. 4	
May	1.90-91 +03 B/A	May	1.47½-48 +½ B/A
Sept.	1.99-2.00 +02 B/A	Sept.	1.45-45½ −2 B/A

Chicago Wheat		Chicago Corn	
May	106⅞-106¾ −1	May	58¾-58⅞ +¾
July	106⅜-106¼ −⅞	Sept.	61¼-61¼ +⅞
Sept.	106⅛-106 −1		

Winnipeg Wheat		N. Y. Silk No. 1	
May	89⅝-89⅝ −1	July	$2.58-58 +02

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

British Commodities

Wednesday's Closing Quotations

London, Apr. 10.

After being firm on outside buying, the London rubber market reacted owing to hedge selling against godown purchasing.

London Rubber: Spot, buyers 11⅜ +⅛; sellers 11⅜ +⅛; May delivery, buyers 11⅜ +⅛; sellers 11⅜ +⅛.

Liverpool Cotton: American Futures. May 8.01 —6; July 8.06 —6; Sept. 7.93 —6; Oct. 7.87 —5; Egyptian Futures (Giza, F.G.F. No. 7) No. 2 contract: May 10.38 —20; July 10.53 —20; Sept. 10.55 —20; Oct. 10.65 —21.

METALS

London Metals: Tin, Standard, cash, sellers £252½ +1½; 3 mths sellers £250¼ +1¼; Tin, Straits £272½ to £277½ +1½; Antimony, China Regulus, c.i.f. per ton £72 to £77 Nom. unch.

New York Metals: Antimony, Chinese, in carload lots (25 tons) f.o.b. New York, duty paid, 16½ cents per lb., unch; Tin, Straits, c.i.f. New York (25 ton lots) 45½ cents per lb. unch; Copper. Electrolytic, first hand 11½ cents per lb. +⅛.—Reuter.

New York Stocks

Wednesday's Closing Quotations

New York, Apr. 10.

Easier conditions prevailed on the Stock Exchange today, with values generally finishing from fractions to about one point down. Fluctuations were nervous and irregular, as heavy profit taking succeeded each wave of buying, indicating the nervous state of the market as a result of the various unconfirmed war reports and rumours.

Paper issues continued to be outstanding, owing to the possibility of the stoppage of pulp imports from Scandinavia.

Trading was still above the million mark, but quite below that of yesterday, amounting to 1,290,000 shares.—Reuter.

Dow-Jones Averages

	High	Low	Close	Changes
30 Indust.	150.55	149.12	149.59	−0.72
20 Rails	31.35	31.05	31.20	−0.22
15 Utilit.	25.35	25.01	25.09	−0.19
40 Bonds	—	—	89.15	−0.20
11 Commod.	—	—	60.07	−0.18

Apl.	9	10	Apl	9	10
Adams Exp	8	7⅞	Jones & L	67	*66
Alg Lud	23⅞	23⅜	Kennecott	37⅞	37⅜
Alid Stores	8⅞	8⅞	Lak F & M	*4½	4⅞
Allis Chal	37⅛	36	Libbey O F	50⅛	50⅝
Alum Ld	105¼	104	Lockheed	38⅛	37⅝
Amer Can	115⅛	115	Loew's Inc	35⅛	35
Am Cyan B	39⅞	39	Loft Inc	37⅛	36⅞
Am For Pr	1⅛	1⅛	Mack Trks	27⅛	27
„ $7 pfd	25⅞	25⅛	Martin	45⅛	44⅞
Am G & E	37⅛	36⅞	McK & R	27	27⅛
Am Loco	21⅛	20⅞	Monsanto	114	114⅛
Am Metal	23⅞	23⅞	Mont Ward	54⅞	54⅛
Am Radtr	8⅛	8⅛	Nat Avian	14⅞	15
Am R Mill	16⅞	16⅞	Nat City B	*29⅛	*29⅛
Am Smltg	53⅛	53⅛	Nat Dairy	17⅛	17⅛
Am Sug R	21⅛	21	Nat Dist	26⅛	26⅛
Am T & T	174⅛	174	Nat Gyp	10⅛	10⅛
Am Tob B	91	90⅞	Nat Lead	22⅛	22
Am Wtwrks	10⅞	10⅞	Nat P & L	8⅛	8⅛
Anaconda	31⅞	31⅛	Nat Steel	68	68
Atchison	24	23⅞	Nat Supply	8⅛	8⅞
Auburn	1⅞	*1⅞	N Y Cent	17⅛	17⅛
Avian Cpn	7⅞	7⅛	Niag Hud	5⅛	5⅞
Bald Loco	16⅞	15⅞	N A Avian	25	24⅞
Balt & Ohio	5⅛	5⅞	N Am Co	23	22⅛
Barber	15⅞	15⅛	N Pacific	8⅛	8⅞
Barns	11⅛	11⅛	O I Glass	63	62⅛
Bend Avian	34⅛	34⅛	Pac G & E	34⅛	33⅝
Beth Steel	82	81⅛	Pac Light	48	47⅞
Bliss	17⅛	16⅞	Packard	3⅞	3⅜
Boeing	26⅞	26⅞	Pan Am Air	22⅛	23
Borg War	23⅛	23⅛	Paramount	7⅛	7⅛
Brid Brass	12⅞	12⅛	Pen R R	22⅛	22⅞
Broggs	23	22⅛	Phelps D	38⅞	38⅛
Bkn-M Tr	22⅛	23⅞	P & R Coal	0⅞	0⅞
„ $6 pfd	100⅞	100	Phil Pet	39	39⅞
Budd Mfg.	5⅛	5⅛	Pitts C & I	9⅛	*8⅞
Can Pac	5⅛	5⅛	P S of N J	42⅛	42⅞
Case J I	69⅞	70⅛	Pullman	27	26⅞
Celanese	32	32⅞	Pure Oil	10⅛	10
Chase N B	*34⅛	*34⅛	Radio	6⅞	6⅛
Ches & Ohio	39⅞	40	Reading	16⅛	†15⅞
Chrysler	88⅞	87⅛	„ 1st pfd	*26	26⅛
Clim Mlyb	39	39⅛	Rem Arms	*4⅞	*4⅛
Colt's	80⅛	79	Rep Avian	6⅞	6⅛
Col G & E	7	6⅞	Rep Steel	22⅞	22
„ $6 pfd	92⅛	92	Rev C & B	14	13⅞
Com Credit	47	*46⅞	Rey Tob B	42⅛	42⅞
Com & Sth	1⅛	1⅛	Rich Oil	7⅞	7⅛
Cons Edis	31⅛	31⅛	Safe Stores	51⅞	51⅞
Cons Oil	8	7⅞	Schenley	13⅞	13⅞
Cont Can	48⅛	48⅛	Sears Roeb	87⅛	86⅛
Cont Oil	23⅞	23⅛	Shell U Oil	12⅛	12⅛
Copld St	22⅞	22⅛	Soc Vac	12	11⅞
*Corn Prod	61½	61	Sthrn Pac	13⅞	13⅛
Curtis Wr	10⅞	10⅛	Sthrn. Rly	28⅞	27⅞
„ A	28⅞	28⅞	Sperry	45⅛	45⅞
Deere & Co	23⅛	22⅛	Spicer	36⅞	36⅛
Dist Cpn S	18⅞	18⅞	Std Brands	7⅛	7⅛
Douglas	86⅛	87	Std C & E	*1⅛	1⅞
Du Pont	188⅛	188⅛	Std Oil of C	24	23⅞
E P Lead	11⅞	11⅞	Std O N J	43⅛	42⅛
Eaton Mfg	36	35⅛	Stone & W	10⅛	9⅞
Elec A Lite	39⅞	39⅛	Studebaker	11⅛	11⅞
Elec B & S	7	6⅞	Swift Int	29⅛	30⅛
„ $5 pfd	62⅛	*60⅛	Technicor	15⅞	15⅛
„ $6 pfd	†69⅞	68⅞	Tex Corp	46⅛	46⅞
Elec P & L	33⅛	32⅞	Tex Gulf	34⅞	34⅛
Fisk Rub	*15	*15	Timken	24⅞	23⅛
Flintokote	20	19⅞	Transamer	6⅛	6⅛
Gen Am Tr	52⅞	53	Tw Cent F	11⅛	10⅞
Gen Elec	39⅞	39⅛	„ pfd	*23	22⅛
Gen Motor	55	54⅛	Un Carbide	84	83
Gen Rly	16	16⅞	Un Pacific	97⅞	97
Gen T & R	20⅛	19⅞	Un Aircraft	49	48⅞
Glidden	18⅛	17⅛	Un A Lines	20⅞	21⅞
Goodrich	19⅞	18⅞	Un Corp	2⅞	2⅛
„ $5 pfd	67⅞	67⅛	„ $3 pfd	40⅞	40
Goodyear	23⅛	23	Un Gas	1⅛	1⅛
Gt N I Ore	15⅞	15⅛	Un Gas Imp	12⅛	12⅞
Gt N Rly	25⅛	25⅞	U S Ind Al	25	24⅞
Gt W Sug	27⅞	27⅛	U S Rub	36⅛	35⅛
Greyhound	16⅛	16⅛	„ pfd	116	116⅛
Her Pow	99⅛	96⅛	U S Steel	63⅛	61⅞
Homestake	56	55	Vanadium	37⅞	36⅞
Int Harv	57⅞	57⅛	Vultee Air	10⅞	10⅞
Int Nickel	33⅛	32⅞	Walworth	5⅞	5⅛
Int T & T	4⅞	3⅞	War Br Pic	3⅞	3⅞
Johns Man	72	71⅛	West Elec	113⅞	113

BONDS

Amer. & For. Power	66½	66½
Baltimore & Ohio R.R.	27½	26¾
Brazil (U.S. of) 8% 1941	21	20⅜
„ „ „ 6½% 1957	16½	16¾
Cites Serv. & Lt.	86	86
Erie 6s 1967	16¼	15⅞
Int. Tel. & Tel.	43½	44⅛
New England Gas & Elec.	69¼	68¼
Republic of Colombia	33¼	32¾
„ „ „ (1928) 6s '61	33¼	32½
Sthrn. Pacific Co.	47	46¼
Stand. Gas & Elec.	66⅛	67¼

*—Bid. †—Ex Div.

Local Commodities

Yesterday's Prices

Saigon rice per shih (176 lb.)	$42.00
Cotton yn. 20's, D.H., p.b. Cash	$1,268
Tungchow cotton .. per picul	214.50
Wheat .. per picul (50 kilos)	$22.00*
Flour, local .. per bag (49lb.)	13.50*
Flour, export per bag (49lb.)	14.00*

*—(Nominal)

		picul
Raw silk, Steamfil, Ex. B	13/15	$5,250
„ „	20/22	4,750
„ „	20/22 78%	4,850 nom.

New York Exchange Market

New York, Apr. 10.

Sterling, and the franc, on the New York Foreign Exchange market recovered to a moderate degree today.

The New York on London rate opened at 3.46, was quoted at 3.49¼ at 4 p.m., and finally closed at 3.49½. The trading range for the day was between 3.45 and 3.50.

However, the discount on forward sterling widened remarkably during the course of the day, but closed unchanged from the previous day's levels. The one month quotation was listed at 1 cent. discount, and the three months, at 3¼ cents., discount.

The franc opened at 1.96, and hardened to 1.98¼ at 4 p.m., closing at the same level, compared with 1.96⅜ yesterday.

The belga slumped on heavy selling, owing to fears of a threat to Belgium's independence, following the Scandinavian conflict, and to trade curtailment due to the war.

The Swedish krona touched a new low, declining to 23.40 offered, compared with the previous final level of 23.83. However, today's quotation was considered to be rather nominal.—Reuter.

U.S. Silver Imports

New York, Apr. 10.

Silver imports into the United States for the week ended April 3 totalled $730,000, compared with $1,119,000 for the preceding week.

Consignments of the white metal for the period under review were received from the following principal countries: Canada $51,000; Mexico $400,000; Peru $114,000; Japan $68,000; Netherlands Indies $19,000; Chile $50,000; and, the Philippines $17,000.

The preceding week's imports included: $200,000 from Canada; $489,000 from Mexico; $114,000 from Peru; $157,000 from Japan; $23,000 from Bolivia; $64,000 from Honduras; $22,000 from Belgium Congo; and, $10,000 from Netherlands Indies.—Reuter.

London Stocks

Wednesday's Closing Quotations

London, Apr. 10.

After a dull opening, conditions on the Stock Exchange today were distinctly brighter at the close.

The best feature of the market was the Eastern demand for Indian Iron and Steel, Steel Corporation of Bengal and Burma Corporation issues, all of which advanced.—Reuter.

Apr.	9	10
War Loan, 3½% (Red.)	£99	98⅝
JAPANESE BONDS		
Japan 5% Stg. Loan, 1907	49	48
Japan 6% Stg. Loan, 1924	53	52½
Osaka, Apr. 11.		
Kogo 5%		Y.106.90
COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL		
Allied Ironfounders	14/-	14/-
Armstrong Stevens	6/-	6/-
Ass. & Elec. Indus.	38/7½	38/1½
Austin Motors, ord.	16/-	15/7½
Bristol Aeroplane	15/1½	14/4½
British American Tob.	106/3	105/7½
Cable & W., new form	61	60
Cammell Laird, ord.	7/3	7/3
Courtaulds	38/9	38/1½
Distillers	68/3	67/3
Dunlop Rubber	35/3	35/3
General Elec. (Eng.)	79/4½	79/4½
Guinness (A) Son & Co.	79/-	77/9
Hawker Siddeley Aircraft	12/9	12/6
Imp. Chem. Indus.	31/1½	31/-
Imp. Tobacco	116/3	115/-
Leyland Motors	73/9	73/9
Marks & Spencer "A" pfd.	51/10½	51/10½
Pressed Steel, com.	17/4½	17/3
Rolls-Royce	89/4½	89/4½
Smethwick Drop Forgings	15/-	15/-
Tate & Lyle	54/-	53/6
Turner & Newall	64/9	64/6
United Steel	23/1½	22/6
Vickers, ord.	17/3	17/1½
Woolworths	63/4½	63/4½
MISCELLANEOUS		
Anglo-Dutch	23/3	23/1½
Rubber Pltn. Inv. Trust	31/-	30/9
MINES		
Burma Corp.	9/-	9/6
Commonwealth Min.	Unq.	Unq.
Marman Invests.	14/-	14/-
Randfontein Ests.	38/9	38/9
Sub-Nigel	195/-	193/9
Tanami Gold Min.	6d.	6d.
Western Holdings	16/3	16/4½
OILS		
Anglo-Iranian	53/1½	53/1½
Burmah	70/-	69/4½
Mexican Eagle	6/6	6/4½
Shell Trans. & Trad.	75/7½	75/-
CHINESE EXTERNAL LOANS, ETC.		
4½% Gold Loan, 1898	£58	58
5% Gold Bonds, 1925-47	52	52
4½% Anglo-French Loan	50	50
5% Crisp Loan 1912	29	29
5% Reorg. Loan, 1913	39	39
8% Stg. Notes, 1925	11	11
5% Honan Rly., 1905	15	15
5% Hukuang Rly., 1911	19	19
5% „ „ (Ger. Is.)	17	17
5% Lung Tsing U. H. Rly.	13	13
5% S'hai-Nanking Rly.	21	21
5% T'tsin-Pukow Rly. B.	13	13
5% „ „ G.	13	13
5% „ „ (Supl. Loan) B.	13	13
5% „ „ (Supl. Loan) G.	13	13
5% Canton-Kowloon Rly.	15	15
S'hai Elec. Construction	15/-	15/-
S'hai Waterworks "A"	15	15
Un. Ins. Soc. of Canton	29½	29½
Chartd. Bank of I. A. & C.	9¼	9⅜
H. & S. Bank (Ldn. Reg.)	94½	93
„ „ (Col. Reg.)	93½	93
Mercantile Bank of India	12⅜	12⅜
Chinese Eng. & Min.	19/-	19/-
Chosen Corp.	6/6	6/6
Pekin Syndicate	1/6	2/-
Gula Kalumpong Rubber	18/6	18/6

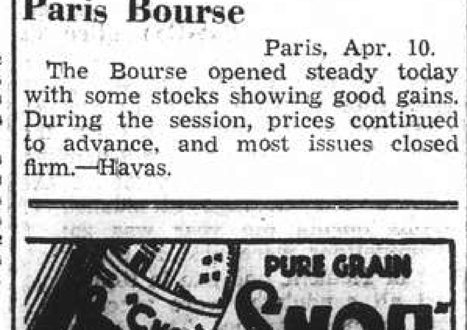
Production Re-assessment

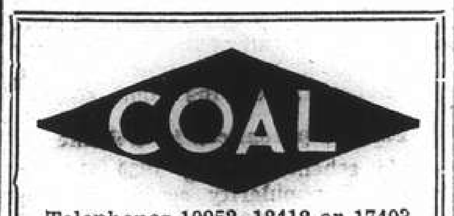
Messrs. A. R. Burkill & Sons, Ltd., announce that the provisional assessment of standard production for 1940 has been re-assessed as follows: —Shanghai Kedah Plantations, Ltd. 978,097 lb.

Paris Bourse

Paris, Apr. 10.

The Bourse opened steady today with some stocks showing good gains. During the session, prices continued to advance, and most issues closed firm.—Havas.





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(Established 1880)
CAPITAL (fully paid-up) Y100,000,000
RESERVE FUND Y140,900,000
Head Offices: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN
Shanghai Branch: 24 THE BUND
Branches
Alexandria, Bangkok, Batavia, Berlin, Bombay, Calcutta, Canton, Changchiakow, Dairen, Hamburg, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Honolulu, Hsinking, Karachi, Kobe, London, Los Angeles, Manila, Moji, Mukden, Nagasaki, Nagoya, New York, Osaka, Otaru, Paris, Peking, Rangoon, Rio de Janeiro, Samarang, San Francisco, Seattle, Shanghai, Singapore, Sourabaya, Sydney, Tientsin, Tokyo, Tokyo (Marunouchi), Tsingtao, Yingkow
G. KISHINAMI, *Manager*

華僑銀行有限公司
OVERSEA-CHINESE BANKING CORPORATION, LTD.
(Incorporated in the Straits Settlements)
120 Kiukiang Road
CAPITAL:
AUTHORIZED Sts. Currency $40,000,000
PAID-UP Sts. Currency $10,000,000
Successors to
The Ho Hong Bank, Ltd.
The Chinese Commercial Bank, Ltd.
The Oversea-Chinese Bank, Ltd.
Head Office—SINGAPORE
Branches and Correspondents in the Principal Cities of the World
Every description of Banking and Foreign Exchange Business transacted.
C. L. TAN, *Manager*

Swan, Culbertson & Fritz
Investment Bankers and Brokers
Members of New York Cotton Exchange
Chicago Board of Trade
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Maiden voyage .... May 13
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via Vancouver.
From Kobe
HEIAN MARU ..... May 11
HIKAWA MARU ..... May 17

Orient-New York Line
via Los Angeles and Panama
AKAGI MARU ..... Apr. 14

Japan-Australia Line
via Hongkong and Manila
From Nagasaki
KITANO MARU ..... Apr. 26
KAMO MARU ..... May 20
Shanghai, Hongkong, Manila Line
NITTA MARU
Maiden voyage .... May 1

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HAKONE MARU ..... May 22
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*DELAGOA MARU .... Apr. 20
DURBAN MARU ..... May 1
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ANYO MARU ..... Apr. 25

Shanghai-Kobe Line
YASUKUNI MARU .... Apr. 14
HAKONE MARU ..... Apr. 20
YASUKUNI MARU ... Apr. 20

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	Arrival	Departure
SHANGHAI MARU	Apr. 11 (Wayside Wharf)	Apr. 12 at 9 a.m. (Wayside Wharf)
NAGASAKI MARU	Apr. 13	Apr. 14 at 9 a.m.

Kobe Express Service

KASIMA MARU	Apr. 10	Apr. 14 at 9 a.m. (Wayside Wharf)
KASHIMA MARU	Apr. 21	
TAIYO MARU	May 5	May 8 (Wayside Wharf)

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ms. Tjisadane ..... May 16
ms. Tjinegara ..... May 23

FROM BATAVIA
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ms. Maetsuycker .... June 20
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ss. Nieuw Holland .. May 23
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SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-DAIREN LINE

	Arrival	Departure
ss. DAIREN MARU	Apr. 11	Apr. 12 at 11 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Apr. 15	Apr. 16 at 11 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Apr. 18	Apr. 19 at 11 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Apr. 22	Apr. 23 at 11 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Apr. 25	Apr. 26 at 11 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Apr. 29	Apr. 30 at 11 a.m.

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VESSELS ARRIVING TO-DAY

The following particulars in connection with vessels due to arrive to-day are based upon information available yesterday evening.

From MANILA: Pres. Cleveland, with mail, due 3.35 p.m., Buoys 12-13. Passengers expected at the Customs Jetty at 5.15 p.m. She will sail for San Francisco and Los Angeles at 11 p.m. to-morrow, the last tender leaving Customs Jetty at 9.30 p.m.

DUE AT FUTURE DATES

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

On account of the present international situation there is considerable interference with movements of ships, especially those from Europe. In cases where it is definitely known that the vessel is not running to schedule the Shanghai arrival date is omitted.

EUROPE AND STRAITS

From GENOA
India 29/2 6/5

From TRIESTE
Volpi 27/2 25/4
Carignano 25/2 26/4
Cortellazzo 20/3 9/5
Conte Rosso 12/4 9/5

From COLOMBO
Volpi 2/4 25/4
Carignano 3/4 26/4

From SOURABAYA
Tjibadak 5/4 22/4
Tjitjalengka 12/4 29/4

From MACASSAR
Tjibadak 7/4 22/4

From MANILA
Niel Maersk 8/4 14/4

From HONGKONG
See "China Ports" below

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From NEW YORK
G'trude Maersk 26/2 14/4
Dona Aniceta — 16/4
Memphis City — 20/4
Titania 14/3 21/4
Grete Maersk 11/3 26/4
Sagoland — 30/4
Hulda Maersk 22/3 6/5
Mar. Maersk 10/4 26/5

From PANAMA
Hulda Maersk 1/4 6/5

From LOS ANGELES
Tatuta M. 25/3 21/4
Pres. Coolidge 1/4 23/4
Grete Maersk 1/4 26/4
Hulda Maersk 11/4 6/5

From SEATTLE
West Cuseta 18/3 16/4
Crown City 30/3 23/4

From HONOLULU
Pres. Coolidge 10/4 23/4

From YOKOHAMA
Tatuta Maru 11/4 21/4

From KOBE
G'trude Maersk 11/4 14/4
Kashima Maru 19/4 21/4
Taiyo Maru 3/5 5/5

From NAGASAKI
Nagasaki Maru 12/4 13/4

(Continued in next column)

VESSELS SAILING

The undermentioned vessels are due to sail from Shanghai upon the dates indicated.

For LONDON
Delagoa Maru 20/4
Durban Maru 1/5

For LIVERPOOL
Haruna Maru 15/4
Hakone Maru 22/5

For TRIESTE
Volpi 26/4
Carignano 27/4
Cortellazzo 10/5
Conte Rosso 12/5

For BOMBAY
Nagato Maru 14/4
Anyo Maru 25/4

For CAPETOWN
Tegelberg 22/4

For JAVA
Tjibadak 25/4
Tjitjalengka 2/5

For HONGKONG
Tatuta Maru 22/4

For MANILA
Gertrude Maersk 15/4
Pres. Harrison 17/4
Pres. Coolidge 28/4
Nitta Maru 1/5

For NEW YORK
Akagi Maru 14/4
N. Maersk 16/4

For NEW YORK
Dona Aniceta 19/4
Titania 22/4
Peter Maersk 2/5
Kinai Maru 7/5
Gertrude Maersk 16/5

For San FRANCISCO
Pres. Cleveland 13/4
Tatuta Maru 29/4

For SEATTLE
West Cuseta 21/4
Crown City 29/4

For Buenos Aires
Kanto Maru 26/4

For KOBE
Yasukuni Maru 14/4
Kasima Maru 14/4
Hakone Maru 20/4
Yasukuni Maru 20/4
Taiyo Maru 8/5

For NAGASAKI
Shanghai Maru 12/4
Nagasaki Maru 14/4

For DAIREN
Dairen Maru 12/4
Tsingtao Maru 16/4
Dairen Maru 19/4
Hoten Maru 23/4
Dairen Maru 26/4
Hoten Maru 30/4

DUE AT FUTURE DATES (Continued)

AFRICA AND AUSTRALIA

From CAPETOWN
Tegelberg 13/3 20/4

From MOMBASA
Tegelberg 31/3 20/4

CHINA PORTS

From DAIREN
Tsingtao M. 13/4 15/4

From HONGKONG
Niel Maersk 11/4 14/4

VESSELS LEAVING

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STRAITS AND EUROPE

KANTO M. Apr. 26. COLOMBO, MOMBASA ZANZIBAR, DAR-ES-SALAAM BEIRA, LOURENCO, MARQUES DURBAN, PPORT ELIZABETH, CAPE TOWN and BUENOS AIRES.—O. S. K. Line. Tel. 15324. 26-4

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TITANIA Apr. 22. For LOS ANGELES and NEW YORK via PANAMA CANAL.—Barber-Wilhelmsen Line m.v. Titania sails from Shanghai on April 22, accepting cargo for all Overland Points. Dodwell & Co., Ltd:—Agents, 17 Canton Road. Tel. 11366. 22-4

PASSENGER LISTS

ARRIVALS

Apr. 8, from Chinwangtao: Mrs. Bechner, Mr. Herzfelder, Miss C. L. Hill, Dr. Yao.

Apr. 10, from Chinwangtao: Mrs. Newmarch, Miss Newmarch, Mrs. Muir.

DEPARTURES

Apr. 11, for Chinwangtao: Mrs. C. M. Chen, Miss Y. C. Sun, Mr. F. F. Spielman, Mr. & Mrs. V. Sosnin, Mrs. W. J. Gande, Mrs. C. S. Franklin, Mr. & Mrs. H. Clark, Miss D. Pearson, Mr. & Mrs. P. Raphael, Mrs. C. C. Tong, Miss Y. L. Sun, Mr. R. Winter, Mrs. C. F. Chow, Mrs. P. Lugowski, Mrs. Woolsey, Mrs. P. Hu, Mr. Y. F. Yang, Mrs. E. Petigura.

P. & O.
B. I.
—and—
E. & A.

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Passenger and freight sailing about the middle of April for United Kingdom via Hongkong, Straits, Bombay and Marseilles.

All vessels may call at any ports on or off the route and the route and all sailings are subject to cancellation, change or deviation with or without notice.

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due Shanghai Middle of April

Next sailing: loading at Shanghai
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Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Sanwa M.	River Ports	T.K.K.
Kiangting	T'lungkong	Foo Hwa
Daikyu M.	Tsingtao	T.K.K.
Shanghai M.	Japan	T.K.K.
Hailung	Hsinkong	Tung Hai
Meiyi	T'lungkong	S.V.O.C.
Keian M.	Tsingtao	N.Y.K.
Avemaria	T'lungkong	C.F.P.K.
Mount Olympus	U.S.A.	H.G.&R.
Chingning M.	Tsungming	T.K.K.
Samurajima M.	Japan	N.Y.K.
Tawha	T'lungkong	Quen Kee
Hungyun	T'lungkong	C.F.P.K.
Dairen M.	Dairen	D.K.K.
Whatung	T'senkong	Quen Kee
Lipari	T'lungkong	C.F.P.K.
U.S.S. Guam	Cruise	—
Taiko M. 18	Hsinkong	T.K.K.
Talien	Tsungming	Wan Woo
Ondo M.	River Ports	T.K.K.

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Taketoyo M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Nantung M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Chekiang M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Naruto M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Misaki M.	Jap.	Showa S.
Hukuken M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Tjinegara	Neth.	J.C.J.L.
Sinyo M.	Jap.	Showa S.

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Luzon	Am.	Gbt.	Upper Sec.
D. de Lagree	Fr.	Gbt.	K.S.D.
Fran. Garnier	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
E. Carlotto	Itl.	Gbt.	16 P'toon
Lepanto	Itl.	Gbt.	J.N.B.

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For South America via S. & E. Africa
KANTO MARU ..... Apr. 26

Kobe Sailings
For Europe via New York
SANYO MARU ..... Apr. 19
For South America via S. Africa
BRASIL MARU ..... May 17
For South America via Panama
RIO DE JANEIRO MARU June 15
For West Africa via S. Africa
SEIA MARU ..... May 8
BRISBANE MARU ..... May 20

Kobe Sailings
For Australia and New Zealand
TOKYO MARU ..... Apr. 30
SYDNEY MARU ..... May 31
For Bombay and Karachi
SUMATRA MARU ..... May 11
LONDON MARU ..... May 26
For Culcutta
BORNEO MARU ..... Apr. 24
For Haiphon, Saigon and Bangkok
SAIGON MARU ..... May 30
BANGKOK MARU ..... June 10

Nagasaki Sailings
For Manila, Cebu and Davao
GANGES MARU ..... Apr. 23
TAKAO MARU ..... May 1

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NEXT ARRIVAL FROM SCANDINAVIAN PORTS
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May 6

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Iceland Virtually Independent

Government Takes Over All Powers Once Held By Danish King

London, Apr. 11.

The Government of Iceland last night advised Great Britain that henceforth it would take over all Icelandic powers formerly held by King Christian of Denmark.

Since King Christian as former King of both Denmark and Iceland is now under the domination of Germany, the Parliament of Iceland passed the following two resolutions, which were handed to the British Foreign Office:

1. "Having regard to the fact that the situation created makes it impossible for His Majesty the King of Iceland to execute the Royal Power given to him under the Constitutional Act, the Althing (Parliament) declares that the Government of Iceland is, for the time being, entrusted with the conduct of said power.

2. "Having regard to the situation now created that Denmark is not in a position to execute authority and take charge of the foreign affairs of Iceland, granted to it by the provisions of Article VII of the Danish-Icelandic Union Act, nor can it carry out fishery inspection within Icelandic territorial waters.... the Althing declares that Iceland will, for the time being, take the entire charge of said affairs."

Co-operation with Britain

For the duration of the war at least, it is now expected that Iceland will come under protection of the British Navy, though no action is likely to be taken by Great Britain that is not desired by the officials of Iceland.

In time of peace, Iceland divides its supply of fish mainly between Great Britain and Germany. Since the start of the war, however, they have been forced to sell it all to Britain, and in view of the German invasion of Denmark, it is likely that Iceland will make greater efforts to increase its shipments of fish to the Allies.—Reuter.

Allied Protection

London, Apr. 11.

The Allies have every intention of seeing that the Germans do not land in Iceland or the Faroe Islands, the Admiralty spokesman stated.—Reuter.

Japan Will Defend Her Neutrality

Violations Will be Met by Force, if Necessary

Tokyo, Apr. 11.

Japan will adopt "appropriate measures" to defend her neutrality in proportion to the gravity of each individual violation, Rear-Admiral Masao Kanazawa, spokesman for the Navy Ministry declared here today.

He made this statement at his weekly press conference when he remarked that neutrals in Europe were experiencing increasing difficulties in maintaining their neutral status as the violation of neutrality by one belligerent apparently gave the pretext to the other to resort to similar action.

"It would seem that there is no course left to neutrals in Europe but to resort to armed force in maintaining their neutrality," he declared.

Rear-Admiral Kanazawa said he had received no information regarding the recent activities of British warships in the Pacific, although it had been reported several weeks ago that a Soviet ship had been intercepted while on her way to Vladivostok from the United States far away from Japan's shores.

The Japanese navy, he added, was paying attention to the matter although the issue involved was one between two other Powers.—Domei.

Eleven Scandinavian Ships Detained

Hongkong Holds Vessels Pending Developments

Hongkong, Apr. 11.

Eleven Norwegian and Danish ships, it is learned, are now being held here, including three vessels which arrived this morning.

In the meantime, British insurance companies have notified that they will not insure Danish vessels and cargoes.

The Government yesterday announced additions to the local Emergency Regulations, empowering the authorities to refuse clearance to ships of any nationality.—Reuter.

Anglo-Italian Accord Still Unchanged

London, Apr. 10.

There had been no modification in the terms of the Anglo-Italian Agreement relating to the number of Italian troops stationed in Libya, Mr. R. A. Butler, Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, announced in the House of Commons today. Information exchanged between the British and Italian Governments in conformity with the Agreement, he added, was confidential, and he was therefore not in a position to make a statement.—Reuter.

House Debating Conduct Of War

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Apr. 11.

The Prime Minister, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, announced in the House of Commons yesterday that today's proposed secret session on economic warfare would be postponed and the House would debate recent developments in the conduct of the war.—Reuter.

As busy in studios as he is in salons, Reginald Gardiner is now at Columbia playing a featured role with Loretta Young and Ray Milland in "The Doctor Takes A Wife," a comedy that also utilizes the services of Gail Patrick, Edmund Gwenn and Georges Metaxa.

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

WANTED by foreign firm, efficient, well-introduced shroff for perfumery and medicines. Give full particulars to Box 3269, NCDN. 11972

REQUIRED immediately expert tea taster for inspecting outgoing cargo. Apply 33 Foochow Road, ground floor. -6066

WANTED, experienced journalists. Experts on commerce and finance. Replies to Box 3249, NCDN. -6115

WANTED, as collaborator in established law office, a lawyer graduated from English, French or American university. Replies to Box 3248, NCDN. -6116

BRITISH firm requires junior Chinese clerk, knowledge of typewriting essential. Box 3238, NCDN. 11953

POSITION vacant for male or female stenographer under 25 years, possessing Chinese and commercial English. References necessary. Apply Ling & Wang, 131 Peking Road. -6073

WANTED by foreign import and export firm Chinese compradore, speaking English or salesman for wholesale imported piece goods, etc. First-class reference needed. Apply 346 Szechuen Road, Room 12, Telephone 19240. -6049

NEEDED Chinese compradore-manager, for export business. Address Box 3211, NCDN. -6044

BRITISH firm requires experienced Chinese assistant bookkeeper. Reply with copies of testimonials and stating salary required. Box 3199, NCDN. 11930

EXPORT firm requires male stenographer with knowledge bookkeeping, general office work. Experienced preferred. Apply own handwriting stating qualifications, age, salary expected. Box 3179, NCDN. -5979

CHINESE required with sound knowledge of and connections with the local commercial alcohol market. Apply giving full particulars to Box 3202, NCDN. 11932

CHINESE secretary required by Chinese firm for English correspondence. Must have perfect knowledge of English and experience in export business. Reply stating experience, age and salary expected to Box 2975, NCDN. -6036

CHINESE lady steno-typist for leading automobile firm. Must have good knowledge of English and able to take fast dictation. Those without experience need not apply. Apply stating experience and salary required, to Box 3171, NCDN. -5969

EXPERIENCED assistant woollen yarn spinner required by A. & M. Karagheusian, American Corporation for Overseas, 135 Rue Pasteur, Tientsin. Only qualified persons need apply. 11945

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of five dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $0.80.

EXPERIENCED accountant, bookkeeper, capable handling whole department, seeks position. Seventeen years' service with large British manufacturing firm. Sound knowledge of accounts and general office routine. Holding good references. Please address Box 3265, NCDN. -6152

EFFICIENT stenotypist with knowledge of filing and business correspondence, seeks employment. Moderate salary expected. Please reply Box 3264, NCDN. -6147

YOUNG lady piano-teacher seeks position with children. Box 3216, NCDN. -6053

RELIABLE, intelligent and trustworthy Chinese, speaking French and English, wants position as assistant, shroff, collector or salesman. Best references. Box 3253, NCDN. -6121

CHINESE, 14 years' experience, cashier, salesman, general office routine, purchasing agent, etc., seeks immediate appointment. Box 3261, NCDN. -6142

YOUNG lady, stenotypist, conversational knowledge French, Japanese, seeks immediate employment. Salary moderate. Box 3259, NCDN. -6139

EXPERT stenographer open for immediate engagement. Have first-class experience in engineering terms dictation. Address Box 3246, NCDN. 11956

WIRELESS operator, 25, with seven years' experience, capable for highest speed and with knowledge radio-engineering, seeks position immediately. Box 3220, NCDN. -6058

YOUNG, foreign, experienced nurse, speaking English, German, seeks position with children, per May 1. Box 3226, NCDN. -6071

EURASIAN young lady, speaking French, German, English, Shanghai and Mandarin, desires position as children's governess or doctor's nurse. Reply Box 3193, NCDN. -6009

Business Opportunities

DE LUXE night club for sale. Inside Settlement. $7,000. Going concern. Box 3270, NCDN. -6156

BAR-restaurant for sale. Good location in Broadway. Telephone 50985. -6117

OFFICE and telephone offered for business. Will take goods on consignment. Central district. Address Box 3256, NCDN. -6126

ARMOURED cars with armed foreign guards, for transporting treasure, Clarkes Agency, 88 Nanking Road, Telephone 10092. 11784

ESTABLISHED Hongkong firm accepts non-German agencies. Saleable lines Box 2836, NCDN.

Miscellaneous

WOULD any kind philanthropist give my only sister (official of Berlin Jewish Community) labour contract enabling her to come to Shanghai, as otherwise she will be exiled to Poland. Box 3188, NCDN. -5995

MAGAZINES are now expensive to purchase, but for $5 per month you can read British and American magazines delivered to your home or office twice to three times weekly. Second run $2.50 monthly. Telephone 14189 or call 267 Kiangse Road, Room 12. 11914

Mortgages and Loans

URGENTLY wanted loan for financing transportation from Europe of two lift vans' load of valuable effects, worth ten times the amount required. Post Office Box 1814. -6134

MONEY to loan on profitable enterprises. Please address Box 3254, NCDN. Your idea of scheme and capital needed. Will interview probable applicant by appointment. -6123

For Sale—Miscellaneous

FINEST French eau de cologne, directly imported. Bargain price. Weinmann, Sassoon House, Room 248. -6168

BARGAIN sale in typewriters. One Underwood model 5, one Royal. 150 Kiukiang, Room 217/C, 11-12. -6124

LIQUIDATION of American cotton dress materials, latest designs, at cost price. British Manufacturing Co., 795 Bubbling Well Road. 11977

OPPORTUNITY, Persian carpet, Tabris, 2½ x 3½, very good quality, beautiful colours, private property, for sale, $675. Telephone 75814. -6159

ROSENTHAL dinner-, tea-sets with flower design, small selected cups. Dr. Weiss, 1823/A Avenue Joffre, Apartment 3, Telephone 79341. -6150

CRYSTALWARE. Seven dozens glass set, beautiful design, American made, selling half-cost. Telephone 72787, tiffin hours. -6138

BINOCULARS, Zeiss 7 x 50, in perfect condition. Telephone 72787, tiffin hours. -6139

MASTER violin. Bohemian atelier-built, over 70 years old, beautiful tone, telephone 23575. 11962

SINGER sewing machines, brand-new and used, at reasonable prices. 138 Hamilton House. -6062

EXQUISITE oil-paintings and engravings by old and modern artists. 12 Rue du Consulat, Apartment 501, Telephone 87801. -6092

FRENCH clocks, miniatures, silver chandeliers, porcelain figures, antique glass set, beautiful odd fancy dishes, etc. 12 Rue du Consulat Apartment 501. -6092

ANTIQUE miniatures by famous painters. Big collection. 421 Avenue Roi Albert, Apartment 5. -6085

CINE Kodak lens 1.9 16 mm. de-luxe and model K projector just like new. Box 3228, NCDN. -6077

OIL-PAINTING, copy from old, well-known master, prviately only. Simenauer, 810/42 East Seward Road. -6063

11-PIECE hardwood dining room set and 11-piece bedroom set, also extra chairs, sideboard, etc. Telephone 40202. -5986

ONE teakwood upright piano in excellent condition. Apply 10-12 a.m. 392 Route Frelupt. -6037

TWO beautiful uniform Meissen fruit servers, at bargain prices. 1310 Avenue Joffre, European Arts. -6035

BEAUTIFUL painting by Prof. Albert Janisch representing: "Six people chatting in an inn." Moderate price. 1310 Avenue Joffre, European Arts. -6035

MARBLE statue of artistic value, sculptured out of white Carrara marble. Reasonable. 1310 Avenue Joffre, European Arts. -6035

APPLIQUE rounds, 20 cents. Filet gloves, 70 cents. Aprons, $1.20. Teasets, $2.50. Lace & Linen Syndicate, 114 Peking Road. 11937

KOREAN apples. Now arrived first-grade larger ones, from Chinnampo and are offered to our old patrons, only at $12.50 per case. Peninsular Trading Company, 705 Liza Building, telephone 18350 or 1007 Avenue Joffre, telephone 31049. -5975

SHIRTS made to measure. Superior double-thread" broadcloth $15.50. "Tootal" $24. "Clydella" Wool $35. Razon's, Central Road. 11723

ONE portable Monroe adding calculator, model L., 80 per cent. new (8 columns), in perfectly good condition, for sale. US$160. Box 2745, NCDN. -5715

BEAUTIFUL porcelain and good crystalware, reasonably priced. Porcelain and Crystal Shop, 1226 Avenue Joffre. -5763

NICK'S secondhand furniture shop. We pay best price for furniture carpets, pianos, refrigerators and household effects. Telephone 73937. 146A Route des Soeurs, 3 inside. -5000

BARGAINS: Persian rugs, Goerz field-glass 12x; opera glass, Voigtlaender, silver; Gallé vases; miniatures; small bronzes; paintings and other rarities. General Magazine, 337 Avenue Haig. -5766

SECONDHAND furniture shop. Buy and sell at best prices, furniture, carpets, cut-glass, etc. Feiner, 306 Rue Bourgeat, telephone 73597. -5307

SHIRTS correctly made to measure. English poplins and pure silk from $14.50. Razon's 12 Central Road. 11722

CUTLERY, silver and silver plated; dinner- coffee- tea- and fruit sets, attractive crystalware, porcelain figures, etc., everything reflecting excellent European craftsmanship. Bargain prices. General Magazine, 337 Avenue Haig. -5764

ATTRACTIVE crystalware, porcelain figures, oil paintings, bronze statues. 421 Avenue Roi Albert, Apartment 5. -5917

"FOR YOU", the quality goods store, 1017 Avenue Joffre. Beautiful spring pullovers in wool and cotton, costumes. Pyjamas, morning and nightgowns, in silk and cotton. Belts, collars and flowers to match. Bargains in gloves. Dainty lace collars. Orders taken. -5368

LADIES' worn hats: renovating, remodelling perfectly done. Fine selection of ladies' new model hats. Orders taken. Prices very reasonable. Rosette, 135 Seymour Road. -5438

STOCKINGS: selected new stock in beautiful shades, exceptionally strong. Hats, dresses ready made, at wholesale prices. Orders taken. Room 41C, 3rd floor, Central Arcade. -5393

WESTINGHOUSE electric home washing-machine, $1,200. Box 3201, NCDN. -6018

TYPEWRITERS: New Corona Zephyr US$32; Rebuilt Underwood 14-inch carriage $550; Remington portable $300; Remington noiseless 14-inch carriage $550; Remington noiseless portable, as good as new US$35. Business Machine Co., 9-A Central Road, Telephone 14292. -5960

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

MRS. Mac gives massage, General-medical and special face massage, at client's home. Latest method. Telephone 74645. -6019

360 Rue Bourgeat, Room 2, near Route des Soeurs. Massage. -5567

LADY gives massage from 2 to 9. 1225 Bubbling Well Road. Room 231, Telephone 34200. -5569

LADY gives general massage from 10-6. 302 Cardinal Mercier, Flat 2, Room 4. Telephone 71599. -5900

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m. 205 Peking Road, Apartment 30. Second Floor. 11728

Wanted to Purchase

SECONDHAND music (fantasias, pot-pourris, waltzes) wanted by small chamber-music orchestra. Box 3255, NCDN. -6125

WANTED oven, large size, for wholesale bakery. Box 3268, NCDN. 11971

WANTED buy secondhand carpets, trunks, suits, dresses, shoes. Telephone 39965, Mr. Bers, 8-10 a.m., 1, 3, 6-7 p.m. daily. -6165

TENAX or Robot camera. Give price, details. Address Box 3263, NCDN. -6145

DIAMONDS, 1½-4 carat, privately. Detailed offers to Box 3250, NCDN. -6118

BY private party, antique French or English furniture, mantle-clock. No dealers. Telephone 21227. -6141

WANTED late model standard make used radios. Telephone 86149, 38488 office hours. Address Box 2399, NCDN. -4490

WANTED to buy, secondhand clothing, suits, dresses, shoes, carpets, etc. 1129 Bubling Well, Sun Avenue, House 51, telephone 33284, Mr. Corts. -6103

CHILD'S steel bed. Telephone 85025, from 12.45-1.30. -6051

WANTED, one Bentley's second code. State price. Address Box 3218, NCDN. -6056

CURIOS. Foreigner wishes to buy good porcelain Chieng Lung Kang He Yung Cheng. No dealers. Please give full particulars and lowest price to Box 3164, NCDN. 11916

WANTED to purchase and for sale. We purchase all kinds of blackwood highclass furniture, carpets, pianos, typewriters, radios, household effects, damaged metals and godown stock at a fair price. We also sell the abovementioned goods at the lowest prices. (Only a little profit is added on the cost of what we purchased.) Apply to the Chesterfield Art Secondhand. Goods Store, 1469 Bubbling Well Road, telephone 36334. 11868

ONE typewriter, secondhand. State make, size and price. Offers: Box 2845, NCDN. -5356

Wanted to Rent

WANTED one or two-roomed flat (kitchen, bath), per May 1. Detailed offers to Post Office Box 1814. -6128

WANTED house or apartment, 4 rooms, 2 bathrooms, etc., in International Settlement. Address Box 3266, NCDN. -6153

WILL exchange four-roomed, modern flat, reasonable rental, vicinity of Bubbling Well and Seymour Roads, for five/six-roomed house with garden in French Concession or vicinity Avenue Haig. No brokers. Box 3245, NCDN. -6102

WANTED, four or five rooms, 60 x 40 ft. each, in high-class building, central location. Willing to pay key-money. Reply to Van Kong Co., 429 Kiukiang Road, telephone 90402, 96998. 11963

WANTED, by two responsible ladies, to take over furnished two/three-roomed flat from party going on leave for several months. Address Box 3235, NCDN. -6090

COUPLE want furnished room with bath and use kitchen per May 1. French Concession. Box 3225, NCDN. -6070

FOR 4-5 months only 2-roomed apartment. Preferably high up. Best references available. Box 3214, NCDN. -6047

WANTED by English family between now and September 1, for one year, modernly furnished house or apartment, five rooms, preferably near French Club. Telephone 18683 office hours, or write Box 3198, NCDN. -6012

WANTED, house or apartment, by responsible party. Willing pay key-money and take over furniture. Telephone 78499. -5953

WANTED, apartment by responsible couple, willing to take furniture over or pay key-money. Telephone 79023. -5481

WANTED to rent (eventually to buy) first-class detached or semi-detached, four to six-roomed house, with garden, western district, quiet location. Very large living room with fire-place required. Willing to sign long lease. Detailed offers to Box 2779, NCDN. 11659

SPECIFY HEADINGS

when placing a Want Ad. there should be no doubt in the mind of the advertiser, so indicate under which heading you wish it to appear.

Educational

ITALIAN lessons/conversation wanted by young business lady in exchange for English. Box 3273, NCDN. -6160

GERMAN and Russian lessons given by lady-teacher. Long experience. $15 monthly twice weekly. Telephone 74393. -6013

YOUNG foreigner would like to take English lessons from an Englishman/lady. Box 3234, NCDN. -6067

FIGUEIREDO'S School. Thoroughly dependable. Shorthand, typewriting English. Crystal-clear explanations. 5-Garden Apartments, 1173/11 Bubbling Well. 11761

PIANO lessons. Chord system. Easy method. For adults. A1 references. Twice weekly, $20 monthly. Telephone 74393. -5702

HANS Baer, concert pianist, music-pedagogue, gives piano lessons, also theory and harmony. 153/H/38 Route des Soeurs. Telephone 75880 (8-12, 2-3). -5525

PIANO lessons given by experienced, successful European teacher, at pupil's or teacher's home. Gerard Pincus, 53 Chusan Road, Room 2. -5309

Radios

BLAUPUNT 6-tube all-wave, a.c./d.c., as new. Model 1938. Bargain. Telephone 51262. -6149

RADIO and refrigerator service and repairs. Repairs to all makes of radios and refrigerators. Foreign engineer, Telephone 11414. Gallop & Co., Fed. Inc. U.S.A., 320 Szechuen Road. 11903

OUR bargains to-day: 15-Philco, US$160. 8-Stewart-Warner, $1,105. 7-Gilfillan, $765. 5-portable Unversal $325. Record player table and console type. Universal Radio Co., 232 Nanking Road, telephone 19225. 11720

WE repair any make radio, using modern American method. Big reduction prices Zenith Ra'ios. Radio City Service, 1249 Bubbling Well Road, Telephone 37220. -5570

SPECIALISED short-wave tuning. Radio Corporation of Asia. Authorised RCA Service Station. 361 Avenue Foch, telephone 87777. -4489

Personal

PLEASANT young lady willing to act as governess to child/children or companion, to invalid in return for passage to America. Reply to Box 3274, NCDN. -6161

PLEASE, call me to-night (Friday) at 8 o'clock. Telephone 77262. George X. -6148

YOUNG American would like to meet Chinese or Eurasian lady for companionship. Box 3275, NCDN. -6163

ENGLISH gentleman, 40, independent, wishes meet educated Chinese lady of good standing for friendship and outings. Address Box 3197, NCDN. -6010

Offices, Shops Godowns

OFFICE with telephone about 160 sq. ft. Apply Shanghai Realty Co. 110 Szechuen Road, 5th floor, Room 52. -6171

OFFICE space wanted, about 600 sq. ft. Must be centrally located. Address Box 3271, NCDN. -6157

PART office with telephone, furniture, stenotypist, typewriter, to rent per May 15. Best location. 150 Kiukiang, Room 217/C. Inspection: 11-12. -6134

TO LET, separate office (shared), telephone, furnished, rent $140, key-money $500. Box 3272, NCDN. -6159

Animals

PONY insurance is obtainable at moderate terms from Hugh Middleton & Co. (Insurance). Ltd. 45 Kiukiang Road, Telephone 16595. 11721

Lost

LOST, Cheque No. JR648401 on National Industrial Bank, Main Office, Peking Road, dated March 20, 1940, made out to the Wuhu General Hospital, for the amount of $676.09. Payment has been stopped on this Cheque. 11976

BILLS of lading lost. Bills of lading containing a list of the following goods that were shipped by the China Navigation Company from Shanghai to Canton, have been lost and are declared null and void. New bills of lading are being obtained from the said Company to deliver the goods by Mr. Ho Chi of Fu Kin Cheng Kee Shop at 75 South Kwang Fu Road in Canton. The goods are as follows: 5 cases cotton piecegoods, marked C 巷 in half-diamonds, 30 beside, dated 3/9/38, ss. Sinking; 2 cases cotton piecegoods, marked 93/4 P.C.Y., dated 3/10/38, ss. Shantung, 6 cases cotton piecegoods, marked A 利 in half-diamonds, 95 beside; 20 cases dyes, marked A 利 in half-diamonds, 96 beside. Sing Chong Loong. -6146

Holiday Resorts

WEIHAIWEI. To let for season, at reduced rental, the bungalow on the Island, known as the Wooden Cottage. Box 3247, NCDN. -6112

TSINGTAO, New American Villa, open for reservations. Address Box 3221, NCDN. -6060

TSINGTAO. Palatial, well-furnished residence with four bedrooms, dining-room, sitting-room, study, bathroom, servants' quarters, garage, greenhouse, rental US$400 for summer season. Apply Box 3191, NCDN. -6000

DAIREN, Kakagashi. To let, five-roomed residence with verandah. Furniture, dishes, kitchen utensils supplied. The residence is situated on the shore. Beautiful orchard and pine trees. Yen 800 per season. Address Box 3137, NCDN. -5914

TSINGTAO, to let three-roomed furnished flat, near German Beach. 1 Ning Wu Kuan. Efimoff. -5419

ISLAND and King's Hotels, Weihaiwei. Save your hard-earned money by spending your vacation in care-free, peaceful and beautiful Weihaiwei. The above Hotels offer you every facility for a thoroughly comfortable and enjoyable holiday at competitive rates. For further particulars please apply to Room 33, Henley House, Shanghai. Telephone 37133. -11369

Rooms Without Board

ONE or 1½ small room, furnished, with private bath, for single person. 488 Yuyuen Road, House 22, Room 16, after 5.30 p.m. -6122

TO LET, well-furnished, south room, all conveniences. Bachelor preferred. 158/2 Route Destelan, near Picardie. Bus 22. -6127

LARGE, attractive, furnished room, modern conveniences, kitchen, for responsible tenant. Also suitable for office. 150 Route des Soeurs, Estrella Apartment 1. -6124

TO LET, one room in private family, all conveniences. 455/16 Rue Lafayette, telephone 83395. -6114

TO LET, large, well-furnished room with balcony, for single person only. 738 Burkill Road, Apartment 4, 10-1 and 4-6. -6094

LARGE, south-facing room, all conveniences, refrigerator, for single foreigner. 832C Cathay Flats, Avenue Joffre. -5996

AVAILABLE, April 15, room in studio apartment Seymour/Bubbling Well. Bachelor preferred. Privacy, piano, no kitchen. Telephone 77561, mornings 9. 11934

NICE convenient rooms to let, per day only. Bubbling Well Road, Telephone 36593 from 1-3 p.m. -5998

VERY nice room, extra alcove, bath, verandah, nice garden, board optional. 2 and 14 bus stops. 7 Columbia Road (very comfortable). -5930

Rooms with Board

THREE furnished rooms available with full board. Foreign family only. Special attention food. 715 Avenue Petain. -6017

Motor Cars and Cycles

1934 Chevrolet sedan, four-door, US$350. Telephone 10137 office hours. No dealers. -6166

CHEVROLET, two-seater, coupe, ober-hauled, new body, like 1937, for sale, US$225. Telephone 78994. -6064

FOR SALE, 1937 Skoda cabriolet, in perfect condition, US$700. Box 3252, NCDN. -6120

1932 FORD V8 two-door coach, for sale, tyres, paint, engine, are all in good condition. Price US$200. Apply to Lane 29, House 42, Kiaochow Road or telephone 35027 between 1-2 p.m. -6105

FOR SALE, 1940 Opel Cadet, US$750. Straight sale, no dealers. Address Box 3236, NCDN. or telephone 80616 after 4 o'clock. -6091

WANTED used car, 1937-1938. Baby Ford, Opel or others. Apply Ling & Wang, 131 Peking Road. -6072

FOR SALE, 1937 Ford V8, four-door sedan, 60 h.p. First-class condition. Five new tyres. US$675. Telephone 15633 or write Box 3230, NCDN. -6080

FOR SALE, 1936 Ford V8, 85 h.p. four-door sedan. Excellent condition. US$575. Telephone 15633 or write Box 3231, NCDN. -6089

FORD V8, 1933, four-door sedan. Owner-driven. Engine, tyres, paint, all in first-class condition. Price US$300. Address Box 3212, NCDN. -6045

1934 Ford V8 four-door sedan recently overhauled, in excellent condition, US$370. Telephone 51060. -6000

FORD 1930-31 two-door sedan, model "A", in excellent condition. Price US$225. Box 3187, NCDN. -5994

1932 Ford coupe in perfect condition, smart-looking, 5 balloon tyres, US$235. Telephone 50761. -6000

STANDARD 1933 convertible coupe. Excellent throughout. US$250 any offers. Telephone 14847 office hours. -6027

1931 Ford convertible coupe, engine and tyres in perfect condition, US$150. Telephone 14787 during office hours. 11943

1938 Baby Fiat, in good condition, for sale. Address Box 3155, NCDN. -5950

FORD V8, 1934. Closed sports, new paint and upholstery. Engine in perfect condition, for sale. Telephone 16731. -5718

CASH for used cars and trucks, Jenny's Motors. 177 Amiral Courbet. Telephone 73165. -4976

FORD V8 1934, four-door sedan. Excellent condition. US$400. Wolseley 1933, four-door sedan. Very economical. Perfect condition. US$310. Albert Motors, 95 Avenue du Roi Albert. Telephone 71230, 76662. -6014

PRIVATE-owned cars, trucks, reasonable prices, buying or selling, consult Auto Trading, 673 Szechuen Road, Telephone 17289, 19351. -5619

Chinese Servants

BRITISH family leaving China, recommend excellent cook/boy, hard worker, old style servant, wife available as wash-amah. Box 3257, NCDN. -6132

AMERICAN-recommended, excellent cook-boy. Clean, honest, speaks English, seeks position. Address Box 3260, NCDN. -6140

WANTED first-class wash-amah for two or three days per week. Good salary to the right person. Box 3190, NCDN. 11928

72782. General Employment Agency, Reliable cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs. Foreign management, Quick service. 1272 Avenue Joffre. -5728

Houses and Land

FOR SALE, land and houses. Mortgage on erecting buildings. Kirlian Realty Co., 106/6 Route Grouchy, telephone 78499, 73679. -5921

FOR SALE. On 20-year lease or land will be sold 2 semi-detached 5/6 roomed residences under construction Route Culty near Ferguson. Central heating, built-in furniture, complete fittings. $35,000 each. De Becker, 262/4 Hamilton House, Telephone 15633. 11841

WANTED to buy land about 2 mow with/without foreign style house, about 8 rooms, residential section, French Concession. Reply Box 3195, NCDN. -6007

Unfurnished Houses

PRETTY small residence, French Concession, two bedrooms, two baths, large living-room, glass-verandah, garden, available at once. Monthly rent US$35. Apply General Investment Co. 233 Nanking Road, Room 122. -6172

AVAILABLE immediately, 16-roomed house with all modern conveniences on Tenant de la Tour. No key-money. Agents: Asia Realty Company, 110 Szechuen Road, telephone 18770. 11974

TO LET immediately, first-class detached eight-roomed residence, steam-heating, with all conveniences, three bathrooms, garage, garden. Rent US$60. Fittings, etc. US$350. Western district, Owner leaving. Box 3208, NCDN. -6098

ENGLISH-styled residence on Avenue Haig, French Concession, with 12 big rooms, 4 bathrooms, central heating all, verandah, garage, servants' quarter, front and back garden. No key-money, reasonable rent. Apply Room 407, 133 Yuen Ming Yuen Road. -6028

Furnished Apartments

TO LET from May 1, for six months, five-roomed flat, all conveniences, refrigerator, US$45 monthly. Payment in advance. Telephone 72207, 10 a.m. -6167

TO LET, in apartment, two-roomed, furnished flat; bath and kitchen to share. View 12-6 p.m. 349/3 King Albert Apartments. -6110

TO LET, Fully-furnished, five-roomed apartment for four or five months. Petain district. Telephone 72645. 11966

FRENCH Concession, available for couple or two responsible, quiet bachelors, three-roomed, furnished apartment, all home comfort, garage. Telephone 78790. -6133

TO LET for six months, fully-furnished apartment, three large rooms, leading apartment building, French Concession, basic monthly rent, US$40. Box 3244, NCDN. -6100

FROM May 1, two-roomed apartment, box-room, bathroom, verandah, kitchen. Best residential section French Concession. Rent $150. Furniture and fittings $3,000 only. Box 3143, NCDN. -5928

TO LET, apartments, flats, houses, rooms, furnished/unfurnished. Shops, offices, godowns available immediately. 1272 Avenue Joffre. -5729

Unfurnished Apartments

FOUR-roomed apartment with two bathrooms, refrigerator. Occupation immediately. Shanghai Realty Co. 110 Szechuen Road, 5th floor, Room 52. -6170

TWO-roomed apartment with all conveniences. Settlement. Immediate occupation. Shanghai Realty Co., 110 Szechuen Road, 5th floor, Room 52. -6170

ONE-ROOMED apartment, bath, kitchen, steamheating, French Concession, rent $140 monthly. Apply General Investment Co., 233 Nanking Road, Room 122. -6172

TWO-roomed flat, bathroom and kitchen. Some furniture and fittings to be taken over, $1,500. Low rent, long lease. 855/2 Avenue Foch, top floor, corner Weihaiwei Road. -6066

TWO/three/five-roomed unfurnished apartments with kitchen, bathroom, garden, in newly-built house in best, quiet location, 2, 14 bus stops. Without key-money. To view daily 10-2. 94 Tunsin Road, House 5 or reply Box 3200, NCDN. for appointment. -6016

Furnished Houses

TO LET to responsible party (preferably discriminating bachelor or childless couple), attractively furnished six-roomed house, all modern conveniences, garden, use of tennis court, situated in western district. Monthly rent US$50, plus tax. Use of new motorcar if desired, on terms to be arranged. May also consider to sell furniture and give up house in exchange for nice small apartment. Box 3267, NCDN. -6155

TO LET, seven-roomed house, situated Route Maresca, furniture and fittings to be taken over. Apply New Central Trading Co., 2 Peking Road, Room 111. -6109

Dancing

PROFESSOR Waldemar, famous teacher in ballroom, ballet, tap dances, gives private-class lessons, 1272 Avenue Joffre. -5731

LAZARIDY FAMOUS NEGA VODKA SINCE 19

Medical

Dr. J. KASSOFF, M.D.
(New York and Berlin Clinics)
Specialist in
Urology and Skin Diseases
Hamilton House, Office 217
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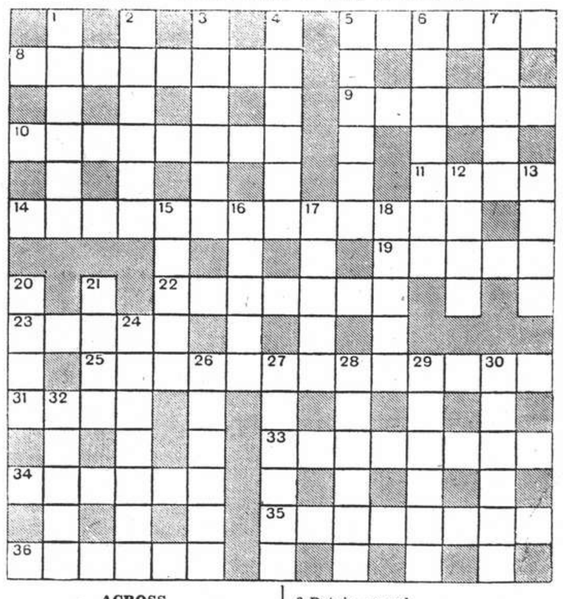

ACROSS

5 Would seem the right soldier for a night patrol
8 It can be seen to starboard as well of course
9 Would the taproom be an appropriate place for her?
10 A particular type of arm originates here
11 The first person on the first letter
14 What the Allies spent the first months of the war in
19 25 Across would seem to be a test of this
22 To do with the properties of some air?
23 It's quite likely on the cards, but from the present it had better be removed
25 Big Bertha from bow epitomises the development of this (two words)
31 It may end in bloom
33 Any woman would willingly seek cover in this (two words)
34 You have no doubt heard about the two gentlemen from here
35 Computed from keen cord
36 Flowing composition from a master

DOWN

1 Oh, in a horn product? But it's of excessively high degree (two words)
2 Put in accord
3 Not a hound of hell, but something to eat (two words)
4 Look for the S. Eastern bit of architecture
5 It features in many a hold-up
6 Tailless fish in another at the top of the bill (two words)
7 Not a matchless piece of villainy, probably
12 Monstrous association of king and soldiers
13 A last word in fit fellows
15 True of the baby at the font
16 A worker all lit up again, if upset
17 Part of the stipend owing
18 Sion would make it a raid
20 A noted composition?
21 What could make the Black Country white?
24 Attitude ends calm
26 To work for the establishment of a permanent body
27 Supply exhausted apparently (two words)
28 This counteracts the work of the bumper
29 Mathematical agent?
30 August appearances, this machine makes
32 Something nice in a theatre attraction

Y'DAY'S SOLUTION.—**ACROSS**: 1, Pillow-case; 6, Stub; 10, Sense; 11, Renascent; 12, Macerate; 13, Hotel; 15, Cutlass; 17, Maximum; 19, Nervous; 21, Coarsen, 22, Marat; 24, Platinum; 27, Courteous; 28, Swine; 29, Leek; 30, Messengers. **DOWN**: 1, Post; 2, Lancaster; 3, Obese; 4, Carcass; 5, Sunbeam; 7, Treat; 3, Battlement; 9, Asphyxia; 14, Economical; 16, Apostate; 18, Masculine; 20, Suppose; 21, Classes; 23, Route; 25, Ibsen; 26, Mess.